

江苏省镇江第一中学寒假学情检测

高二英语

2020.3

一、单项选择(每题 1 分, 共 40 分)

1. Michael Jackson's black jacket, which he wore on his first tour, _____ a high price of \$ 298, 000.
A. donated B. contributed C. fetched D. performed
2. _____ the city's contributions to improving habitat and urban environment, Xuzhou was awarded the "United Nation Habitat Award" in 2018.
A. In regard to B. In response to C. In recognition of D. In favor of
3. I really show my appreciation to my parents, under _____ financial umbrella I have started my own business.
A. which B. whom C. who D. whose
4. In the last 40 years since reform and opening-up, our science and technology has grown along with the economy, _____ China an innovation powerhouse with global influence.
A. made B. to make C. making D. has made
5. They held the concert _____ money for those suffering from the earthquake, which _____ 2000 lives.
A. to maintain; claimed B. to raise; claimed
C. to collect; killed D. to raise; kill
6. Nowadays, _____ to a famous primary school in some cities, children are forced to attend several training classes.
A. admitted B. admitting C. being admitted D. to be admitted
7. They haven't solved the problem yet. _____ she had listened to what he said!
A. Only if B. If only C. Even if D. As if
8. —Was he _____ when he got an A⁺ in the English exam?
—Absolutely! He even went to the cinema with his classmates to celebrate it.
A. on cloud nine B. hot under the collar C. down in the dumps D. as cool as a cucumber
9. The workers who _____ part in the construction of the Hong Kong-Zhuhai-Macao Bridge felt very proud upon its opening to traffic at 9a.m. Wednesday.
A. have taken B. were taking C. had taken D. would take
10. China insists that the relevant sides sit down and exchange views _____ breaking the deadlock to push ahead with trade talks.
A. in charge of B. with the assistance of C. in honour of D. with the intention of
11. Anyway, I can't cheat him—it's against all my _____.
A. emotions B. principles C. regulations D. opinions
12. —What do you think of your new teacher?
—Mr. White is a strict teacher, but _____ all the students in our class love and respect.
A. that B. the one C. who D. one
13. Buses have routes. They _____ and _____ people at different places on the routes.
A. take on; get off B. pick up; drop off
C. take up; take off D. pick out; drop out

- 14.No offence, but I want to say that the driver is not the one_____ for the accident.
 A. to be blamed B. blamed C. blaming D. to blame
- 15.He moved to the USA in the late 1630s and left a(n)_____ of his reason for his leaving.
 A. variety B. evidence C. quantity D. account
16. When you walk around or take any form of exercise, extra heat is produced inside your body, so any activity of this kind, no matter how leisurely, will_____ keeping you warm.
 A. subscribe to B. submit to C. contribute to D. stick to
- 17.People firmly believe it is_____ to die for national independence on the road of freedom than being slaves of life
 A. worth B. worthless C. worthwhile D. worthy
18. Under the pressure from society, Alice eventually_____ that she did not have the required qualifications and decided to quit the position.
 A. accelerated B. acknowledged C. addressed D. assumed
- 19.Whatever background you come from, you can be_____ successful with your hard work like others.
 A. merely B. equally C. mostly D. hardly
20. Nowadays,_____ going out to meet people in person, more and more young people feel like socializing with others via electronic devices.
 A. better than B. less than C. rather than D. more than
21. After_____ seemed two hours of waiting ,the candidates were finally informed of the result of the job interview.
 A. what B. it C. that D. one
- 22.Don't_____ too much work — the extra salary isn't worth it.
 A. take down B. take in C. take up D. take on
- 23.We have_____ search this building, because we acted_____ the UN.
 A. authority to ;under the authority of
 B. the authority to ;under authority of
 C. the authority to ;under the authority of D. authority to ;under authority of
- 24.Had electronic computers not been invented, many problems of space flight_____.
 A. could not have solved B. could not be solved
 C. can not have been solved D. could not have been solved
- 25.Nowadays, many young people_____ selflessness often talk a good game but have a hard time putting their words into action.
 A. lacking B. lacked C. lacking of D. lacked in
26. People often have the belief_____ a healthy environment and development cannot be possible at the same time, but this does not have to be true.
 A. that B. which C. where D. what
27. I don't mind_____ the decision as long as it is not too late.
 A. you to delay making B. your delaying making
 C. your delaying to make D. you delay to make
28. My elder brother wants to buy a_____ computer, so that he can carry it around when he travels.
 A. removable B. portable C. possible D. readable
29. Parents make many_____ for their children, which in turn creates children's further emotional dependence on

them.

