

英 语 试 卷

2019. 1

考生注意:

1. 本试卷由三个部分组成。满分 150 分,考试时间 120 分钟。
2. 考生作答时,请将答案答在答题卡上。选择题每小题选出答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑;非选择题请用直径 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔在答题卡上各题的答题区域内作答,超出答题区域书写的答案无效,在试题卷、草稿纸上作答无效。
3. 本卷命题范围:必修④ Modules 1—4。

第一部分 单项填空(共 20 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 20 分)

1. We planned to climb the mountain today, but in such _____ bad weather, it seems out of _____ question.
A. 不填; the B. 不填; 不填 C. a; a D. a; the
2. — _____? You look so excited!
— Peter told me that I've been chosen to attend the national competition on behalf of our school.
A. What's coming up B. So what
C. How are things going D. How come
3. When you visit our town next August, a modern sports center _____, for the National Games are to be held then.
A. will be constructing B. has been constructing
C. will have been constructed D. is being constructed
4. Time is pressing; it's impossible for me to get there in an hour, _____ the possible delays.
A. accounting for B. answering for C. allowing for D. heading for
5. The picture doesn't _____ here. It's too modern for the rest of furnishings.
A. fit in B. agree on C. adjust to D. settle in
6. When asked how he came up with the excellent idea, he said one of his childhood experiences was the original _____ to begin his story.
A. application B. evaluation C. creation D. inspiration
7. — There's someone knocking on the door. Who _____ it be?
— It must be Mary. She promised to be here at 8:00.
A. must B. need C. shall D. can
8. — Excuse me, has the train from Beijing arrived yet?
— _____, you are three quarters earlier. It's only 9 now.
A. Unconsciously B. Instantly C. Absolutely D. Actually
9. The majority of visitors _____ in favor of his conclusion that the number of books published on the subject _____ simply surprising.
A. were; was B. was; was C. were; were D. was; were

10. It is reported that in New Mexico, not until they graduate _____ to leave high school.
A. will teenagers be allowed B. teenagers will be allowed
C. will be allowed teenagers D. allowed teenagers will be
11. —Can you lend me the book *Gone with The Wind*?
—Sorry. I returned it to the library. Maybe it is still _____.
A. affordable B. acceptable C. avoidable D. available
12. Advanced technology was brought into the local factory last year. _____, the daily output has doubled by now.
A. As a result B. In particular C. In addition D. To be honest
13. The boys reached an island separated from the outside world, _____ they believed lots of treasure was hidden somewhere.
A. which B. that C. where D. when
14. —I rang you at about nine, but there was no reply.
—Oh, that was probably _____ I was seeing the doctor.
A. why B. when C. what D. that
15. Who do the passengers on board think it is up to _____ a final decision about such a matter?
A. make B. making C. to make D. to be making
16. In some countries, people eat with chopsticks, while in _____, knives and forks.
A. another B. others C. both D. all
17. The twins, who _____ their homework, were allowed to play badminton on the playground.
A. will finish B. finish C. have finished D. had finished
18. The meaning of the word "nice" changed a few times _____ it finally came to include the sense "pleasant".
A. before B. after C. since D. while
19. Shakespeare's writing is still popular today. It has really _____ the test of time.
A. failed B. taken C. stood D. conducted
20. —This apple pie is too sweet, don't you think so?
—_____. I think it's just right, actually.
A. Not really B. I hope so C. Sounds good D. No wonder

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分 40 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的四个选项(A、B、C 和 D)中,选出最佳选项。

A

Did I Ever Tell You How Lucky You Are?

by Dr Seuss

Hardcover \$ 8.44

"When you think things are bad, when you start to get mad... you should do what I do!"

The classic book begins with the advice of a wise man and provides the perfect ways for readers of all ages who are feeling down. Thanks to Dr Seuss's trademark rhymes and signature illustrations (插图), readers will realize just how lucky they truly are.

Me Before You

by Jojo Moyes

Hardcover \$ 21.48

As a love story for this generation, *Me Before You* brings to life two people who couldn't have less in common—a heartbreakingly romantic novel that asks, "What do you do when making the person you love happy also means breaking your own heart?"

