

2019 年春季学期第一次月考英语（高一）

满分：150 分 时间：120 分钟

第一部分 听力（共两节，满分 30 分）

第一节（共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话，每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题，每段对话仅读一遍。

1. When does the train leave for Chicago?

- A. At 9:10 a.m. B. At 9:20 a.m. C. At 9:40 a.m.

2. What sport does the man like most?

- A. Jogging. B. Swimming. C. Basketball.

3. What will the speakers have?

- A. A salad. B. Hamburgers. C. Meatballs.

4. How many people will play poker?

- A. Six. B. Five. C. Four.

5. Why will the woman buy the white car?

- A. Its appearance is cool. B. It's more comfortable. C. It's environmentally friendly.

第二节（共 15 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分）

听下面 5 段对话或独白，每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6~7 题。

6. Whom did the woman buy the sweater for?

- A. A friend. B. A family member. C. Herself.

7. What will the woman do next?

- A. Talk to the manager. B. Show the receipt. C. Leave the store.

听第 7 段材料，回答第 8~9 题。

8. What does the man want to do on Wednesday night?

- A. Watch a show. B. Clean the house. C. Finish his homework.

9. Where will the woman be on Thursday night?

- A. At a restaurant. B. At her apartment. C. At the Global Theater.

听第 8 段材料，回答第 10~12 题。

10. Where will the vegetables be from?

- A. The grocery store. B. The man's backyard. C. The woman's vegetable garden.

11. According to the man, who grow their own vegetables?

- A. Housewives. B. Old people. C. Young people.

12. What day is the party?

A. Thursday.

B. Friday.

C. Saturday.

听第 9 段材料, 回答第 13~16 题。

13. Where is the little house?

A. Near a fruit farm

B. Three blocks from the ocean.

C. On the rainy side of the island.

14. Why doesn't the man consider the first place?

A. There's no TV.

B. It's too cold there.

C. There's no air conditioner.

15. What do we know about the second place?

A. It doesn't have a dryer.

B. It provides toothbrushes.

C. It has a big swimming pool.

16. What will the woman do next?

A. Pack for a trip.

B. Make a phone call.

C. Go grocery shopping.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 17~20 题。

17. Which floor did the fire destroy?

A. The first floor.

B. The second floor.

C. The third floor.

18. When was the building built?

A. In 1718.

B. In 1782.

C. In 1930.

19. What was the building used as at the time of the fire?

A. A hotel.

B. A history museum.

C. An old people's home.

20. What probably caused the fire?

A. The lightning.

B. Old electric wires.

C. A burning cigarette.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

A

Become a TFK Kid Reporter

Do you dream of being a reporter or an editor? Are you a good writer who loves the news? If so, you may have what it takes to be a winner in the TFK Kid Reporter Talent Search.

We are looking for ten students from around the nation. We will choose them to be members of the TFK Kid Reporter team for the new School Year.

Next year's team will continue the tradition of reporting local and regional news stories for TIME For Kids.

Professional reporters from TIME For Kids will choose this team. In the past, TFK Kid Reporters have:

- ★ Interviewed national leaders, celebrities (名人), and other newsmakers.
- ★ Written news stories, reviews and opinion pieces for TIME For Kids.
- ★ Learned about the news business from award-winning reporters who work at TIME.
- ★ Appeared on television to talk about their work.

How to Enter:

1. Include a report that you have written about an interesting event in your school or community. The story should include its main idea and quotes (引言) from people whom you

have interviewed.

2. You have to hand in your report by June 19. You must be 13 years of age or younger on September 1.

Contest begins: 12:01 am on March 20

Contest ends: 11:59 pm on June 19

You are welcome to enter our contest! Good luck!

21. Who can enter the contest?

A. Lily, a 12-year-old girl.

B. Peter, a 14-year-old boy.

C. Laura, a 16-year-old girl.

D. Eddie, an 18-year-old boy.

22. If you want to enter the contest, what should you do?

A. Talk about your work on TV.

B. Present your report by June 19.

C. Interview a famous person.

D. Provide your idea before March 20.

23. The winners of the contest will _____.

A. become interested in news

B. be able to write news stories

C. be good at interviewing others

D. join the TFK Kid Reporter team

B

I went to the Tsavo National Park in northern Kenya for a film. We set off early for a distant water hole. A huge elephant covered with dry mud, drank calmly and deeply. He might have traveled 50 km to reach the water. He wasn't going to hurry now. We thought that he'd drink a while and rest in the shade, and then drink again. What actually happened was that he drank deeply and stepped away. Then he suddenly fell down. Within minutes he was dead.

