

六盘水市 2020 年高三适应性考试（一）

英 语

2020 年 3 月

本试卷满分 120 分。考试用时 100 分钟。

注意事项：

1. 答题前，考生务必将自己的姓名、考号、座位号填写在答题卡上。考生要认真核对答题卡上粘贴的条形码的“姓名、考号、考试科目”与考生本人姓名、考号是否一致。
2. 选择题：每小题选出答案后，用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑，如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其它答案标号。
- 非选择题：用黑色墨水签字笔在答题卡上书写作答。在试题卷上作答，答案无效。
3. 请保持答题卡平整，不能折叠。考试结束，监考员将试卷、答题卡一并收回。

第一部分 阅读理解（共两节，满分 40 分）

第一节（共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 30 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的四个选项（A、B、C 和 D）中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

A

While traveling to a foreign land, or perhaps across the state, aren't you looking for something a little more adventurous, more luxurious (豪华), and packed with facilities (设施) that you don't have at home?

Treehotel, Sweden

It was perhaps everybody's childhood dream to be able to have their own tree house. Now you can sleep in a specifically made hotel suite built atop a tree in the Harads Municipality in Sweden. The most unique rooms are the Bird's Nest, a room exactly shaped like a bird nest; the Mirror Cube, a hide-out with reflective outside walls. The rate of each room starts from about \$800 per night.

The Manta Resort, Tanzania

The Manta Resort in Tanzania is one of the world's only hotels with rooms placed below the surface of the ocean. By opening the curtains of your windows, you'll be able to see hundreds of fish swimming peacefully around your room. Want to go for a swim? Climb out of your room and jump in the clear waters! For only \$250 a night, you, too, can sleep with the fishes.

Book and Bed, Japan

Reading before sleeping is something that many people do. Book and Bed, a 30-room hotel in the heart of Tokyo takes advantage of this by conveniently placing a lot of books in shelves

just an arm's reach away from your bed. The rooms at this hotel are small enough for a single adult. Reading yourself to sleep in one of their comfortable rooms will cost only about \$40 a night.

Tianzi Hotel, China

The largest image hotel in the world is the Tianzi Hotel in Hebei Province, China. The hotel is a description of the three ancient Chinese gods of Fu, Lu, and Shou—the god of fortune, prosperity, and longevity, respectively. To enter it, simply open the door located in Shou's foot. The peach resting in the God of Longevity's left hand is a one-bedroom suite with a perfect view of the busy city. Rates at the Tianzi Hotel start as cheap as \$11 a night.

1. What can we know about Treehotel?

- A. It is made of wood.
- B. It is made on a tree.
- C. It is called the Mirror Cube.
- D. It is named after a bird nest.

2. What can we do in the Manta Resort?

- A. Live in the Bird's Nest.
- B. Swim in the ocean.
- C. Read before sleep.
- D. Enjoy the busy city.

3. Which hotel most probably has the smallest room?

- A. Treehotel.
- B. The Manta Resort.
- C. Book and Bed.
- D. Tianzi Hotel.

B

Probably no other musical instrument is as popular as the guitar. Musicians use the guitar for almost every kind of music. Country and western music would not be the same without a guitar. The traditional Spanish folk music called Flamenco could not exist without a guitar. The sound of American blues music would not be the same without the sad cry of the guitar. And rock and roll music would almost be impossible without this instrument.

Some music experts say an instrument very much like a guitar was played in Egypt more than one thousand years ago. Some other experts say that the ancestor of the modern guitar was brought to Spain from Persia sometime in the twelfth century. The guitar continued to develop in Spain. In the 1700s, it became similar to the instrument we know today.

Many famous musicians played the instrument. The famous Italian violinist Niccolò Paganini played and wrote music for the guitar in the early 1800s. Franz Schubert used the guitar to write some of his famous works. One kind of music for the guitar developed in the southern area of Spain called Adalusia. It will always be strongly linked with the Spanish guitar. It is called Flamenco.

In the 1930s, Les Paul began experimenting with ways to make an electric guitar. He invented the solid body electric guitar in 1946. The guitar has always been important to blues music. With the electric guitar, Les Paul helped make modern blues music possible. There have been many great blues guitarists. Yet, music experts say all blues guitar players are measured against one man and his famous guitar. That man is B. B. King. Every blues fan knows that years ago B. B. King named his guitar Lucille. Here B. B. King plays Lucille on his famous recording of "The Thrill Is Gone". Lucille, B. B. King's large, beautiful black guitar, is important to American music. Visitors can see King's very first guitar at the Rock and Soul Museum in Memphis, Tennessee. The museum is the only permanent exhibit organized by the Smithsonian Institution outside Washington, D. C., and New York City.