Oh, The Places You'll Go!

by Dr Seuss

Hardcover \$ 10.00

In the book, Dr Seuss addresses life's ups and downs with his trademark humor while encouraging readers to find the success that lies within. In a review, Booklist notes, "Seuss's message is: life may be a 'Great Balancing Act,' but through it all 'There's fun to be done.'" It's a perfect gift for anyone starting a new stage in their life!

Memos to Shitty People

by James Alexander

Paperback \$ 5.99

Do you have a terrible neighbor? Does your annoying coworker never shut up? Are you trying to find a novel gift for your best friend to show your concern? Relax with *Memos to Shitty People*, an adult coloring book designed for relaxation.

21. Which book can be a suitable present for a friend who just entered university?

A. *Me Before You*.

B. *Memos to Shitty People*.

C. *Oh, The Places You'll Go!*

D. *Did I Ever Tell You How Lucky You Are?*

22. What can we know about Dr Seuss?

A. He once got mad at life.

B. He wrote at least two books.

C. He is very kind and generous.

D. He is good at writing love stories.

23. How many different books can you buy at most with \$ 25?

A. 1.

B. 2.

C. 3.

D. 4.

24. How will people probably feel after reading the first book?

A. Optimistic.

B. Entertained.

C. Respected.

D. Relaxed.

B

An amputee (被截肢者) girl given a less than one percent chance of survival has become a trampoline (蹦床) champion. Isabelle Weall suffered a heart attack and organ failure after contracting meningitis (a serious illness in brain) at the age of seven and losing the lower part of her arms and legs as a result.

But her good spirit has resulted in an unbelievable list of achievements—the latest of which is winning a national trampolining championship for the second time. The teenager, who trains twice a week, won her first national trampolining award in 2016 and recently picked up her second in Belfast.

Isabelle, from Derby, uses leg blades and has taught herself how to do everything from typing to writing and even doing her make-up. She has become so good with make-up that she often posts tutorials (教程) on her YouTube channel, where she has got a considerable following.

Isabelle's mother Cathy said, "She's had some amazing experiences, and however dark days have been in the past, a lot of these things we would never have had the opportunity to do if she hadn't got ill."

After her trampolining success, Isabelle has been contacted by Team BRIT—a group of drivers looking to make history by becoming the first all-disabled team to race at Le Mans. They are developing a system that will allow Isabelle to drive a specially-adapted car and pursue a career in motor racing.

"I have never driven before but I will be the first amputee racing for Team BRIT," she added.

Isabelle said she gets the occasional "negative comment" about her missing limbs, but she has learned how to "brush it off and see past it".

She said, "I was self-conscious for a bit but I got to a point where I didn't really care

what anyone else had to say because I was proud of myself and everything I had done.”

25. What happened to Isabelle Weall when she was seven?

- A. She lost an arm and a leg.
- B. She developed a deadly disease.
- C. She won the first trampoline champion.
- D. She trained hard for the trampoline champion.

26. What does the author intend to do in Paragraph 3?

- A. To show how famous Isabelle is.
- B. To introduce a computer program.
- C. To compare Isabelle with her fellows.
- D. To prove how well-adapted Isabelle is.

27. What can be inferred about Team BRIT?

- A. Some drivers set it up to challenge Isabelle.
- B. Only disabled participants are admitted into it.
- C. Its members have broken a record.
- D. It was declined by Isabelle.

C

About one in three people worldwide eat food that fills them up but lack protein, vitamins and minerals.

Health experts have a name for this situation: hidden hunger. It can lead to weakness in the body's natural defenses against diseases. It can also limit a person's growth and affect intelligence.

Now, an American food manufacturer is putting technology and financial resources to work to address the problem. The company is looking for ways to make low-cost, traditional meals more nutritious. And, at the same time, make sure that people will like the taste.