We called animal doctor Jeremiah Poghon immediately. He removed the head of a poisoned arrow from the elephant's body, and let out over 100 liters of pus(脓)--the result of the elephant's meeting with a poacher months ago.

Today's poacher shoots from a distance. An arrow, covered with poison, is fired into the body of an elephant. If the poacher is lucky, the elephant might die in an hour or two; if not, he might have to follow the elephant for days before it dies. Often the arrow head fails to kill the elephant at once-- it doesn't mean the poison won't finally kill the elephant, but it will be a slow death.

Living in Tsavo through these times, I could see the results of poaching from time to time. When I think about the death of that elephant, what stays with me is the extraordinary silence after the shocking sound of his body hitting the ground. I took some comfort from the knowledge that as the dead body returned to the soil, some animals would benefit-- but I couldn't escape the feeling that with the death of such a large animal, the world seemed to be a poorer and emptier place.

24. While filming near the water hole, the author and his team _____.

A. knew the elephant was injured

B. found the elephant acted violently

C. tried their best to save the elephant

D. thought the elephant was in good condition

25. According to the passage, the underlined word "poacher" is probably _____.

26. Further examination showed that the dead elephant .

Good afternoon, and welcome to England. We hope that your visit here will be a pleasant one. Today, I would like to draw your attention to a few of our laws.

The first one is about drinking. Now, you may not buy alcohol (酒) in this country if you are under 18 years of age, nor may your friends buy it for you.

Secondly, noise. Enjoy yourselves by all means, but please don't make unnecessary noise, particularly at night. We ask you to respect other people who may wish to be quiet.

Thirdly, crossing the road. Be careful! The traffic moves on the left side of the road in this country. Use pedestrian crossings (人行横道) and do not take any chances when crossing the road.

My next point is about litter (throwing away waste material in a public place). It is an offence (违法行为) to drop litter in the street. When you have something to throw away, please put it in your pocket and take it home, or put it in a litter bin.

Finally, as regards something, it is against the law to buy cigarettes or tobacco (烟草) if you are under 16 years of age.

I'd like to finish by saying that if you require any sort of help or assistance, you should contact your local police station, who will be pleased to help you.

Now, are there any questions?

28. The main purpose of this speech would be to _____.

D

From a young age, it was my dream to go to Africa and work with animals. Everybody

laughed at me, but my mother, Vanne, told me never to give up, and that I could always find a way. So, when I was 23, after saving up my earnings from working as a waitress, I went to wild Africa and began my work. In 1960 I went to the Gombe Stream Chimpanzee(黑猩猩)Reserve(保护区). At that time, we knew nothing of the behavior for social structure of chimps, and I was to go there and see what I could find out. Usually, when you wake up, you leave your dreams behind you, but I found myself waking up into my dream.

As the British government wouldn't let me go without older women's company, my amazing mother--then in her mid-fifties--came with me and stayed for four months. We shared a second-hand army tent, and we used the stream for fresh water and washing. We could swim in the lake, although there were crocodiles.

It was surprisingly beautiful there, although both my mother and I nearly died of malaria(痢疾). I was scared I wouldn't be able to do what I had set out to, because, at first, the chimps ran away from me in fear. I spent my days watching, listening, tracking and, in the evening, writing up my notes.

For my mother, who stayed back at the camp, it must have been terrifying, and very lonely. There were snakes and spiders, as well as an old leopard(豹)who would come by. But she had an amazing way with people, and would hand out medicines to the fishermen, who saw her as a kind of doctor.

In my fifth month there, I finally saw one of the chimps, which I called David Grebeard, stripping(剥光)straw to "fish" for termites(白蚁). I proved that man was not the only toolmaker, and that everything had to be redefined.