4. Where did the modern guitar finally come into being?
 A. Egypt. B. Spain. C. Persia. D. Italy.
5. What do we know about Flamenco?
 A. It is the name of a famous musician. B. It is related to Spanish guitar.
 C. It is also called Adalusia. D. It is the name of a guitar.
6. What does the last paragraph mainly tell us?
 A. The electric guitar promoted the development of the blues.
 B. The musician B. B. King named his guitar Lucille.
 C. The Rock and Soul Museum first opened in Memphis.
 D. The exhibit was first organized by the Smithsonian Institution.
7. What would be the best title for this passage?
 A. Traditional Folk Music B. Flamenco and Guitar
 C. Violinist and Blues D. Guitar and Music

C

History can be found at every turn, and every corner, as you walk the streets of this architectural marvel of a city, and at Powis Place and Fraser Studios you are just a short 15-minute walk away from one of the oldest universities in the country. Links can be found to The University of Aberdeen as far back as 1495, with a beautiful medieval (中世纪的) campus to back up its claims.

It makes it the fifth oldest university in the whole of the UK, and as a result it has always been a well-regarded higher education establishment. It has been voted the Scottish University of 2019 and is ranked in the Top 30 Universities in the UK in 2019. It attracts people from all over the UK and abroad. With distance learning choices, it is an attractive proposition to many students. The Sir Duncan Rice Library has perfect views of the entire city and beaches, and the university has one of the largest medical campuses in the whole of Europe.

Aberdeen University Students' Association (AUSA) is home to over 150 societies and hundreds of activities relating to those societies. It ensures that whatever you are interested in you are well served when moving to the city as a student. It is a fantastic way to meet and make new friends with people from all over the world. Within the Union there is a café and a shop, with many food outlets providing daily refreshments (茶点) during breaks between lectures and study. There are also plenty of volunteering and training opportunities to take part in, whether you are looking for a hobby, to help others, to present your CV, or all of the above.

The University of Aberdeen certainly holds some reputations, home to five previous Nobel Prize winners, an internationally-focused university in teaching and research, and even its very own tartan created in 1992 to celebrate the university's 500th anniversary.

8. When was the University of Aberdeen first built?
 A. 2019. B. 1992. C. 1495. D. 500.
9. What does the underlined words "proposition" most probably mean?
 A. choice B. preparation
 C. building D. history

10. What can we know about Aberdeen University?

- A. Five scientists won the Nobel Prize in 2019.
- B. It gained the Scottish University of 2019.
- C. It has the largest medical campus in the world.
- D. It is the 30th biggest university in Europe.

11. What can we do in the Sir Duncan Rice Library?

- A. Join AUSA for over 150 societies.
- B. Get volunteering opportunities.
- C. Receive distance learning.
- D. Enjoy the whole city and beaches.

D

In a study of young people in the UK aged 12-20, half of them said they had been bullied (欺凌). People who are bullied are more likely to suffer from depression and anxiety. They might lose interest in the activities they enjoy, avoid spending time with other people and not go to classes or school, which has a negative effect on their learning.

Bullying is not just physical, like hitting or kicking someone, or taking their things without permission. Bullying can also be with words—saying or writing things that are not nice. Another type of bullying is social—choosing not to include someone, embarrassing someone or telling other people not to be friends with them. Bullying can happen at school, on public transport, when you're walking home, online In fact, it can happen anywhere.

Bullying usually involves more people than you think. There are the people who bully and those who are bullied. Sometimes other people help the bully or join in. Then there are the kids that support—they don't bully anyone directly, but they support the bullying by being audience. They laugh or encourage the children who are bullying in other ways. This is why it's important for everyone to work together against bullying. Some children see what is happening and want to help, although they don't know how. Others may comfort and defend the person being bullied. To stop bullying we need everyone to be brave and take a stand.

Does your school do anything to prevent bullying? Why don't you create a student anti-bullying group? This group can do many things. Let the head teacher know how well the school is doing with fighting bullying and give them advice. Choose an anti-bullying slogan for your school, make posters and displays or take over the school's social media for a week to send out anti-bullying messages.

Bullying is a social problem and it needs a solution from society—in other words, everyone. Next time you see someone being cruel to someone else, take a stand! Don't laugh or ignore what's happening—tell an adult as soon as possible and help everyone to realize that bullying is not OK.

12. What happens to the students when they were school-bullied?

- A. They have interest in the activities.
- B. They are likely to talk with people.
- C. They have to finish their learning.
- D. They become upset and anxious.

第二部分 英语知识运用 (共两节, 满分 45 分)

第一节 完形填空 (共 20 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文。从短文后各题所给的四个选项 (A、B、C 和 D) 中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Ice and snow knocked at the window of the office where I was working. As the wind howled (呼啸), I 21 how I would get home. The 12-mile 22 took me up and down 23 hills and around dangerous turns. I whispered a prayer for 24.