The company, called Just, is based in San Francisco. Just is now working in Liberia, where 30 percent of the population suffer from poor nutrition. Just is partnering with local manufacturers and suppliers to make a product called Power Gari. It is based on the cassava plant (木薯属植物), a common ingredient in Liberian cooking. The mixture for Power Gari turns the cassava into a nutritious, soft food filled with vitamins and minerals.

In January, Power Gari began appearing at stores in Monrovia, Liberia's capital. Just says more than 80 percent of them are from local suppliers.

The true proof of Power Gari's success will be if Liberians buy it. The company says it looked to Liberia as a test case before thinking about expanding to bigger markets, such as Nigeria or Kenya.

The goal, says one of the company founders Josh Tetrick, is nothing less than solving the world's unjust food system.

Just has raised more than \$200 million from investors and is valued at over \$1 billion. The company has made changes in its leadership recently to add directors with international business, agriculture and sustainability (可持续性) experience.

28. What situation is “hidden hunger”?

- A. People eat too much food.
- B. People eat too little and fast.
- C. People eat full but lack nutrition.
- D. People haven't enough food to eat.

29. What can be known about Power Gari?

- A. It will be exported to Kenya.
- B. It's food with Liberia flavour.
- C. It is a kind of improved cassava plant.
- D. It is very popular with Liberians.

30. What does Just think of its project?

- A. Promising.
- B. Disappointing.
- C. Useless.
- D. Risky.

31. What can be the best title for the text?

- A. Poor Nutrition in Liberia
- B. Ways to Deal with Hunger
- C. Unjust Food System Worldwide
- D. Making Local Food More Nutritious

D

Ashleigh Fraser and Leah Guskjolen, both 18, wondered why they would not be allowed to wear nail polish (指甲油) or artificial nails during their training to become certified nursing assistants. But when they asked, the only response which they got was that “rules are rules.” Not satisfied, the teens decided to explore the issue themselves.

For their new study, Ashleigh and Leah, seniors at Willcox High School in Willcox, Arizona, borrowed materials from the hospital where they had been trained as nursing assistants. Ten nurses there agreed to give them little scrapings off the top side of their nails. Half of the participants had natural nails. The other half wore nail polish or fake nails on top of their natural nails. The teens grew bacteria from the scrapings on plates; these are plastic dishes with a gel (凝胶) that feeds bacterial growth.

Natural nails produced an average of 4.3 bacterial colonies. In contrast, scrapings from nail polish or artificial nails produced an average of 17.5 colonies! Leah and Ashleigh had their answer to the question. Only natural nails are allowed because polished or artificial nails tend to harbor far more bacteria. The germs could be dangerous to sick patients.

Leah notes that they are not the first to look at nails in a medical setting. Still, she says, “It is something that should be taken much more seriously than it is.” To emphasize that, she points to the large list of similar studies she and Ashleigh uncovered during their research.

When nurses touch patients, they often wear gloves, but many small tasks are performed bare-handed. The teens hope to raise awareness of how dangerous artificial nails can be in the medical setting. “What shocked me,” Leah says, “is how unconcerned some of the nurses were. They did not think their nails were dangerous.” Ashleigh agrees and observes that to preserve their manicures (修指甲), nurses with polish or fake nails tended to scrub (擦洗) less vigorously when washing their hands. Their nails might look nice, but this might contribute to the large numbers of germs that hang onto their nails.

Ashleigh has never really liked nail polish, so she will not have to change much to pursue her dream of being a surgeon. But the results have reminded Leah, who wants to be a nurse, to give up her artificial nails for good. “They are very pretty,” she says, “I love them.” But now that she knows the risks they can cause, she admits that for a health professional they just are “not worth it.”

32. What does the first paragraph mainly want to tell us?

- A. The cause of the study about nails.
- B. The two teenagers' career pursuit.
- C. The risks of wearing nail polish or artificial nails.
- D. The two teenagers' attitudes towards the training.

33. What did the two teenagers do for their study?

- A. Visit many top scientists.
- B. Consult the hospital's nurses.
- C. Grow germs from the scrapings on dishes.
- D. Collect experimental samples at a school.

