

姓名：\_\_\_\_\_ 班级：\_\_\_\_\_

### 一、听力

1. What do we know about the weather?  
A. It's cold.      B. It's warm.      C. It's cool.
2. What does the man mean?  
A. His wife likes watching CCTV5.  
B. His wife's tears are really exciting.  
C. The programs often make his wife very excited.
3. Who will be taken there?  
A. Alice.              B. Jack.              C. Eric.
4. What can we learn from the conversation?  
A. Linda left here half a year ago.  
B. The woman has covered a long way.  
C. Linda has lived here for half a year.
5. How does the woman probably feel?  
A. Regretful.          B. Happy.          C. Disappointed.

### 第二节

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6 至 8 题。

6. What's the relationship between the two speakers?  
A. Waiter and customer.      B. Passenger and conductor.      C. Shop assistant and customer.
7. What does the woman prefer?  
A. Wool gloves.              B. Leather gloves.              C. Fur gloves.
8. What can we know about the woman?  
A. The woman bought a pair of gloves.      B. The woman didn't buy anything.  
C. The woman bought a pair of glasses.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 9 至 11 题。

9. What are the speakers talking about?  
A. A basketball match.      B. A football match.      C. A volleyball match.
10. Who scored all the goals?  
A. Rudolf.              B. Steven.              C. Geoff.
11. Why didn't the man score any goals?  
A. He didn't enter the game.      B. His ankle was hurt.  
C. He was a new member.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 12 至 14 题。

12. What should the girl do first before she goes out to play?  
A. Housework.              B. Homework.              C. Nothing.
13. What does the girl want to do?  
A. Clean the bathroom and the toilet.      B. Scrub the bathtub.      C. Clean the family room.
14. What's the man's work?  
A. Cleaning rooms.              B. Cleaning the yard.      C. Preparing lunch.

听第 9 段材料，回答第 15 至 17 题。

15. What's the man's unpleasant situation?  
A. He wonders whether to go to New Zealand or not.      B. He couldn't get the scholarship.

C. His girl friend wants to break up with him.

16. Why didn't the woman accept the job in Thailand?

A. She didn't like the job.      B. She didn't like Thailand.      C. Her husband didn't like the idea.

17. What did the woman advise the man to do?

A. He should give up the idea.      B. He should go to the university.      C. He should go somewhere else.

听第 10 段材料，回答第 18 至 20 题。

18. What will the young elephant's mother do after they part?

A. Return to her normal life.      B. Return to the forest.      C. Return to school.

19. How long does the elephant school take?

A. 7 months.      B. 8 months.      C. 9 months.

20. Why are the young elephants trained?

A. To adapt to the life there.      B. To attend school.      C. To put on performances.

## 二、阅读理解（每题 2 分）

### A

Europe has a rich history and it is a good place to journey.

#### Paris

Paris, the heaven of fashion, culture and entertainment, is the most visited city in the world. It is also held as a numerous tourist destination due to the presence of the Eiffel Tower and several other historic buildings, museums and churches.

#### Rome

A talk about Europe is incomplete without a mention of Rome. Held as a place where one of the oldest civilizations of the world prospered(繁荣), Rome is where you'd get to see numerous castles, palaces, ancient buildings, fountains, squares and beautiful parks. Several tourists come here especially to have a look at the Renaissance architecture that the buildings of this city boast.

#### Barcelona

Barcelona, a major city in Spain, is regarded among the 10 best beach cities in the world. The city's coastline has clear waters and a mild climate which makes it a favorite destination among sunbathers. Besides that, Barcelona has a glorious past to show off. You must wander through its busy streets and take a look at the historic buildings, castles, churches, parks and museums.

#### Vienna

If you are a music lover and a steady devotee of Beethoven or Mozart, then a visit to Vienna is like going on a pilgrimage(朝圣). This is because Vienna is the birthplace of these artists. You'd find their houses there and also find their memorial graves. Besides that, Vienna is known for castles, palaces, museums and historic monuments. If you are a devoted art lover, Vienna is the place for you. It has nearly a hundred museums devoted to art!

1. Which place has the most tourists in the world according to the passage?

A. Vienna.      B. Barcelona.      C. Rome.      D. Paris.

2. In Rome and Barcelona you can enjoy .

A. the birthplace of artists      B. Castles      C. fountains      D. the Eiffel Tower

3. What is the passage mainly about?

A. Some ancient architecture in Europe.  
B. Some best places people can visit in Europe.  
C. Some best attractions people can enjoy in Paris.

