

宝鸡中学2019届高三年级第一次模拟

英 语

注意事项:

1. 答卷前,考生务必将自己的姓名,准考证号填写在答题卡上。
2. 作答时,务必将答案写在答题卡上。写在本试卷及草稿纸上无效。
3. 考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分30分)

回答听力部分时,请先将答案标在试卷上。听力部分结束前,你将有两分钟的时间将答案转涂到客观题答题卡上。

第一节(共5小题;每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项。听完每段对话后,你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What do we learn about the woman's dog?
A. It is bigger than the man's dog. B. It is three years old.
C. It used to live at an animal shelter.
2. Where are the speakers?
A. In a hospital. B. In a classroom. C. In a museum.
3. What is the man doing?
A. Complaining. B. Giving advice. C. Asking for suggestions.
4. What does the man want to do?
A. Buy some curtains. B. Watch TV. C. Read a book.
5. How does the man feel about his students?
A. Proud. B. Worried. C. Unconcerned

第二节(共15小题;每小题1.5分,满分22.5分)

听下面5段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题5秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出5秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第6段材料,回答第6、7题。

6. What are the speakers mainly talking about?
A. The man's friend. B. The woman's date. C. A great movie.
7. How does the woman probably feel now?

- A. Excited. B. Calm. C. Confused.

听第7段材料,回答第8至10题。

8. What did the woman first notice about the room?
A. A problem with the beds. B. The lack of an ocean view. C. A bad smell.
 9. What does the man suggest doing?
A. Changing rooms. B. Getting their money back.
C. Calling housekeeping.
 10. How did the man learn about the hotel?
A. From a friend. B. From a website. C. From a travel agent.
- 听第8段材料,回答第11至13题。
11. How does the woman feel about the man's password?
A. Surprised. B. Confused. C. Unconcerned.
 12. According to the woman, how long should a password be?
A. At least four characters. B. Exactly eight characters. C. At least eight characters.
 13. What happened in 2007?
A. The man got his driver's license.
B. The man bought a dog.
C. A family member was born.
- 听第9段材料,回答第14至17题。

14. Where did Mary grow up?
A. In Hollywood. B. In New York City. C. In London.
15. What did Mary do on her 14th birthday?
A. She saw a Harrison Ford movie in the theater.
B. She watched a movie being made.
C. She acted in her first film.
16. How did Mary's mother feel about her acting?
A. She didn't want Mary to be like her. B. She didn't take Mary seriously.
C. She told Mary to make her own decision.
17. In what way does Mary look like her mother?
A. They have the same eyes. B. Their noses look alike.
C. They have the same skin color.

听第10段材料,回答第18至20题。

18. What did Nelson Mandela study in college?
A. Politics. B. Law. C. Business.
19. How did Nelson Mandela fight against apartheid(种族隔离制度) at first?
A. By doing things in a peaceful way. B. By using violence.
C. By threatening the government.
20. What happened after the 1994 election?
A. Nelson Mandela went into prison.
B. Nelson Mandela became South Africa's president.
C. Apartheid was still a part of how South Africa was run.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分 40 分)



第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 30 分)



阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C、和 D 四个选项中,选出最佳选项。

A

Robot exhibition to attract eyeballs in CHTF

Do you want to build a smart home, smart school, smart industry or smart government? If so, please come to this year's China Hi - Tech Fair (CHTF) scheduled to be held in Shenzhen during Nov 16 and 21 ,which will highlight world's top - level artificial intelligence robot products in the field. Here are some star robots for you to select.