- A. criteria B. sacrifices C. assessments D. regulations
30. Jack is late again. It is _____ of him to keep others waiting.
A. normal B. ordinary C. common D. typical
31. The written record of our conversation doesn't _____ what was actually said. There are a lot of mistakes.
A. correspond with B. relate to C. look into D. compare with
32. I would like to express my gratitude and _____ to those who are always giving me timely help and encouragement when I am in trouble.
A. permission B. expectation C. consideration D. appreciation
33. The headmaster is to _____ the students at the annual ceremony.
A. address B. argument C. debate D. remark
34. Following his nervous breakdown, he _____ public life and refused to give any interviews.
A. gave in B. broke away C. withdrew from D. let down
- 35.—Jason, you need to refresh yourself with a cup of coffee.
—Yeah, I went to bed very late last night, _____, early this morning.
A. rather than B. what's more C. or rather D. what's worse
36. In this letter, he is being very _____ about his dissatisfaction with the company.
A. explicit B. extraordinary C. extrovert D. evaluative
37. As Zhong Nanshan puts it, a surgical mask is enough _____ one uses it for daily protection.
A. unless B. before C. if D. since
38. The minister warned that any civil servant not at his desk faced immediate _____.
A. compensation B. abortion C. innovation D. suspension
39. With his diligent work _____ a high reputation across the world, Kobe's influence has expanded beyond the game of basketball.
A. to earn B. has earned C. earned D. earning
40. If we teach today's children with yesterday's _____ teaching method, we'll rob them of tomorrow.
A. confidential B. commercial C. conventional D. conditional

二、完形填空(每题 1.5 分, 共 30 分)

I had a rocky start to life. My mum brought me up as a single parent. School was a 41 experience. I was troublesome and 42 teachers in lessons.

At 14, I was 43 out of school. My mum took me to the Caribbean, where my grandparents lived. It turned out to be a good experience for me: I returned to school and became 44. It was a kick up the backside (警醒) to see a different culture. I returned to the UK after two years and 45 applied to study in a college.

It was then that I knew I really had to 46 and avoid getting into trouble. One day, a college tutor told me he felt I had 47 and told me not to waste it. He was the first teacher to 48 me. He gave me a self-development book that explored 49. From there I started reading all sorts of self-development books and watching 50 speakers.

I 51 studying business and marketing at Manchester Metropolitan University. I realised I could stay out of 52 and make money, and it made me 53 to start my own business.

I received a 54 of £2,000 and business support from the Prince's Trust to help me set up a sportswear business. I also 55. We shine together, a social enterprise that provides training programmes to help people from 56 communities gain qualifications. I'm also a motivational speaker and regularly 57 my story at schools and colleges around Birmingham.

I like to 58 in myself and regularly buy self-development books and go on courses. I feel like I've 59 my life massively. 60 I was kicked out of school, I knew what I wanted in life. I always had that kind of courage and determination in me.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| 41. A. pleasant | B. shared | C. negative | D. rewarding |
| 42. A. assisted | B. challenged | C. defended | D. monitored |
| 43. A. kicked | B. helped | C. freed | D. scared |
| 44. A. arbitrary | B. intelligent | C. aggressive | D. disciplined |
| 45. A. successfully | B. temporarily | C. previously | D. unrealistically |
| 46. A. relax | B. focus | C. hide | D. suffer |
| 47. A. money | B. time | C. sympathy | D. potential |
| 48. A. doubt | B. trust | C. bless | D. warn |
| 49. A. nature | B. culture | C. business | D. education |
| 50. A. fragile | B. desperate | C. tricky | D. inspiring |
| 51. A. ended up | B. gave up | C. objected to | D. stuck to |
| 52. A. order | B. sight | C. trouble | D. hand |
| 53. A. hesitant | B. disappointed | C. determined | D. reluctant |
| 54. A. deposit | B. pension | C. revenue | D. grant |
| 55. A. praise | B. avoid | C. run | D. shut |
| 56. A. wealthy | B. civilized | C. disadvantaged | D. harmonious |
| 57. A. publish | B. share | C. read | D. invent |
| 58. A. invest | B. take | C. trade | D. interfere |
| 59. A. shrank from | B. turned around | C. broke down | D. messed up |
| 60. A. Before | B. Unless | C. As if | D. Even though |

三、阅读理解(每题 2 分, 共 40 分)

A

Take Action for a Better World: Volunteers Needed

Six months' preparation in Denmark: Africa studies, team work combined with social work with risk group teenagers.