34. What do the underlined words “the question” in Para. 3 refer to?

- A. How the bacteria from the scrapings are produced.
- B. Why they were displeased with the hospital's response.
- C. Why they were forbidden to wear polished or artificial nails.
- D. Why wearing polished or artificial nails is harmful to health.

35. What is worrying according to the text?

- A. People tend to do something without wearing gloves.
- B. A large number of people wear polished or artificial nails.
- C. People don't like to scrub their nails while washing hands.
- D. Some nurses don't realize the harms of wearing polished nails.

第二节(共 5 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 10 分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

How to Be a Good Friend

Being a good friend isn't always easy. As the years pass, some people will stay by your side, but many won't. And you'll realize that each friendship you keep is priceless. Of course, to have a good friend, you should remember the following tips:

36

Don't make a promise that you can't keep. Nobody's perfect, and it's okay if you skip out on a promise occasionally, but don't make it a regular thing.

Be dependable.

Your friend will need you for support, especially in hard times. 37 .

Apologize when you've made a mistake.

If you want your friends to trust you, then you can't act like you're perfect. 38
Though your friends won't be happy that you made a mistake, they'll be very pleased if you admit it instead of just pretending that nothing is wrong.

Be honest.

If you want to be a good friend and to have people trust you, then you have to be honest about your feelings and about how you feel about your friendship. If you're honest about how you feel, that will make your friends more likely to open up to you. 39

Be loyal.

40 Just do it as you'd expect your friend to do for you. Don't discuss your friend behind his or her back, and don't spread rumors.

- A. Keep your promises.
- B. Take an interest in his / her hobby.
- C. If you know you've made a mistake, just say sorry.
- D. If your friend hurts you, don't be afraid to talk about it.
- E. If your friend tells you a secret, keep it and don't talk about it with anyone else.
- F. It's hard to rely on a person who doesn't behave in a consistent and trustworthy way.
- G. All the same, you don't always have to agree with him just because he is your friend.

第三部分 语言知识运用(共两节,满分 45 分)

第一节 完形填空(共 20 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的四个选项(A、B、C 和 D)中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Weeks ago, I was traveling by train. After several stations, the delivery man from the cafeteria came along to 41 the pre-booked hot meals and drinks. Just behind him rushed in a 9-year-old girl, who put out her hand, 42 some food. The food supplier was 43 and pushed her out of the coach. Something in me made me 44 . I stepped outside and saw the child still standing there and crying. I asked her if she was hungry and she 45 . So I grabbed her hand and said I'd buy her food.

When I took her to the coach with the cafeteria, the people standing there had a(n) 46 expression on their face, seeing the little girl with me. 47 their reaction, I asked her to 48 whatever she wanted. As I pointed to each item, she 49 nodding. 50 , we collected so much food. When I turned to the cashier to pay the bill, the little girl 51 hurrying down the train. The cashier shook his head in disbelief and said the girl

must be laughing for having fooled me into 52 her unhappiness.

As I returned to my coach, the cashier's 53 made me doubt whether she'd really fooled me. So I 54 and went down the train, following the 55 the little girl had taken. After several coaches, I walked to a relatively-deserted coach. Here I saw a 56 which left me surprised. This little girl was sitting in a 57 with two other miserable-looking young boys. She had put all the food in the center and was 58 putting food into the hand of a young blind boy. Seeing all this, I couldn't help 59. The little girl taught us that one can be 60 even when poor.

