

英语阶段检测

莒南三中 2019.3

第一部分 听力(共两节, 满分 30 分)

做题时, 先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后, 你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。

听完每段对话后, 你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the woman think of the book?

- A. Frightening. B. Disappointing. C. Interesting.

2. How will Jennifer spend most of her weekend?

A. Playing on the beach.

B. Taking the final exam.

C. Going over her textbook.

3. What are the speakers going to do?

A. Go for a walk.

B. Buy presents.

C. Make an overcoat.

4. Where are the speakers?

A. In an airport.

B. In a hotel.

C. In a school.

5. What are the speakers doing?

A. Having a dance together.

B. Buying food and drinks.

C. Preparing for a dancing party.

第二节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题, 从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前, 你将有时间阅读各个小题, 每小题 5 秒钟; 听完后, 各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料, 回答第 6、7 题。

6. What is the woman looking for?

A. A shortcut.

B. The Natural Museum.

C. The nearest subway station.

7. How will the woman go to her destination at last?

A. By subway.

B. By car.

C. By bus.

听第 7 段材料, 回答第 8、9 题。

8. What is the probable relationship between the speakers?

A. Schoolmates.

B. Colleagues.

C. Business partners.

9. What does the woman plan to do?

A. Go into the real world.

B. Meet friends in London.

C. Study in her dream school.

听第 8 段材料, 回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. What is probably the woman?

A. A waitress.

B. A teacher.

C. A shop assistant.

11. How many people are there in the man's group?

A. 4.

B. 5.

C. 6.

12. What is the man's special request?

A. The room should be near the lake.

B. The room should be a private one.

C. The room should be big enough.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. Why does the man come to meet the woman?

A. He is not feeling well.

B. He needs to buy some tools.

C. He has some questions to ask.

14. Where does the conversation probably take place?

A. In a classroom.

B. In a hospital.

C. On a farm.

15. When does the man feel worst?

A. In the morning.

B. In the afternoon.

C. In the evening.

16. What does the woman advise the man to do?

A. Do as usual.

B. Have more rest.

C. Take more exercise.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. Who is the winner of the contest?

A. Jane Doe.

B. John Doe.

C. Mary Doe.

18. What do we know from the judges' comment on the winner's essay (文章)?

A. It pictures a unique human life.

B. The writer has wonderful observation (观察) abilities.

C. Family relations are especially reflected (反应) in it.

19. What is the award for the winner?

A. An honor dinner.

B. A bank note.

C. A celebration party.

20. What is the speaker talking about?

A. The result of an essay contest.

B. The appreciation of a prized essay.

C. The arrangements (安排) for a celebration.

第二部分 阅读理解 (每小题 2 分, 满分 20 分)

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项。

A

Festival of Light, Longleat Safari Park, Wiltshire

Longleat is celebrating its 50th anniversary this year. Giant lanterns take the shape of some of the park's animals, and there are also lots of characters in Beatrix Potter's book, such as Peter Rabbit, Jemima Puddle Duck, Squirrel Nutkin, to mark the 150th anniversary of the author's birth. There is also a 20-metre-high birthday cake.

- £ 27.85, adult/ £ 20.65, child/ under-threes, free.
- 15 Dec. to 2 Jan.

Festival of Light, Enchanted Park, Gateshead

Enchanted Park is an interactive walk through Saltwell Park, just south of the town centre, along a trail (小径) of light with performances and sculptures. The story being told is a Midwinter Night's Tale, inspired by the 400th anniversary of William Shakespeare's death. Visitors can join stories and songs with Santa, and attend decorating workshops.

- £ 8, adult/ £ 2, child/ under-fours, free.
- 11-27 Dec.

Christmas Glow, RHS Wisley, Surrey

The garden is glowing with giant lighted flowers. Some of the trees are brilliant, too. The glasshouse is decorated like a gingerbread house, and displays (陈列) seasonal plants. There are lanterns around the lake. The cafe serves hot chocolate and apple juice.