32. In the author's opinion ____.

- A.an organization supported her trip to Africa
- B.no one wanted to accompany her to work with animals
- C.it was her mother's encouragement that helped her realize her dream
- D.her dream to go to Africa and work with animals was easy to realize

33. It can be inferred from the first paragraph that ____

- A.the author was scared of chimps
- B.the author was familiar with chimps' habits
- C.the author became the head of the reserve(保护区)
- D.the author was pleased with her work in the reserve

34. How did the author feel about her life in wild Africa ?

- A.It was exciting and adventurous
- B.It was boring and dangerous
- C.It was meaningless but pleasant
- D.It was not worth the author's efforts

35. Working with the animals, the author found that ____.

- A.the animals in fact are not dangerous
- B.many animals are good medicines to doctors
- C.the chimps are in fact cleverer than human beings
- D.some animals can make tools like human beings

第二节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Everyone knows that fish is good for health. 36 But it seems that many people don't cook fish at home. Americans eat only about fifteen pounds of fish per person per year, but we eat twice as much fish in restaurants as at home. Buying, storing, and cooking fish isn't difficult. 37 This text is about how to buy and cook fish in an easy way.

38 Fresh fish should smell sweet: you should feel that you're standing at the ocean's edge. Any fishy or strong smell means the fish isn't fresh.

39 When you have bought a fish and arrive home, you'd better store the fish in the refrigerator if you don't cook it immediately, but fresh fish should be stored in your fridge for only a day or two. Frozen fish isn't as tasty as the fresh one.

There are many common methods used to cook fish. 40 First, clean it and season it with your choice of spices(调料). Put the whole fish on a plate and steam it in a steam pot for 8 to 10 minutes if it weighs about one pound.(A larger one will take more time.) Then, it's ready to serve.

- A. The fats in fish are thought to help prevent heart disease.
- B. The fish will go bad within hours
- C. When buying fish, you should first smell it.
- D. It just requires a little knowledge.
- E. This is how you can do it.
- F. The easiest is to steam it.
- G. Do not buy it.

第三部分 语言知识运用(共两节, 满分 45 分)

第一节 完形填空(共 20 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Long before, there was a father who had two sons. One day, he 41 to his sons, "My sons, I am about to 42. But before I die I want to see you in your 43 homes. And I'm giving you one month to 44 your own homes."

So the two sons rushed out and the first one went to the roadside and began 45 trees and building himself a big house. The second one, 46, went out and started 47 special relationships with various families. So he became like the adopted (被收养的) child of different 48.

Then after a month, the two brothers 49 to their father. The father went with the first son and saw that the son had built many huts (小屋). And as he was 50 by each hut, he said, "Is there anybody in these huts?"

And the son said, "No."

Then the father became very 51 because he had no one to serve food. So they went with

the second son, who 52 them to the first family which adopted him. And he 53 them to his father saying, “ These are my father and my brothers.”

And the father received them very 54, and gave them a big feast(盛宴). Then they went on to the second family that 55 him , and were given another feast.

After 56 in the family they came back, and the father said, “ This is what I 57 when I said you should make yourself a home. The 58 is not just a series of huts or a 59 and beautiful house. It is 60 and warmth and friendships with other people.”

- | | | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|
| 41. A. added | B. said | C. referred | D. pointed |
| 42. A. fail | B. die | C. leave | D. change |
| 43. A. beautiful | B. proper | C. own | D. messy |
| 44. A. control | B. decorate | C. arrange | D. build |
| 45. A. cutting down | B. cutting up | C. taking down | D. taking up |
| 46. A. meanwhile | B. however | C. therefore | D. besides |
| 47. A. appealing | B. solving | C. forming | D. attaching |
| 48. A. grades | B. rooms | C. groups | D. families |
| 49. A. came back | B. settled down | C. headed for | D. turned to |
| 50. A. walking | B. running | C. rolling | D. driving |
| 51. A. amazed | B. stubborn | C. hungry | D. sincere |
| 52. A. presented | B. sent | C. drew | D. took |
| 53. A. announced | B. suggested | C. explained | D. introduced |
| 54. A. truly | B. peacefully | C. warmly | D. selflessly |
| 55. A. rescued | B. adopted | C. educated | D. replaced |
| 56. A. eating | B. washing | C. resting | D. visiting |
| 57. A. showed | B. finished | C. promised | D. meant |
| 58. A. house | B. home | C. factory | D. cottage |
| 59. A. modern | B. small | C. big | D. modest |
| 60. A. love | B. degree | C. success | D. light |

