

绝密★启用前

英语试卷

本试题卷共 8 页。全卷满分 150 分。考试用时 120 分钟。

注意事项：

- 1. 答题前, 先将自己的姓名、考号等填写在试题卷和答题卡上, 并将准考证号条形码粘贴在答题卡上的指定位置。
- 2. 选择题的作答: 每小题选出答案后, 用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑, 写在试题卷、草稿纸和答题卡上的非答题区域均无效。
- 3. 非选择题的作答: 用签字笔直接答在答题卡上对应的答题区域内。写在试题卷、草稿纸和答题卡上的非答题区域均无效。
- 4. 考试结束后, 请将本试题卷和答题卡一并上交。

第一部分 听力(共两节, 满分 30 分)

做题时, 先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后, 你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

- 1. When will Mr. Morgan probably be here?  
A. At 4:00.  
B. Before 4:00.  
C. About 6:00.
- 2. What did the woman study in college?  
A. Business.  
B. Art.  
C. English.
- 3. What does the speakers' school pay more attention to?  
A. The students' personality.  
B. The students' grades in exams.  
C. The students' ability to think independently.
- 4. Why does Jack look tired?  
A. He is busy with his job.  
B. He is preparing for a driving test.  
C. He studies in the evening.
- 5. Where does the woman probably work?  
A. In a TV station.  
B. In a company.  
C. In a school.

第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6、7 题。

- 6. What are the speakers talking about?  
A. A special festival.  
B. Single parties.  
C. Online shopping.
- 7. What is the purpose of Double 11 according to the woman?  
A. To help people show love.  
B. To help people get together.  
C. To encourage people to shop online.

听第 7 段材料, 回答第 8、9 题。

- 8. What is the first reason George mentions about going to Oxford University?  
A. British culture.  
B. The college's reputation.  
C. The college's achievement.

9. What is the woman's attitude towards George's plan?

- A. Surprised.  
B. Supportive.  
C. Worried.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 10 至 12 题。

- 10. Why does the man come here?  
A. To confirm a hotel.  
B. To attend a meeting.  
C. To pick up the woman.
- 11. When does the conversation take place?  
A. At 2:00 p. m.  
B. At 6:00 p. m.  
C. At 7:00 p. m.
- 12. What will the woman probably do tomorrow?  
A. Work in a small town.  
B. Do some sightseeing.  
C. Visit some friends.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 13 至 16 题。

- 13. What does the man do for a living?  
A. He hosts a TV programme.  
B. He writes programs.  
C. He sells smart phones.
- 14. What does the man introduce to the woman?  
A. Some smart phones.  
B. Some educational articles.  
C. Some apps about science.
- 15. What is the relationship between the two speakers?  
A. Neighbors.  
B. Interviewer and applicant.  
C. Close friends.
- 16. How many people are there in the man's family?  
A. Three.  
B. Five.  
C. Seven.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 17 至 20 题。

- 17. How long does Tim's trip last?  
A. Half a year.  
B. One year.  
C. Two years.
- 18. What is one of the most interesting experiences of the trip?  
A. Riding the elephants and camels.  
B. Managing a video blog.  
C. Meeting new people.
- 19. What does Kara like?  
A. African lifestyles.  
B. The rain forests.  
C. Thai food.
- 20. What preparations do Tim's family make before taking the trip?  
A. The couple give up their jobs.  
B. They sell their clothes.  
C. They buy many books.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分 40 分)  
第一节 (共 15 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中,选出最佳选项。

A

As the leaves start to change color and the autumn air turns fresh, sometimes nothing is more appealing than the attraction of a good book. Here are our four top picks for the best books.

**The Most Fun We Ever Had**

By Claire Lombardo

Doubleday

David and Marilyn have been married forever. Four kids and decades later, they’re still as in love as the day they met. Lombardo paints an extraordinary picture of a family in what could well be one of the best novels published this year.

**The Shadow King**

By Maaza Mengiste

W. W. Norton & Company

A historical novel that takes place in the 1930s Ethiopia, *The Shadow King* focuses on the female soldiers who take up arms in World War II. In beautiful prose (叙述), Mengiste shines a light on those whose lives are not often noticed.

**Someone We Know**

By Shari Lapena

Pamela Dorman Books

A quiet suburban town is shaken by a series of break-ins and a body that turns up in the trunk of a car in this latest psychological thriller by the author of *The Couple Next Door*. How are the crimes related? And what does the invader know?

**The Only Plane in the Sky**

By Garrett M. Graff

Avid Reader Press

Journalist Graff puts together an oral history of 9/11 from the perspective of nearly everyone involved. Every single line is breathtaking and heartbreaking, weaving together the story of previously-unimaginable and tragic events that changed history.