- £ 9.90, adult/ £ 3.60, child.
- 20 Dec. to 2 Jan.

Christmas at Kew Gardens, London

Kew is a special place to visit at any time of the day or year, but the festive light show gives it a magical twist, as the mile-long trail through the garden is decorated with 60,000 lights. Some of the garden's oldest and tallest trees are also beautifully lit along the way.

- £ 16, adult/ £ 10, child/ £ 48, family/ under-fours free.
- 24 Dec. to 2 Jan.

21. What can people do in Enchanted Park?

- A. Visit Shakespeare's house.
- B. Listen to a wonderful tale.
- C. Enjoy hot chocolate and apple juice.
- D. Play the part of Santa.

22. Which place will attract children fond of fictional animal characters?

- A. Longleat Safari Park.
- B. Enchanted Park.
- C. RHS Wisley.
- D. Kew Gardens.

23. How much is the admission to Kew Gardens for Mr. Green and his 3-year-old kid?

- A. £ 10.
- B. £ 16.
- C. £ 26.
- D. £ 48.

B

At 1,345 meters above sea level, Ben Nevis is definitely not the world's most difficult mountain to climb. But things get considerably tricky if instead of hiking shoes you put on a pair of 5-inch high heels, especially if you're a guy. One English teenager recently proved that it was not impossible.

Ben Conway, a 19-year-old art student from London, recently took up the challenge as a way to stand out in an application for a scholarship for the School of Communication Arts in Brixton. He started his unusual high-heel climb at 8 a. m., on June 27, and was joined by Callum MacKenzie Allen, a friend from his art foundation year, who videotaped the whole thing for a two-minute video that served as his application project. The whole climb took five hours and wasn't the smoothest experience.

Halfway up Ben Nevis, one of his shoes broke, so he had to tape the shoes to his feet to make sure they stayed on. The weather didn't make it easy for him either, as he claimed that it rained pretty much the whole time, and he had to go against 40 to 50 miles an hour winds. Due to these difficult conditions, Ben and his friend had to turn back after reaching 900 meters up the mountain.

Apart from providing a unique art school application project, the high-heel climb also allowed the 19-year-old to raise some money for worthy causes, like Sal's Shoes, which provides footwear for barefoot children around the world.

"Raising money for charity brings happiness to people's lives and if I can do something ridiculous (荒唐可笑的) and bring someone happiness, then that's what it's all about," Ben said.

24. What can replace the underlined word "tricky" in Paragraph 1?

- A. Pleasant
- B. Boring.
- C. Tough.
- D. Smooth.

25. Why did Allen videotape the high-heel climb for Ben?

- A. To prove nothing is impossible.
- B. To record a special experience.
- C. To promote their friendship.
- D. To help in Ben's application.

26. What does Paragraph 3 focus on?

- A. The difficulties in the climb.
- B. The climbing route.
- C. The terrible weather.
- D. The unexpected incident.

27. What can best describe Ben's story?

- A. Puzzling.
- B. Inspiring.
- C. Exciting.
- D. Frightening.

C

People have been wondering why elephants do not develop cancer even though they have lifespans (寿命) that are similar to humans, living for around 50 to 70 years.

Now scientists believe they know why. A team at the University of Chicago, US has found that elephants carry a large number of genes that stop tumors (肿瘤) developing. To be precise, they found 20

persuade them to agree.

Treatment began and I was up and down from Cambridge to London every other week. It made me feel 48, but to a much lesser degree than I had expected. I was 49 to read, eat and socialize exactly as I used to. I slept a lot and rested a lot, but I also worked hard at my studies. It gave me focus, and it also gave me purpose. Completing my 50 at the end of term felt like a great personal victory.

I took a 51 to continue studying while going through treatment, and it 52. I was successful in my exams and more 53 I made a full recovery.

Every person facing a disease like cancer must make the 54 that are right for them. I am 55 that I made the decision that was right for me.