D. Some famous musicians and their famous works.

### B

Sunny days in Seattle are quite rare. I'd planned to spend my weekend in the sun, potting flowers outdoors. But that was before the pair of crows (乌鸦) arrived. Out of nowhere, they had set up their base camp in our backyard.

We first discovered our feathered enemies on Friday morning. It was early, and the sound the birds made traveled through our neighborhood. I figured they'd go away soon. But, no. They were getting louder and probably annoying my neighbors nearly as much as us with the noise. I admit I got a little desperate.

Then, on Sunday afternoon, I looked out of the kitchen window to see our dog Quatchi staring at something on the ground. I went to explore and found a small coal-black bird in the grass. Its eyes were milky, and it stayed perfectly still as my dog walked towards it. Only when Quatchi touched his nose to its head did it walk away. I grabbed the dog and locked him inside and came back with my camera.

It never occurred to me that the young would be hanging out on the ground, growing and gaining strength as its parents guarded it from above. The second I saw this little creature I forgave the crows.

To be honest, I've never been much of a bird person. I also have a healthy respect for birds and by healthy, I mean slightly fear-based. They're basically living dinosaurs.

I wish they'd chosen another backyard. There are only so many sunny days in Seattle, and I still can't do any gardening out there. But I'm also grateful that I got to see this little bit of nature unfold up close. It's pretty amazing.

The experience has also strengthened my desire to create a beautiful backyard garden that attracts lots of bees, butterflies, and yes, birds. They are welcome here.

4. The arrival of the two crows \_\_\_\_\_.

- |                                   |                                  |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| A. disturbed the author's life    | B. frightened the author's dog   |
| C. angered the author's neighbors | D. damaged the author's backyard |

5. Why did the author lock her dog up?

- A. She wanted to take some photos.  
B. The dog kept making loud noises.  
C. She wanted to protect the little bird.  
D. The parent crows were to attack the dog.

6. After seeing the little crow, the author \_\_\_\_\_.

- |  |  |
|--|--|
| A. decided to help look after it       | B. planned to drive the crows away         |
| C. fell in love with the pair of crows | D. appreciated knowing its growing process |

7. By saying "They're basically living dinosaurs" in paragraph 5, the author means \_\_\_\_\_

- |                           |                               |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|
| A. birds are rare         | B. birds are very ugly        |
| C. she is afraid of birds | D. she is respectful to birds |

### C

It is a question that has long puzzled scientists—exactly why are tigers orange? One might think it makes them more obvious-particularly against a leafy green forBut now the answer is at hand.

est background. William Blake summed it up in his famous poem known by generations of schoolchildren: "Tiger, tiger, burning bright / In the forest of the night."

While obvious to us, computer simulations (模拟) of what the big cats look to the main animals they hunt for, deer, show a different picture. Humans with normal colour vision, can see red, blue and green colours. But deer can only pick up blue and green light, they are effectively colourblind to the colour red, like some humans. It means the tigers' orange colouration looks green to them, allowing them to mix perfectly into the background, new research claims.

Dr John Fennell at the University of Bristol and colleagues said that they used computers to estimate how noticeable a given animal was. They did this by using images of the environment in which the animal lives, and then creating images to see whether the camouflage helps the animal to mix in.

Dr Fennell writes that by simulating what the world looks like to animals who are "two-colour vision"—someone who cannot discover the difference between red and green—"we also identify the most suitable colours for hiding and visibility".

Dr Fennell writes in the Royal Society Journal Inter face: "Considering the coat of a tiger, it has fur that appears orange to a three-colour vision observer rather than some shade of green, though the latter should be more appropriate color for an attack hunter in forests. However, when viewed as a two-colour vision observer, the tiger's colour is very effective."

The question then arises as to why tigers don't grow green coats. Dr Fennell and colleagues write that mammals (哺乳动物) are not able to produce green fur. To do so would "require a significant change to mammalian biochemistry". There is only one mammal known to have green fur but this is achieved through what might be considered as, well, cheating, not exactly real.

8. Why does the author mention the poem in paragraph 1?

- A. To arouse reader s interest in poems.
- B. To show the authors respect to the poet.
- C. To answer the question of the color of the tiger
- D. To stress the noticeable color of the tiger to us.

9. What color is inexistent in the eyes of deer?

- A. Black. B. Red. C. Blue. D. Green.

10. What does the underlined word "camouflage" mean in paragraph 3?

- A. The cover of something.
- B. The images of something.
- C. The way of hiding something.
- D. The way of hunting for something.