Six months' community work in Malawi in *People to People Projects*: Child Aid, HIV / AIDS. Fights and Teacher Training.

Qualifications: 18 years, hard working and social engagement.

Please contact us by e-mail: takeaction@betterworld.com.

Part-time work with Exchange Students

YOUTH International is a non-profit high school foreign exchange students organization. We welcome teenagers from over 80 countries worldwide and provide host families. The community Representative(社区代表) is a part-time position designed for people with a strong desire to do something rewarding in the community and earn some extra money.

Applicants best suited for this work should enjoy teenagers, have a strong interest in cross-cultural communication and feel comfortable networking. Full training and support will be provided through branch offices throughout the US. Positions available in most states.

If interested, please email staff@youth.org or call 888—123—9872.

International Summer Job

Hi, I'm an ESL student in China. I'm 20, quiet and polite, and I speak reasonable English. I'm looking for a summer job in an English-speaking country. I can teach Chinese or do house and garden work and cook Chinese dishes. Can anybody offer me a job? I don't need to earn much, just enough in two months (July --- August) to pay for my return ticket to China. My goal is to improve my English and see a bit more of the world.

My email is: ram3462@hotmail.com.

Call for Native Speaker of English

I am looking for native speakers of English to join in an experiment. This experiment is carried out over the Internet. You don't need any specific knowledge other than understanding and speaking English at a native level. The first task will take you around 15 minutes. After this task, you can decide whether you want to continue the experiment. The tasks involve reading texts and designing questions and answers.

If you are willing to help me, then please email us: club3864@hotmail.com

61. Who is suitable to work as a Community Representative in YOUTH International?
- A. One who enjoys working with teenagers from different countries.
 - B. One who hopes to take action in fighting against diseases.
 - C. One who has a strong desire to improve his or her English.
 - D. One who wants to earn some pocket money in the program.
62. Where will Jack, a volunteer, receive the training before he is sent to work in Malawi?
- A. In some local offices in the US.
 - B. In an ESL organization in China.
 - C. In a preparation program in Demark.
 - D. In an exchange student center in Africa.
63. If Mrs. Black in the US hopes to learn some Chinese at home, she may contact _____.
- A. takeaction@betterworld.com
 - B. ram3462@hotmail.com
 - C. club3864@hotmail.com
 - D. staff@youth.org
64. What are volunteers for an experiment over the Internet supposed to do?
- A. To interview people online.
 - B. To do some house work.
 - C. To offer advice on Child Aid
 - D. To provide language exercises.

B

In times of economic crisis, Americans turn to their families for support. We may see fewer couples broke up during the Great Depression. But this won't necessarily represent an increase in happy marriages. In the long run, the Depression weakened American families, and the current crisis will probably do the same.

We tend to think of the Depression as a time when families stayed together to survive huge job losses. By 1932, when nearly one-quarter of the workforce was unemployed, the divorce rate had declined by around 25% from 1929. But this doesn't mean people were suddenly happier with their marriages. Rather, with incomes decreasing and insecure jobs, unhappy couples often couldn't afford to divorce. They feared neither of them could manage alone.

Today, considering the job losses of the past year, fewer unhappy couples will risk starting separate families. After financial disasters family members also tend to do whatever they can to help each other and their communities. A 1940 book, *The Unemployed Man and His Family*, described a family in which the husband initially reacted to losing his job "with tireless search for work." He was always active, looking for part-time jobs to do.

For some, the hardships of life without steady work eventually overwhelmed their attempts to keep their families together. The divorce rate rose again during the rest of the decade as the recovery took hold. Millions of American families may now be in the initial stage of their responses to the current crisis, working together and supporting one another through the early months of unemployment.

Today's economic crisis could well lead to a similar number of couples whose relationships have been irreparably (不能挽回的) ruined. So it's only when the economy is healthy again that we'll begin to see just how many broken families have been created.

65. In the initial stage, the current economic crisis is likely to _____.

- A. cause many troubled families to separate
- B. contribute to stronger family ties
- C. cause a lot of conflicts in the family
- D. bring about a drop in the divorce rate

66. In the Great Depression many unhappy couples chose to stay together because _____.

- A. starting a new family would be hard
- B. they expected things would turn better
- C. living separately would be too costly
- D. they wanted to better protect their kids

67. What can be inferred from the last paragraph?

- A. The economic recovery will see a higher divorce rate
- B. Few couples can stand the test of economic hardships
- C. A stable family is the best protection against poverty.
- D. Money is the foundation of many a happy marriage

C

Today, we complete our story about the influential English writer William Shakespeare. He wrote plays and poems during the late fifteenth and early sixteenth centuries, which remain very popular today.