- | | | | |
|--------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| 41. A. take away | B. hand out | C. throw away | D. find out |
| 42. A. picking up | B. begging for | C. pointing to | D. looking at |
| 43. A. frightened | B. disappointed | C. annoyed | D. worried |
| 44. A. react | B. stop | C. watch | D. doubt |
| 45. A. agreed | B. nodded | C. refused | D. signed |
| 46. A. sad | B. satisfied | C. puzzled | D. excited |
| 47. A. Ignoring | B. Noticing | C. Admiring | D. Analyzing |
| 48. A. list | B. admit | C. think | D. choose |
| 49. A. tried | B. kept | C. began | D. practised |
| 50. A. Immediately | B. Nervously | C. Finally | D. Suddenly |
| 51. A. started | B. forgot | C. finished | D. risked |
| 52. A. remembering | B. believing | C. realizing | D. missing |
| 53. A. thoughts | B. opinions | C. words | D. instructions |
| 54. A. turned back | B. turned over | C. turned up | D. turned out |
| 55. A. advice | B. food | C. train | D. direction |
| 56. A. coach | B. sight | C. face | D. station |
| 57. A. group | B. team | C. circle | D. pile |
| 58. A. instead | B. only | C. also | D. again |
| 59. A. weeping | B. smiling | C. shouting | D. regretting |
| 60. A. friendly | B. greedy | C. polite | D. generous |

第二节 (共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下列材料,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Huangshan, 61 is also called Yellow Mountain, lies in Anhui Province in China. It is on the UNESCO World Heritage List 62 is one of the top scenic attractions in China.

The name Huangshan is much abused and misused. This article is about Huangshan Scenic Area-otherwise 63 (know) as Mount Huangshan. Its fame is such that almost everything in 64 area has adopted the same name. Most confusingly, the nearest big town, Tunxi 65 (rename) itself as Huangshan City or just Huangshan. Without care, you will find that your train to Huangshan takes you to a 66 (difference) town to your Huangshan hotel and that neither is in the Huangshan Scenic Area.

Huangshan 67 (it) does not have good transportation links. Moreover accommodation (住处) within the scenic area 68 (be) expensive. So most 69 (traveler) stop in either Tangkou or Tunxi for the nights before and after a visit to Huangshan. If you go back to the same hotel, you will be able 70 (leave) most of your luggage(行李) in it and only take a day pack up the mountain.

第四部分 写作(共三节,满分 45 分)

第一节 单词拼写(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

根据句意及首字母或汉语提示,写出正确的单词形式。(每空 1 个单词)

71. A d_____, a kind of bird, is often used as a symbol of peace.
72. The house has _____ (两倍) in value since I bought it.
73. It is good to be _____ (好奇) about the world around you.

74. Slavery was _____ (废除, 废止) in the US in the 19th century.
75. It is said that a m _____ stick can turn everything into gold.
76. You gave me a f _____ by knocking so loudly on the door.
77. Her _____ (优雅的) manner impressed all the people present at the party.
78. I'd be very g _____ if you could let me know as soon as possible.
79. Prices are rising _____ (持续地), which makes people feel worried.
80. The doctor _____ (警告) his patient not to smoke, or his disease would be worse.

第二节 短文改错(共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同学们交换修改作文, 请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误, 每句中最多有两处。错误涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加: 在缺词处加一个漏字符号(Λ), 并在其下面写上该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改: 在错的词下划一横线, 并在该词下面写上修改后的词。

注意: 1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处, 多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

In order to encourage the students take outdoor exercise, our school organized the mountain-climbing on April 10. Hundred of us took part in it.

It was a nice day. At 8:00 am, we gathered at the foot of Daqing Mountain and sets out for the top in high spirits. All the way we were chatting, singing and laughing, enjoy the fresh air and the beautiful scenery. When some fell behind, others would come or offer help. About 2 hours later, we all reached the top. Bathed in sunshine, we jumped and cheered for joy.

The activity benefited us a lot. Not only did it get us closely to nature and give us relaxation from heavy school work, it was also promoted the friendship among us. How a wonderful time!

第三节 书面表达(满分 25 分)

假定你是李华。你的英国朋友 Jimmy 对中国的节日文化比较感兴趣, 请你给他写一封英文短信介绍中国的春节。内容包括:

1. 庆祝春节的时间;
2. 常见的春节习俗、活动;
3. 春节对中国人的重要性。

注意: 1. 词数 100 左右;

2. 可适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯;

3. 开头和结尾已为你写好。

Dear Jimmy,

How are you? I am writing to tell you something about Spring Festival.

Best wishes!

Yours,
Li Hua