21. Which of the following published the book about family life?  
A. Doubleday. B. W. W. Norton & Company.  
C. Pamela Dorman Books. D. Avid Reader Press.
22. Who is the author of a thriller?  
A. Claire Lombardo. B. Maaza Mengiste.  
C. Shari Lapena. D. Garrett M. Graff.
23. What is the book *The Only Plane in the Sky* about?  
A. An imaginary tragic story.  
B. A historical novel about soldiers.  
C. A journalist involved in 9/11 event.  
D. A collection of true stories in 9/11.

B

At the back of our house there was half a *mu* of vacant land. “It’s a pity to let it go to waste like that,” Mother said. “Since you are all so fond of peanuts, let us open it up and make it a peanut garden.” At that my brother, sister and I were all delighted and so were the young housemaids. And then some went to buy seeds, some began to dig up the ground and others watered it and, in a couple of months, we had a harvest!

“Let us have a harvest festival tonight to celebrate,” Mother suggested, “and ask Dad to join us for a taste of our fresh peanuts. What do you say?” We all agreed, of course. Mother cooked the peanuts in a variety of styles and told us to go to the garden for the celebration.

The weather was not very good that night but, to our great delight, even Father put in an appearance. “Do you like peanuts?” Father asked.

“Yes!” We all answered eagerly.

“But who can tell me what is good about peanuts?”

“They taste very delicious,” my sister took the lead.

“They can be made into oil,” my elder brother followed.

“They are inexpensive,” I said. “Almost everyone can afford them and everyone enjoys eating them. I think that’s what is good about peanuts.”

“In fact there are quantities of good points of peanuts,” Father said, “but one thing I do appreciate is particularly good about them. Unlike apples, peaches and pomegranates (石榴) that hang their bright and beautiful fruits up on the branches, attracting your admiration, peanuts lie buried in the soil, waiting until they are ripe before letting people dig them up. And you can’t tell whether they bear fruits or not just by their fragile stems above ground.”

We all agreed and Mother nodded her head, too. “So you should try to be like the peanuts,” Father went on, “because they are neither grand nor beautiful, but useful.” “That is what I expect of you all.”

We stayed up late that night, eating all the peanuts Mother had cooked for us. But Father’s words remained rooted in my mind till this day.

24. How many good points about peanuts are mentioned in this passage?  
A. 2. B. 3. C. 4. D. 5.
25. What did Father want his children to do in the future?  
A. To plant peanuts.  
B. To hold more celebration gatherings.  
C. To show off their abilities.  
D. To be useful instead of seeking fame.
26. How did Father tell the good quality about peanuts?  
A. By examples. B. By comparison. C. By statistics. D. By pictures.
27. What can be inferred from the passage?  
A. The family was too poor to afford other fruits.  
B. Father seldom joined them in such activities.  
C. Father didn’t like eating apples or peaches.  
D. The peanuts are too shy to show their fruits.

C

Everyday wear like casual shirts, T-shirts, and jackets, embroidered (刺绣) with traditional patterns from the Yi ethnic group, staged a striking show at recent New York Fashion Week, which took place on September 4th. Chinese designer Wang Ta’s new youth collection, decorated with Yi embroidery, a Chinese intangible cultural heritage, was a definite hit on the last night of the fashion week.

The audience was amazed by both the beautiful and mostly hand-embroidered colorful patterns and the perfect balance of modern and traditional elements. Leah Coulter, a student at the Fashion Institute of Technology in New York, who dressed the models for the show, said the collection was a mix of old and new and loved all the patterns and embroidery, which aroused her interest in the unique handicraft dating back thousands of years. “I need to learn more about its history,” Coulter said.

It’s not something new in the fashion world to involve China’s intangible cultural heritages as elements of design, Wang said, but it’s not easy to make them into true fashion. “Intangible cultural heritages should not always be displayed in museums or only appear on souvenirs. I hope to break the stereotype through using the Yi embroidery and make them everyday, fashionable items,” Wang told the media after the show. “I think fashion is the best way to introduce culture.”

Wang’s design ideas can be traced back to both her global experience as a fashion designer in Japan, the UK and China, and her unique educational background. Before receiving her second degree in fashion from Japan’s top fashion institute Tokyo Mode Gakuen, she majored in history at East China Normal University in Shanghai.

In order to create her collection, Wang and her team went to Chuxiong Yi Autonomous Prefecture (自治州) in southwest China’s Yunnan Province and deeply studied the culture and history of Yi’s craftsmanship to gain insight into the essence, delicacy and symbolism of Yi embroidery. But Wang’s



not, he or she has to send a red envelope of 100 *yuan* as a(n) 48 . For a student who 49 1,000 *yuan* a month for living expenses, that's quite a sum.

I 50 my decision the night I joined the group because it's too 51 for me. During the first two weeks, only my strong unwillingness to pay out the money made me 52 my peers.