Robot Name	Description	price	Size and picture
Health Care Robot (HCR)	<p>This is a multi - functional robot for home healthcare detection. Equipped with color LCD/LED screen, it can show various information.</p> <p>Healthcare detection: this robot can give you a quick and convenient heart rate, blood pressure, blood sugar detection and the data detected can be supplied to the doctor for reference. It can have a video chat with the doctors in English or Chinese remotely for a tele - visit every day for patients.</p>	US \$ 1,990	<p>Height: 115cm Weight: 20kg Color: blue</p> 
Humanoid Woman Robot (HWR)	<p>Head Function: She is a beauty who has moving eyelids, moving eyeballs, moving head talking in sweet gentle voice. She has rich facial expressions and emotions: smile, joy, anger, sorrow, sadness, and disappointment, most true to human beings. For this reason, she is voted as the most lifelike humanoid robot this year.</p> <p>Talking Function: It can talk and communicate with people in both English and Chinese used for reception, interpretation home companion.</p>	US \$ 3,999	<p>Height: 168cm Weight: 50kg sex: female Skin: white, yellow, brown</p> 

Humanoid ServiceRobot (HSR)	<p>1. The body height, body type, and face of the robots are the same as human beings. It can show facial expressions. Support walking without any obstacle independently and face recognition.</p> <p>2. Robots with strong arms can transport goods, food, living garbage, medicine, to the specific place acting as a waiter, nurse, disabled care helper.</p> <p>3. People can conveniently communicate with robots in both Chinese and English.</p>	US \$ 18,500	<p>Height: 185cm Weight: 78kg Skin: white</p> 
Children Education Robot (CER)	<p>The humorous lovely cartoonlike face is displayed with various expressions, which can generate an emotional interaction with the child in sweet childlike voice.</p> <p>It can chat with kids in both English and Chinese. It can not only help your children learn subjects in school but also give guidance in their homework. Also she can dance, sing songs, tell fairy tales and answer questions.</p> <p>This robot may change your children's bad habits, for example, long time watching TV, or being addicted to playing network games.</p>	US \$ 1,550	<p>Height: 158cm Weight: 45kg Color: various Appearance: cartoonlike</p> 

21. Which of the following is the common function of the four robots?
- A. Showing facial expressions.
B. Talking in both Chinese and English.
C. Accompanying lonely people.
D. Doing housework.
22. Humanoid Woman Robot is honored as the most lifelike this year mainly because _____.
- A. she can walk independently
B. she has sweet gentle voice
C. she can show various information
D. she has rich expressions and emotions
23. Which robot will you choose if you have a naughty child at home?
- A. HCR
B. HWR
C. HSR
D. CER

B

China's restaurant chain serving Shaxian county cuisine(菜肴) opened its first branch in the United States in October, but closed three hours after it opened to the public—as all dishes on the menu were sold out, but many customers were still queuing up.

Originating in Shaxian county, East China's Fujian province, the Shaxian Delicacies(美食) restaurant chain has already become a great success in China, presenting customers with traditional snacks such as peanut butter noodles and pork wontons(馄饨). These cuisines originated more than 1,000 years ago and spread as locals left their hometown for work in faraway places.

Now, these snacks have hit the streets of New York City and captured local tastes. The newly opened restaurant in Brooklyn has received an order every two minutes during busy hours over the past month. To create a clean and bright environment, the owner of the Shaxian Delicacies branch in New York, Shao Binfang, a 34-year-old Chinese American born in Fuzhou, designed an open kitchen in her restaurant. "When the customers can see the cooking process, it puts them at ease over food safety," said Shao.

Early this year, the head company set up its first overseas franchise(专卖店) at Takadanobaba Station in Tokyo, Japan. The store reportedly made 200,000 yen (about 11,950 yuan) just five hours after opening. As of the end of September, the 80-square-meter restaurant has monthly sales of around 5 million yen. The industry development center of the brand said that over 10 countries including the United States, Britain, Argentina, Australia and Canada, have shown interest in the chain.

Wu Shaohua, owner of the Shaxian Delicacies restaurants in Bordeaux, Portugal, specially prepares "fried meat" and "fried spring rolls" for local citizens who like fried food. And to meet the different tastes in different areas and deliver half-finished products to its stores worldwide, the Shaxian Delicacies is building a "central kitchen." With its good quality and competitive price, Shaxian Delicacies has become an important local industry, creating sales of over 10 billion yuan annually.