During earlier times, people would probably have learned several ancient Roman and Greek plays. It was not unusual for writers to produce more current versions of these works. For example, in Shakespeare's play *The Comedy of Errors* Shakespeare borrowed certain details from the ancient Roman writer Plautus. For his play *Macbeth*, Shakespeare most likely used a work on Scottish history by Raphael Holinshed for information. Shakespeare might have borrowed from other writers, but the intensity (强度) of his imagination and language made the plays his own. While many plays by other writers of his time have been forgotten, Shakespeare and his

art live on.

Shakespeare was also influenced by the world around him. He described the sights and sounds of London in his plays. His works include observations about political struggles, the fear of diseases, and the popular language of the city's tradesmen. Shakespeare's knowledge of the English countryside is also clear. His works include descriptions of deep forests, local flowers, and the ancient popular traditions of rural people.

It would be impossible to list all of the ways in which Shakespeare's works have influenced the world culture. But the first and greatest example would be his great influence on the English language. During his time, the English language was changing. Many new words from other languages were being added. Shakespeare used his sharp mind and poetic inventiveness to create hundreds of new words and rework old ones. For example, he created the noun forms of "critic", "mountaineer" and "eyeball". Many common expressions in English come from his plays, including "pomp and circumstance(装腔作势)" from *Othello*, "full circle(绕圈子地)" from *King Lear*, etc. The list of cultural creations influenced by Shakespeare is almost endless. From paintings to television to music and dance, Shakespeare was well represented. Shakespeare's plays have been translated into every major language in the world.

Shakespeare became a well-known writer during a golden age of theater. His years of hard work paid off.

68. What can we infer from the passage?

- A. Many of Shakespeare's works were influenced by earlier writings.
- B. Shakespeare was hardworking when he was a student.
- C. The experience of living in London helped a lot with Shakespeare's works.
- D. Shakespeare became rich later because of the popularity of his works.

69. Shakespeare might have learnt some information from ancient Roman works in _____.

- A. King Lear
- B. The Comedy of Errors
- C. Macbeth
- D. Othello

70. The passage is mainly about _____.

- A. an introduction to Shakespeare's life and his works
- B. the main features and styles of Shakespeare's plays
- C. how culture influenced Shakespeare and he influenced culture.
- D. Shakespeare's greatest influence on the world culture.

D

Attitude is an internal (内在的) state that influences the choices of personal action made by the individual. Some researchers consider that attitudes come from differences between beliefs and ideas: others believe that attitudes come from emotional states. Here, we focus on the effects of attitudes upon behavior, that is, upon the choices of action made by the individual.

The kinds of actions taken by human beings are obviously influenced greatly by attitude. Whether one listens to classical music or rock, whether one obeys the speed limit while driving, whether one encourages one's husband or wife to express his or her own ideas—all are influenced by attitudes. These internal states are acquired throughout life from situations one is faced with in the home, in the streets, and in the school.

Of course, the course of action chosen by an individual in any situation will be largely determined by the particulars of that situation. An individual who has a strong attitude of obeying laws may drive too fast when he is in a hurry and no police cars in sight. A child who has a strong attitude of honesty may steal a penny when she thinks no one will notice. But the internal state which remains unchanged over a period of time, and which makes

the individual behave regularly in a variety of situations, is what is meant by an attitude.

Attitudes are learned in a variety of ways. They can result from single incidents, as when an attitude toward snakes is acquired by an experience in childhood at the sudden movement of a snake. They can result from the individual's experiences of success and pleasure, as when someone acquires a positive attitude toward doing crossword puzzles by being able to complete some of them, and frequently, they are learned by copying other people's behavior, as when a child learns how to behave toward foreigners by observing the actions of his parents. Regardless of these differences, there is something in common in the learning and modification(修正) of attitudes.

71. According to the passage, attitudes _____.
- A. come from different situations in one's life B. are largely affected by one's behavior
C. remain unchanged in one's daily life D. could be chosen according to one's will
72. The author uses the examples in Paragraph 3 to show _____.
- A. people often make mistakes when they are not noticed
B. people with good attitudes may sometimes do bad deeds
C. particulars of a situation may influence an individual's action
D. an individual may change his or her attitude fairly easily
73. Which of the following is TRUE about the learning of attitudes?
- A. Attitudes are only learned through one's success.
B. Attitudes learned in danger will last longer.
C. Copying others behavior is not a good idea.
D. Attitudes can be learned from one's parents.
74. What would be the best title for the passage?
- A. Differences of Attitudes B. Nature of Attitude.
C. Choices of Attitudes. D. Modification of Attitude.