36. A. stuck B. came C. turned D. worked
37. A. require B. expect C. sense D. arrange
38. A. body B. memories C. family D. dreams
39. A. face B. achieve C. show D. understand
40. A. necessary B. temporary C. difficult D. disappointing
41. A. join B. treat C. settle D. continue
42. A. fought B. advised C. acted D. decided
43. A. recover B. exercise C. study D. play
44. A. better B. worse C. more D. less
45. A. save B. spend C. take D. miss
46. A. help B. remind C. allow D. invite
47. A. struggle B. failure C. burden D. trouble
48. A. tired B. relaxed C. confident D. nervous
49. A. afraid B. ready C. able D. eager
50. A. purpose B. projects C. treatment D. exams
51. A. rest B. chance C. privilege D. job
52. A. ended up B. passed on C. paid off D. broke out
53. A. clearly B. interestingly C. specifically D. importantly
54. A. choices B. changes C. efforts D. chances
55. A. surprised B. excited C. determined D. proud

第三部分 英语知识运用

第一节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

It's almost a common belief that the best food you can find in a place is not in the fancy restaurants 56 in the backstreets. These spots are usually away from popular tourist attractions, which means that to find them you'll need the spirit of an explorer.

That's 57 I came across *roujiamo* when I was exploring Beijing. I found 58 restaurant that sold dishes from Xi'an when I explored the area around 59 (I) office one day. I decided to try it out.

7

My *roujiamo* 60 (make) fresh, so the bread was still warm. It was soft when I bit into it, and the meat inside was delicious and tender. In fact, I enjoyed it so much that I ordered more to take home with me. Though it's just a snack, it's still quite filling and can 61 (easy) satisfy your appetite.

There are a variety of things you can put inside the "mo", as the bread 62 (call). For example, in certain areas in Xi'an, the meat 63 (use) is usually beef, but in Gansu Province, lamb is more common. And the first *roujiamo* that I tried was made 64 pork. However it's made, it's still a tasty snack. And for an American like me who grew up 65 (eat) hamburgers, it's a perfect combination of East and West.

第四部分 写作 (共 3 节, 满分 45)

第一节 词汇考察 (共 5 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 5 分)

66 (好奇心) drove Wang Peng inside. He could not have Yong Hui getting away with telling people 67 (谎言) Perhaps with a d 68 and a new sign he could win his customers back. He said to Yong Hui, "I found your memu so 69 (有限的) that I started to advertise the b 70 of my food."

第二节 写作应用 (共 5 小题; 每小题 3 分, 满分 15 分)

1. 显而易见, 它在保护我们的风俗习惯中起了重要作用。(obvious)
2. 我绝不能允许你用粗暴的方式对你妈妈说话。(not have sb.doing)
3. 众所周知, 没什么东西比健康更重要。(否定+比较级)
4. Tom 正在街上漫步, 这时一个陌生人向他微笑。(when)
5. 吃大量的脂肪对你的健康有害。(harmful)

第三节 书面表达 (满分 25 分)

假如你是李华, 你的新加坡朋友 Alice 最近发来一封电子邮件询问你校开设社团活动的情况。请你根据下面的写作提纲, 用英语给她回复一封邮件。内容包括:

1. 学校开展的社团活动; 2. 你参加的社团活动; 3. 你的体会。

注意: 1. 词数 100 左右; 2. 可以适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯。

参考词汇: 文学社 Literature Club

8

copies of an anti-tumor gene called TP53 in elephants. Most other species, including humans, only carry one copy.

According to the research, the extra copies of the gene improved the animal's sensitivity to DNA damage, which lets the cells quickly kill themselves when damaged before they can go on to form deadly tumors.

"An increased risk of developing cancer has stood in the way of the evolution of large body sizes in many animals," the study author Dr Vincent Lynch told The Guardian. If every living cell has the same chance of becoming cancerous (癌变的), large creatures with a long lifespan like whales and elephants should have a greater risk of developing cancer than humans and mice. But across species, the risk of cancer does not show a connection with body mass.