24. What can we know about Shaxian county cuisine from the first paragraph?

- A. It was popular with Americans on its opening day.
- B. It had to close down for not meeting the native taste.
- C. Its business only lasted three hours due to poor management.
- D. It suffered great failure from its first branch in America.

25. Which of the following is true about Shao Binfang?

- A. She is a native America enjoying Chinese food.
- B. She has a strong sense to remove eaters' worry about food safety.
- C. She is the first Chinese citizen to design an open kitchen.
- D. She set up her first oversea franchise in Tokyo, Japan.

26. What can we infer from Wu Shaohua's business strategy?

- A. Small profits but quick return.
- B. A gentleman loves money but gets it legally.
- C. A kind manner brings in money.
- D. Do as Romans do with good quality and fair price.

27. Where does the text probably come from?

- A. A health notebook.
- B. A travel advertisement.
- C. A cuisine magazine.
- D. An agriculture newspaper.

C

As is often the case with my three friends, one had lost her way in her project and was mentally exhausted. Yet she was afraid to open up to her teacher and asked for his help. Another friend struggled with anxiety, which made her uncomfortable in the crowded office she shared with other students. But she could not bring herself to ask her department head for help. Yet another person had a mental breakdown because she wasn't able to get any essay advice from her teacher.

So it was the same with me. Facing a conference room of more than 150 people, I became so nervous that my hands were shaking and my stomach began to twist in pain. I knew that I couldn't deliver a talk about mental health without including some of my personal story. I worried what they would think of me if I talked about my experiences with these conditions. I had decided to give this talk because I was tired of keeping this secret, but I also knew of many other students who were going through similar challenges.

As I stood there for those 15 minutes talking about my personal experiences with mental illness, I had never felt quite so calm and frank. I talked about how I struggled during low weeks. I spoke about how I had been suicidal(自杀) in the past and the shame surrounding it.

The few seconds after my closing sentence felt among the longest in my life. When I had referred to my talking summary many months before, I thought that the whole sufferings would be worth it if I just could reach one person in the audience.

Instead, I was met with hugs from my colleagues, applause, and warm words. Many people came forward to share their own experiences. Many more thanked me and told me how moved they were by my honesty. A number of people asked whether I'd be willing to deliver my talk again.

28. What phenomenon is described in the first paragraph?

- A. Some people are very brave to share their secrets.
- B. All the people have their own difficulties.
- C. Some people are too worried to speak out their real mind.
- D. People are always willing to talk with strangers.

29. How did the writer feel before she had to open her personal story?

- A. Nervous and worried.
- B. Annoyed but quiet.
- C. Painful but excited.
- D. Joyful and shy.

30. From the underlined sentence in paragraph 4, we can infer that the writer _____.

- A. was still nervous while making the speech
- B. made an unsuccessful speech
- C. didn't expect too much about her speech
- D. was disappointed at her speech.

31. What mainly made the writer's speech a success?

- A. The audience's sympathy.
- B. The audience's enthusiasm.
- C. The writer's miserable story.
- D. The writer's honesty.

D

A Chinese biological researcher named HeJiankui from China's Southern University of Science and Technology in the southern city of Shenzhen declares in interviews with the Associated Press (the AP) that he successfully created the world's first genetically-edited(基因编辑) twin baby girls, Lulu and Nana, who can be prevented from being infected with HIV, which has caused heated arguments among those in academy and the public.

As soon as the news was announced, many scientists working in genetics say they believe

such experimentation is dangerous. On Monday, more than 120 scholars from famous universities and institutes from China and abroad such as Tsinghua University and the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, strongly blamed the research in a signed statement, saying the “research” seriously goes against medical ethics(伦理学), which is “crazy”. Nevertheless in the interview, HeJiankui defended his work. He said he had performed the gene editing mainly just to help protect the babies from future infection of HIV.