When I had an overwhelming 53 to watch some funny short videos in the middle of my study session, I would 54 myself by checking my bank balance.

Thanks to the supervision (监督), I 55 got used to the study routine. By organizing my to-do list the night before, I could hit the ground running with my roadmap when I went to the library in the morning.

Though we're not under the same roof, seeing my fellow examinees sharing their daily 56 is a real motivation to my own efficiency. Our growing familiarity means we also offer comfort and suggestions to anyone who runs into difficulties or emotional 57 .

One of my roommates was very 58 . He asked me how I 59 more self-discipline in my preparations for the exam, and once he learned the rules he became part of us.

I have saved my daily "accomplishment lists", and I believe they can become the 60 which will take me to my dream college.

- |                        |                 |                 |                  |
|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 41. A. browsing        | B. feeling      | C. touching     | D. hearing       |
| 42. A. benefits        | B. broadens     | C. saves        | D. ruins         |
| 43. A. strength        | B. tradition    | C. weakness     | D. approach      |
| 44. A. peace-loving    | B. high-ranking | C. high-teching | D. good-willing  |
| 45. A. effectively     | B. carefully    | C. gladly       | D. silently      |
| 46. A. left            | B. cared        | C. treated      | D. bothered      |
| 47. A. choose          | B. share        | C. quit         | D. notice        |
| 48. A. comment         | B. requirement  | C. punishment   | D. entertainment |
| 49. A. takes up        | B. relies on    | C. pays off     | D. figures out   |
| 50. A. changed         | B. collected    | C. filled       | D. regretted     |
| 51. A. challenging     | B. pleasing     | C. exciting     | D. interesting   |
| 52. A. let down        | B. keep up with | C. get tired of | D. leave behind  |
| 53. A. curiosity       | B. fascination  | C. urge         | D. anxiety       |
| 54. A. recall          | B. remember     | C. retell       | D. remind        |
| 55. A. gradually       | B. immediately  | C. absolutely   | D. definitely    |
| 56. A. accomplishments | B. senses       | C. failures     | D. privileges    |
| 57. A. achievements    | B. happiness    | C. excitement   | D. breakdowns    |
| 58. A. indifferent     | B. objective    | C. curious      | D. pessimistic   |
| 59. A. lost            | B. gained       | C. discovered   | D. invented      |
| 60. A. skills          | B. leftovers    | C. tickets      | D. mistakes      |

第二节 (共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

When in 1984 I. M. Pei, then the most sought-after architect in America, 61 (present) his plans for a 70-foot glass pyramid in the 18th-century courtyard of the Louvre, the general 62 (react) was anger. Because Mr. Pei was Chinese-American, he 63 (apparent) had no understanding of the Louvre, or Paris, or France.

However, these remarks did not annoy him. With quick enthusiasm and wide smiles, he took them. He had been asked to design 64 new entrance for the museum and, 65 everyone's surprise, instead of adding on some concrete block, he had created a great welcoming space: put a winding staircase underground and capped it with a ray of light, 66 did not hurt the old facades (外墙).

When he was a child, his imagination 67 (shape) by his family's ancient gardens at Suzhou in Jiangsu. There, he would wander winding 68 (path) through fantastic rocks towards pavilions (亭子), unconsciously 69 (absorb) the beauty of the surroundings.

Mr. Pei built a hotel complex at Fragrant Hill outside Beijing, after returning to China in 1974. He regarded this as a chance 70 (bring) the Chinese away from their dull eastern European blocks and back to the domestic traditions they had lost.

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文,请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误,每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加:在缺词处加一个漏字符号( ^ ),并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除:把多余的词用斜线( \ )画掉。

修改:在错的词下画一横线,并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意:1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处,多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

Today, I participated in the election campaign for the chairman of the Students' Union, that has become one of my highlight since I entered senior high.

Many students took part in it and I was eighth to give a campaign speech. Seen the first seven perform so wonderfully, I felt a little nervous. But while standing on the stage, I complete forgot my nervousness and finished my speech with great confident. I was the one that win the election campaign in the end and the others came up to me and congratulated on me sincerely.

We can both succeed as long as we believe in ourselves. Keep your dream in your heart or work for it.

第二节 书面表达(满分 25 分)

红旗社区针对本社区居民垃圾分类情况,计划于下周举行一次关于垃圾分类的讲座,请你代表社区写一封公开信,内容包括:

1. 垃圾分类的好处;
2. 讲座具体时间和地点;
3. 邀请居民参加。

注意:

1. 词数 100 左右,开头和结尾已经给出,不计入总词数;
2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

参考词汇:垃圾分类 garbage classification

Dear sir or madam,

I'm writing this letter to call on attention to the community lecture concerning garbage classification. \_\_\_\_\_

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Yours,

Hongqi Community