E

For me, Christmas was always complicated. As a child, it was joyful, yet a bit bittersweet. On the one hand, there was my Scottish mother, who went all-out for tradition. On the other hand, there was my Bengali (孟加拉) father. He was a reluctant participant in our Christmas celebration.

To five-year-old me, the idea that someone might not love Christmas was unbelievable. It was years before I realised that my father's own childhood had been a Santa-free zone. I was vaguely aware of the Bengali equivalent (等同物) to Christmas. Every September or October, airmail parcels would arrive, and ambitious plans were hatched to acquire syrupy cottage cheese dumplings. But for me this was an addition to 25 December, not a substitution.

Matters were further complicated by my father's job. After going to medical school in Kolkata, he had got a posting as a junior doctor at a hospital in Glasgow, where he met my mother, a nurse. (She gave up work after having children.) He often had to work on Christmas Day, which would make Mum angry. My sister and I were largely unaware of this tension, thrilled to go to work with Dad and see actual Santa visiting sick children on the wards.

As the years went by, though, my father began to accept Christmas. He was promoted to consultant, so he didn't have to work on the day. Everyone was joyful. Somehow, the more Dad engaged with Christmas, the more I

disliked it. It was as if happy atmosphere was one of the infectious diseases he specialised in --- I had caught a terminal case, while he had gone on to make a full recovery.

Things probably became worse in adulthood by the fact that bad events had a habit of happening to me at Christmas: losing a job, a breakup, a health emergency. My symptoms worsened and I gave up on sending cards or putting up decorations.

But then, one day everything changed. In October 2012, my father died. He had been in good health; nothing could have prepared us for such a loss. I have no memory of Christmas that year, except that it was the worst of my life.

During that period, one of the only things that kept me sane (理智的) was weekly choir (唱诗班) practice. However, as anyone who has ever been in a choir knows, Christmas is non-negotiable.

So I dragged myself out on that freezing night. The lights were sparkling; London had never looked so beautiful. I was totally lost in the music, so I started dancing, laughing and doing jazz hands, carrying on like the naughty 15-year-old chorister I had been at school.

It was then that a woman approached me. "Hi," she faltered (支吾), "You were wonderful up there---I wanted to thank you." I made a joke about how we didn't sound as out of tune as normal, but she shook her head. "No, I wanted to thank you." I couldn't think what she meant. "Things aren't so good for me at the moment," she told me.

I looked at her more closely. What I saw in the woman's watery blue eyes was grief. It dawned on me then that while I missed my father very much, the loss had come after 48 years of his devoted attention. What I had was a rare gift. Because of it, I would find my way back to myself. Not everyone was that lucky.

But the woman was still talking. "Seeing you up there having such a good time, it made me realise I've forgotten how to enjoy myself." She made a show of jazz hands: "I'm going to remember to do this."

Six years on, I am the one buying wrapping paper in July and making my own Christmas cards. It might sound strange, but that generous conversation somehow gave me permission to get back to the serious business of enjoying life---and Christmas. Not only was it what my father would have wanted, but doing so could have a positive impact on others---even perfect strangers.

75. Christmas was complicated for the author as a child because _____.

- A. it was celebrated at a different time
- B. her parents couldn't afford decorations
- C. her parents had their own social customs
- D. it was reduced to being abandoned in his family

76. What was to blame for the author's tense parental relationship at Christmas?

- A. Mum's loss of job.
- B. A junior doctor's workload.
- C. Dad's absence from Christmas.
- D. Children's curiosity about Santa.

77. Why did the author have a negative feeling towards Christmas in her youth?

- A. Her father's change touched her.
- B. She matured and lost interest in it.
- C. She was infected with an incurable disease.
- D. Her misfortunes always came with Christmas.

78. What does the author mean by saying "Christmas is non-negotiable" in Paragraph 7? .

- A. She changed her attitude towards Christmas.
- B. She was fascinated with the merry atmosphere.
- C. Her father's sudden death was a heavy blow to her.
- D. She had to join in the celebration as a choir member.

79. Why was the woman grateful to the author?

- A. She was inspired by the author.
- B. The author made her feel lucky.
- C. The author taught her how to dance.
- D. They were both in the same situation.