Luckily, my 25 green car was doing 26 over the ice-covered roadway. However, as I drove onto one of the steepest and scariest hills, I noticed the tires were 27, and my trusty SUV was having difficulty climbing the hill.

I decided it was time to 28 to four-wheel drive. I pulled the lever (操纵杆) back, just like my husband had 29 me. Slowly the tires grasped the road, and the top of the hill came within 30.

Unfortunately, at the top, the 31 just stopped. I pushed and pulled the lever—nothing happened. I was 32, with snow and ice flying.

Now what? Even though I had 33 no one on this lonely stretch of road, I 34 prayed that someone might come to help. After a few minutes, I 35 an old, rattling (咯咯作响) pickup truck. A smiling young man I'd never seen before in our small rural community rolled down his 36 and asked if I needed help. I answered him that I did. He stepped into my car under the 37 condition and showed me how to 38 the four-wheel-drive shifting gear, locking it into place.

In no time, I had the old car 39 toward home. When I thanked the 40 and asked if he lived around the area, he just said, "Oh, over there." Do I believe in miracles? Of course!

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|------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 21. A. mentioned | B. wondered | C. discovered | D. explained |
| 22. A. roadway | B. highway | C. sidewalk | D. railway |
| 23. A. beautiful | B. real | C. interesting | D. steep |
| 24. A. wealth | B. health | C. safety | D. satisfaction |
| 25. A. new | B. old | C. lovely | D. expensive |
| 26. A. much | B. badly | C. again | D. well |
| 27. A. slipping | B. disappearing | C. growing | D. changing |
| 28. A. belong | B. compare | C. switch | D. reply |
| 29. A. wished | B. threatened | C. awarded | D. taught |
| 30. A. heart | B. mind | C. sight | D. hearing |
| 31. A. vehicle | B. snow | C. wind | D. road |
| 32. A. stuck | B. moved | C. protected | D. inspired |
| 33. A. brought | B. called | C. met | D. hurt |
| 34. A. excitedly | B. silently | C. confidently | D. proudly |
| 35. A. created | B. called | C. repaired | D. spotted |
| 36. A. door | B. lever | C. window | D. wheel |
| 37. A. distant | B. different | C. gentle | D. wintery |
| 38. A. control | B. destroy | C. remove | D. introduce |
| 39. A. pointing | B. moving | C. marching | D. dropping |
| 40. A. relative | B. friend | C. enemy | D. stranger |

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面材料, 在空白处填入适当的内容 (1 个单词) 或括号内单词的正确形式。

The Contemporary Museum of Calligraphy (书法) contains more than 200 art pieces including Arabic, Chinese, 41 (Europe), Indian, Japanese and Slavic calligraphic works.

“One of the most interesting 42 (item) in the museum is a book of calligraphic work on the 36 military tactics (战术) applied during wars in ancient China,” Alexey Shaburov, founder and keeper of the museum, 43 (tell) a group of reporters from China on November 24.

The giant book is exhibited in a large glass case. Shaburov took it out to show some of 44 (it) content. Each tactic, 45 is usually expressed in four Chinese characters, is written on one page and accompanied by a Russian translation on another page. The tactics represent the 46 (wise) of Chinese people. They are not only useful on the battlefield 47 also for business and personal life.

He said he became crazy about calligraphy, so he decided 48 (establish) a calligraphic museum in Moscow. The museum has played 49 important role in promoting calligraphy in Russia. “Calligraphy wasn’t seen as an art form in Russia. But this year, some of the artworks from our museum were made a part of the non-public section of the Russian museum collection,” Shaburov said, 50 (add) that this means that calligraphic works are acknowledged as cultural heritage and will be protected in Russia.

第三部分 写作 (共两节, 满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文, 请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处错误, 每句中最多有两处。错误涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加: 在缺词处加一个漏字符号 (∧), 并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用斜线 (\) 划掉。

修改: 在错的词下划一横线, 并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意: 1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处, 多者 (从第 11 处起) 不计分。

Dear Sir/Madam,

I heartedly want to be a volunteer of yours. Here is something about you. I am a student who will graduate senior high school. I always regard my class as our family or sacrifice my personally interests whenever necessary. Besides take an active part in class activities, I work responsibly to build up a good reputation for the team. I respected all the people around me and I’m always willing to give a hand to those in need. I’m strict in myself, making every effort to achieve an all-round development. In time of difficult, I always keep strong-minded.

In addition, I am good at English both in speaking and in writing. I was in an American host family for 20 days in the summer camp and know how to get along well with foreigners.

Looking forward to your early reply.

Sincerely yours,

Li Hua