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Just imagine. You are walking 61 _____ a mountain path in the Himalayas. You are feeling 62 _____ (tire). You are thinking about how far there is 63 _____ (go). Then, 64 _____ (sudden) you are there! And the amazing Mount Qomolangma is on the horizon. It looks great. A few minutes 65 _____ (late), you arrive at the camp. The food 66 _____ (cook) on the fire smells great and while you are having a hot cup of tea, you relax and watch the sun go down. At dinner, the food 67 _____ (taste) fantastic. You talk with other people in the group about everything you 68 _____ (see) and done during your 69 _____ (day) hiking. If you are looking for 70 _____ (experience) like this, Adventure 2000 is the organization for you.

第四部分 写作 (共两节, 满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文，请你修改你同桌写的以下作文，文中共有 10 处语言错误，每句中最多有两处，每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删改或修改。

增加：在缺词处加一个漏字符号（Λ），并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除：把多余的词用斜线（\）划掉。

修改：在错的词下划一横线，并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意：1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词；

只允许修改 10 处，多者（从第 11 处起）不计分。

One afternoon Jack is walking down a river alone. It was very cold day and on the river few boats could be seen. When he stopped on a bridge and look down, he saw a terrible scene. A boy fell of a canoe(独木筏) and was struggling in the water. Without think about himself, Jack jumped into the river and to save the boy. He was about to drag the boy to the river bank then he saw some people stand in a motor boat under the bridge. One of them holding a camera in his hands stared at Jack and said angrily, "They are making a film and you've spoiled our whole afternoon's works!"

第二节 书面表达（满分 25 分）

假定你是某中学的学生李华。请用英语给出版社编辑写一封信，表达你对现在使用的英语教材的看法。

内容主要包括：

- 优点：1. 话题广泛；
2. 图片丰富；
3. 有助于提高学习兴趣。

建议：适当降低词汇难度。

- 注意：1. 词数 100 左右；
2. 可以适当增加细节，以使行文连贯；
3. 开头语已为你写好，不计入总词数。

Dear Editor,

As a student reader, I am writing to talk about the English textbooks published by your house.

Best regards,
Li Hua

参考答案

听力 (30 分)

1—5 ABBAC 6—10 BAABC 11—15 BACAC 16—20 BCACC

阅读理解 (40 分)

21—23 ABD 24—27 DAAD 28—31 DCDA

32—35 CDAD 36—40 ADCBF

完型填空 (30 分)

41—45 BBCDA 46—50 BCDAA 51—55 CDDCB 56—60 ADBCA

语法填空 (共 10 小题, 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

61. along 62. tired 63. to go 64. suddenly 65. later 66. cooked 67. tastes
68. have seen 69. day's 70. experiences

短文改错 (10 分)

One afternoon Jack is ~~was~~ walking down a river alone. It was a very cold day and on the river

few boats could be seen. When he stopped on a bridge and look ~~looked~~ down, he saw a terrible

scene. A boy fell of ~~off~~ a canoe(独木筏) and was struggling in the water. Without

think ~~thinking~~ about himself, Jack jumped into the river ~~and~~ to save the boy. He was about to

drag the boy to the river bank then ~~when~~ he saw some people stand ~~s tan ding~~ in a motor boat
under the bridge. One of them holding a camera in his hands stared at Jack and said angrily,

They ~~we~~ are making a film and you' ve spoiled our whole afternoon's works ~~work~~ !"

书面表达 (25 分)

Dear Editor,

As a student reader, I am writing to talk about the English textbooks published by your house. These books have many advantages. One of them is that we can find a variety of topics, such as science, culture and history. These topics, I think, are very popular with us students. What's more, along with the texts there are many beautiful and colorful pictures, which can help us understand English better. Even the students who used to dislike English have turned out to be interested in the subject. However, some of the texts have too many new words and expressions which are hard for us. Therefore, I' d like to suggest changing them into easier ones.

Best regards,
Li Hua