11. What can be inferred from the last paragraph?

- A. The colour of tigers sometimes cheats people.
- B. Getting green may prevent tigers from being extinct.
- C. There are no mammals with real green fur in the world.
- D. The tigers' fur will probably evolve into green in the future.

## D

Other people may have their own ideas about our lives. We can value their advice, but we don't have to take it to heart.

Our parents have dreams for us. They want us to do well in school and to do whatever is necessary to reach our highest potential (潜力). Later in life, friends may try to set us up with their ideas of the perfect partner or the perfect job. People close to us may have ideas about how we should live our lives, ideas that usually come from love and the desire for us to be happy. Other times, they come from a place of need within them whether it is a parent who wants us to live out his or her dreams or a friend who wants us to play a good role. Whatever the case, we can

- Seek prompt medical attention if you have symptoms of fever and respiratory infection.
  - Avoid close contact with people who have flu or cold-like symptoms.
  - 5. Avoid contact with wild animals or farmed livestock without any protection.
- A. If your hands are not visibly dirty  
 B. Eat thoroughly cooked meat and eggs  
 C. Wash your hands frequently and properly  
 D. Protect yourself and others from getting sick  
 E. Wear a mask if transport or movement is necessary  
 F. If you're not feeling well or have symptoms of fever  
 G. To prevent catching the infection, here's what you can do

### 三、完形填空（每题 1.5 分）

#### What to Do when You're Falling Behind

When I was a kid, it took me longer to learn how to ride a bike. I kept using a bike with training wheels and I didn't 21 much, so of course I didn't learn how to balance.

One day I 22 that my sister, 2.5 years younger than me, was getting close to 23 how to ride a bike. She wasn't quite there yet, but she was 24 much closer to balancing than I was. I couldn't let her 25 me to it!

So I took my bike, 26 it out to the street, and decided that I was going to learn how to ride it right now. I 27 the training wheels, jumped on, and swerved (突然转向) all over the place like an out-of-control madman. I tried to stay near the grass when I could get some degree of 28, so when I fell, I'd 29 fall to the lawn instead of the street or sidewalk.

After many attempts, I finally learned how to 30. Then I rode my bike a lot that summer and have had the 31 ever since.

Up until that point, I'd been making a big deal out of the whole process. It seemed 32 and discouraging. I was afraid of falling. But once I began to face the fear and 33 the courage to risk getting hurt, I quickly showed my 34 ability on the other side with a whole new skill. From the moment of making the decision to the time I 35 to get the basic skill it probably took me less than an hour.

What finally 36 me to face the fear and take action? It was the 37 that I was falling behind. My sister was leaving me in the dust. She could ride 38 I couldn't. I really didn't want that to happen.

I had no idea that I could learn to ride a bike so quickly. The feeling of falling behind served as a powerful motivator (动力). 39 trying to hide the disappointment, I allowed myself to feel the weight of that pressure. I used the 40 feeling to motivate myself to take action.

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|---------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| 21. A. control      | B. practice     | C. experience   | D. travel       |
| 22. A. understood   | B. Recognised   | C. observed     | D. imagined     |
| 23. A. watching out | B. carrying out | C. pointing out | D. figuring out |
| 24. A. clearly      | B. suddenly     | C. carefully    | D. immediately  |
| 25. A. hand         | B. take         | C. force        | D. beat         |
| 26. A. pulled       | B. rode         | C. pushed       | D. moved        |
| 27. A. separated    | B. replaced     | C. destroyed    | D. removed      |
| 28. A. control      | B. excitement   | C. failure      | D. satisfaction |
| 29. A. similarly    | B. actually     | C. probably     | D. especially   |

- |                    |               |                |                |
|--------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|
| 30. A. entertain   | B. drive      | C. imitate     | D. balance     |
| 31. A. skill       | B. knowledge  | C. achievement | D. challenge   |
| 32. A. surprising  | B. exciting   | C. frightening | D. interesting |
| 33. A. adopted     | B. found      | C. needed      | D. sent        |
| 34. A. wonderful   | B. complex    | C. powerful    | D. special     |
| 35. A. offered     | B. tried      | C. managed     | D. failed      |
| 36. A. allowed     | B. encouraged | C. influenced  | D. ordered     |
| 37. A. feeling     | B. mood       | C. action      | D. attitude    |
| 38. A. and         | B. or         | C. but         | D. so          |
| 39. A. In spite of | B. Because of | C. In case of  | D. Instead of  |
| 40. A. negative    | B. positive   | C. creative    | D. objective   |

#### 四、语法填空 (每题 1.5 分)

阅读短文内容, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

We are deeply saddened by the passing of Dr. Li Wenliang.