This phenomenon was found by Oxford University scientist Richard Peto in the 1970s and later named "Peto's paradox (悖论)". Biologists believe it results from larger animals using protection that many smaller animals do not. In the elephant's case, the making of TP53 is nature's way of keeping this species alive.

The study also found that when the same genes were brought to life in mice, they had the same cancer resistance as elephants. This means researchers could use the discovery to develop new treatments that can help stop cancers spreading or even developing in the first place.

"Nature has already figured out how to prevent cancer," said Joshua Schiffman, a biologist at the School of Medicine, University of Utah, US. "It's up to us to learn how different animals deal with the problem so that we can use those strategies to prevent cancer in people."

28. Why are elephants unlikely to develop cancer?

- A. They have a rather large body size.
- B. Their genes suffer no DNA damage.
- C. Certain genes in their body kill existing tumors.
- D. They carry many genes to prevent tumors developing.

29. According to the passage, what has been a risk in the evolution of large animals?

- A. Deadly tumors.
- B. The huge body mass.
- C. Cells killing themselves.
- D. Sensitivity to DNA damage.

30. What does the underlined part "This phenomenon" in Paragraph 5 probably refer to?

- A. Larger animals have protection from TP53.
- B. The risk of cancer is not related to body size.
- C. Larger animals suffer the same risk of cancer as smaller ones.
- D. The larger animals are, the bigger risk of cancer they will have.

第二节(共5小题, 每小题2分, 满分10分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

The ability to stay positive is one of the most important skills for us. Why is this? The reason is that we will spend most of our lives setting and trying to achieve goals. Everyone has dreams. Everyone wants to know deep down inside that they were put here to do something great. 31 The second you set a goal,

obstacles will begin to appear to stand in your way. Most people let these challenges rob them from the life they really want.

If you want to achieve greatness, if you want to experience the best life possible, then be prepared to get knocked down over and over. 32 This explains why there are so many people who have stopped trying to reach their dreams.

So how do you remain positive regardless of what type of challenge you are facing? It all comes down to how you choose to respond to any situation as well as what you decide to focus on. No matter how bad your situation is, you can always find something good in it. 33

If you keep focusing on how bad you have it, how are things supposed to get any better? 34 Of course it is. If this is true, why even bother thinking positively? That is because if you do, you have a chance to make things better. If you don't, things will usually get a lot worse.

Realize that challenges are a part of life. 35 It's what makes reaching a goal worth it. If you were able to get everything you wanted without even trying, the victory wouldn't taste as sweet.

- A. Everyone will have to go through them.
- B. Staying positive can be beneficial in many ways.
- C. Staying positive during situations like this is not easy.
- D. You can do things like reading positive books or listening to positive songs.
- E. Is it possible to be positive and still have your situations get even worse?
- F. However, the problem is that life is tough.
- G. So what you can do is start focusing on what is good.

第三部分 英语知识运用

第一节 完形填空(共20小题;每小题1.5分, 满分30分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的四个选项(A、B、C和D)中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

I had just started my second year studying at Cambridge University when I was faced with the news I had never expected. A lump in my neck 36 out to be cancer. I would 37 six months of chemotherapy (化疗).

After the shock, I was struck by this thought: my 38 didn't have any room for cancer. I had so much I wanted to 39 and so many goals I wanted to chase.

I was faced with the 40 job of telling my friends and family. Then, I had to decide whether to 41 in Cambridge and take five exams at the end of the year. My doctor 42 against it, and so did my parents and teachers.

My doctors and teachers convinced me that taking some time off to 43 and relax would be the best thing for me. I could not think of anything 44. I did not want to 45 a year of my life, receiving pity from those around me.

Together with my parents, I tried to persuade the university to 46 me to stay at Cambridge and study only half the course. At the end of the year I would take two exams. It was really a 47 to