80. What can be learned from the last paragraph?

- A. The woman's remarks helped the author regain passion for life.
- B. The author makes Christmas gifts with paper to make a living.
- C. The author fails to live up to her father's high expectations.
- D. Positive mind made little difference to people's well-being.

四、七选五(每题 2 分, 共 10 分)

The Importance of Pets

Here I want to talk about the many benefits of having a pet. Even though having one means additional cleaning, spending, doctor appointments and time, there are many rewards which can be taken from the whole experience when you decide to get a pet. _____ 81 _____

1. Responsibility.

When you get a pet, the life or death of another being will be in your hands and this will make you a more responsible person. _____ 82 _____ Having a pet makes a person more responsible, and the level of devotion and care of the owner will clearly reflect on their pet.

2. Managing time.

Having a pet is not something that you can do without giving it a large amount of your time. This usually means that sometimes you will have to make some changes to your schedule, which will put your time managing skills to the test. _____ 83 _____

3. Nurturing.

One of the best benefits of having a pet is that you will understand living beings have needs and that these needs have to be met. You will become a more nurturing and caring person and this will most likely influence other aspects of your life. _____ 84 _____ They are very caring and loving of the living creatures around them.

4. Learning about life.

It is very important for people to know that nothing is everlasting and that both humans and animals live and die. Having a pet helps people understand the cycle of life and how everything we have will end someday. Dealing with life and death is one of the most difficult tasks in life. _____ 85 _____

So these are some of the most important reasons why I believe everyone should have a pet at least once in their life time. So if you have been thinking about buying a pet for you and your family and you have the time and money available then you should absolutely get one, it is almost certain that you will not regret it!

- A. So what are the reasons why having a pet is so beneficial?
- B. It is no surprise that many great parents are also great pet owners
- C. I think that one of the most delightful experiences in life is to own a pet.
- D. Owning a pet prepares individuals to deal with the hard emotional events in life.
- E. To be a good pet owner, you will need to always keep a watchful eye on your pet.

- F. An animal which you take care of by yourself is an almost never ending source of joy.
G. Having a pet and getting organized around it is a good exercise to develop such abilities.

五、短文填空(每题 1.5 分, 共 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入一个适当的单词或用括号内单词的正确形式填空, 使整个文段句意完整, 语法正确。

The Internet is an amazing information resource. Students, teachers, and researchers use it as 86 investigative tool. Journalists use it to find information for stories. Doctors use it to learn more about unfamiliar diseases and the 87 (late) medical development. Ordinary people use it for shopping, banking, bill-paying, and communicating with family and friends. People all over the world use it to connect with individuals from 88 (vary) cultures. However, 89 there are many positive developments 90 (associate) with the Internet, there are also certain fears and concerns. 91 concern relates to a lack of control over 92 appears on the Internet. With television and radio there are editors to check the accuracy or appropriateness of the content of programs, and with television there are 93 (restrict) on what kinds of programs can 94 (broadcast) and at what times of the day. With the Internet, parents cannot check a published guide to determine what is suitable 95 their children to see.

六、单词拼写: 15 题(每题 1 分, 共 15 分)

96. Although I have much belief in him, I don't believe this story. He is always telling us u_____ things.
97. They asked me to c_____ their sincere apology to you and promised to replace these rollers by new ones.
98. --- John has got a fever these days, and he doesn't want to see a doctor
--How can he think so? Fever is a s_____ of many illnesses.
99. The company is looking to produce a new mobile phone in large q_____.
100. Can you r_____ a good restaurant for dinner?
101. Don't be too positive, for the success is merely based on the a_____ that everything goes smoothly.
102. The Internet provides people with a_____ information, from stock prices, news pages to leisure reading.
103. This is an entirely computer operated system which is very u_____ with a simple and clear interface(界面).
104. The nurse w_____ (缠绕) a bandage around my finger so that bleeding could be stopped.
105. The processing and assembling business is a _____ (组成部分) of our foreign trade.
106. He was lucky that the bullet hadn't entered a vital _____ (器官) when he covered 25, 000 li in the Long March.
107. He succeeded in doing a _____ (复杂的) and difficult business deal.
108. The general issued a _____ (命令) that all of them should come at six o'clock.
109. One of the world's most beautiful _____ (大街) is the Champs Elysees in Paris.
110. A friend asked me recently, "how can someone be _____ (怀疑的) about GM and yet also believe in climate change? "