Dr. Li Wenliang, one of the eight "whistleblowers" who tried 41. \_\_\_\_\_ (warn) fellow medics of 42. \_\_\_\_\_ novel coronavirus when it first emerged (出现) in Wuhan, died early on Friday. Wuhan Central Hospital 43. \_\_\_\_\_ (confirm) in a statement released on 44. \_\_\_\_\_ (it) official Weibo account. "Our hospital's ophthalmologist (眼科医生) Li Wenliang was 45. \_\_\_\_\_ (unfortunate) infected with coronavirus during his work in the fight 46. \_\_\_\_\_ the coronavirus epidemic," the statement read, 47. \_\_\_\_\_ (add) "He died at 2:58 a.m. on February 7 after attempts to resuscitate (使复苏) were unsuccessful."

"After emergency treatment, Li Wenliang passed away," the Central Hospital of Wuhan announced on Weibo, China's version of Twitter. "We deeply regret and mourn Li's 48. \_\_\_\_\_ (die)."

Dr. Li is a hero, 49. \_\_\_\_\_ will live in our hearts forever. May God bless all the courageous doctors and 50. \_\_\_\_\_ (nurse) fighting on the front line.

#### 五、短文改错 (每题 1 分)

Dear Sir or Madam,

I'm Li Hua, a student from No.1 Middle School. I'm glad to learn that you want some part-time reporter, and I'm quite interesting in it.

In your opinion, I'm fit for the job. As a student, I've read a lot and have many knowledge in different fields. I'm fond of English but do well in both speaking and writing. Besides, I'm easy to get along. I enjoy working together with the others. Above all, I once work as a reporter for the broadcasting station of my school, there I gained valuable experience in reporting. So I'm sure I will do the job good if I get the position.

Looking forward to your early reply.

Yours faithfully,

Li Hua

#### 六、书面表达 (25 分)

假定你是李华，你的英国朋友 Tom 来信询问有关武汉传染性肺炎(infectious pneumonia)的情况。请你给 Tom 回信，内容包括：

1.肺炎简况； 2.应对措施； 3.有信心战胜疫情。

注意：1. 词数 100 左右；

2. 可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯。

## 高一英语测试卷参考答案

听力部分（共两节，每小题 1.5 分，满分 30 分）

1-5 ACBAC    6-10 CBABC    11-15 BACBA    16-20 CBACA

阅读：1-3. DBB    4-7. ACDC    8-11. DBCC    12-15. BCDA

七选五：16-20. GFCEB

完形填空：

21-25. BCDAD    26-30. CDACD    31-35. ACBAC    36-40. BACDA

语法填空

41. to warn    42. the    43. confirmed    44. its    45. unfortunately  
46. against    47. adding    48. death    49. who    50. nurses

短文改错

- |                          |                              |
|--------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. Reporter 改为 reporters | 2. interesting 改为 interested |
| 3. your 改为 my            | 4. many 改为 much              |
| 5. but 改为 and            | 6. along 后添加 with            |
| 7. 去掉 the                | 8. work 改为 worked            |
| 9. there 改为 where        | 10. good 改为 well             |

书面表达：

【参考范文】

Dear Tom,

I am very glad to receive your letter inquiring about infectious pneumonia in Wuhan. I am writing to tell you about this.

Since the outbreak of an infectious disease in Wuhan in December 2019, the Chinese government has decisively closed down the city to prevent the spread of the disease. At the same time, although cases have been found throughout the country, the Chinese people actively face it, together with Wuhan to fight the epidemic.

At this particular time, we should go out as little as possible, isolated. If we go out, we must wear protective masks to prevent ourselves from getting infected. In addition, we should keep good healthy habits and keep our body clean.

As many Chinese say, “come on, Wuhan”, we believe we can certainly overcome the epidemic!

Yours,

Li Hua

## 答案详解

1-3. DBB

【解析】

这是一则广告。文章介绍了欧洲最值得旅游的几个地方。

1. 细节题。根据第二段第一句 Paris, the heaven of fashion, culture and entertainment, is the most visited city in the world 可知巴黎是世界上拥有最多的游客的地方，D 项符合题意。故正确答案为 D。

2. 细节题。根据第三段第二句 Rome is where you'd get to see numerous castles 和第四段最后一句 You must wander through its busy streets and take a look at the historic buildings, castles,