Kiran Musunuru, a University of Pennsylvania gene editing expert and editor of a genetics journal, disproved his defense. He told the Associated Press that if such an experiment had been carried out on human beings, it could not be “morally or ethically forgivable.” Julian Savulescu, a medical ethics expert at Britain’s University of Oxford, said, “Once a living human is produced in this way, his or her genes will be mixed with human genes of others, and no one can realize the effects beforehand, ZhaiXiaomei, a professor from Beijing Union Medical College Hospital said, “The Pandora’s Box(灾难之源) has been opened, but we may still have a chance of closing it before it is too late.”

However, one well-known geneticist, George Church from Harvard University defended the attempt to edit genes to prevent infections of HIV. He told the AP that since HIV is a major and growing public health threat he finds such experiments justifiable, adding that gene editing is not something to be afraid of, and he doesn’t think what he has done will affect the core human genome(基因组). As for side effects, they may not be very serious.

32. Why are more than 120 scholars strongly against HeJiankui’s research?

- A. Because he breaks medical ethics.
- B. Because his research caused heated argument.
- C. Because he did a crazy experiment.
- D. Because his research goes against medical law.

33. Which expert is **not** opposed to HeJiankui’s research in the text?

- A. Savulescu B. ZhaiXiaomei C. George Church D. Kiran Musunuru

34. What does the underlined word **justifiable** in the last paragraph mean?

- A. wrong B. reasonable C. illegal D. responsible

35. What is the best title for the text?

- A. HeJiankui, a Crazy Biologist
- B. Gene-editing Research Caused Heated Arguments
- C. A Widely Praised Research
- D. A Good Way to Prevent Infections of HIV

第二节(共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Defining a Better Life for Yourself

Determine your values. Think about what it is that you want. 36 What are the ways that you want to improve to have a better life? Maybe you want to make more money or you want to be a better parent or extract more meaning from your job; whatever the case, think about it deeply and listen to your inner feelings.

Be willing to adapt. 37, it is difficult to get. If you define your values in such a way that

you are willing to adapt or make compromises(妥协), you will probably be happier and eventually have a better life in the long run, since you won’t often feel so let down.

38. If you found that, for example, improving your work life is important to you, you could then take steps to improve that of your life. For example, you might decide to start taking night classes to become a lawyer or a physiotherapist(理疗师).

Set realistic goals. An unrealistic goal would be something like you becoming the best lawyer in the world and making five million dollars a year your first year out of law school. 39, and instead, set goals that are precise, measurable, available, relevant, and time-bound.

Keep in mind that it is OK to change directions. Continue to check in on your values. Be sure to ask yourself from time to time about the value you place on each part of your life. You may find that your values change over time as you have additional life experiences. So it’s necessary to change your direction. It doesn’t mean that you are a failure to turn your energy to other parts of your life. 40.

- A. What do you value?
- B. Avoid doing that
- C. What do you really want?
- D. Accept where you are
- E. Take actionable steps to change
- F. On the contrary, it means that you have changed your preferences and values
- G. Sometimes no matter how much you may want something

第三部分 英语知识运用(共两节,满分45分)

第一节(共20小题;每小题1.5分,满分30分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

There’s a saying that busy people are the ones that get things done. I wholeheartedly 41 this and have even based much of my life on this 42. I’ve worked hard to become a(n) 43 student and participated in after-class activities. Speaking in public has taught me how to be comfortable speaking in front of a 44. Being in the public eye has 45 helped me keep a good self-image, 46 I’ve become a role model for younger students and 47 my school in activities.

I believe leadership is a very important quality. Being President of CHS Key Club 48 an amount of responsibility and leadership, but 49 the club in volunteer activities is well worth the effort. Another leadership 50 I hold is the *shift manager* (值班经理) at our local video store.

I 51 the store, deal with 52, organize and sort orders, manage the cash register, and close at the end of the day. 53 a small business has helped me 54 more about responsibility and social skills.

In order to reach my goals after high school, I know further 55 is necessary, which will help me gain a university degree and present more chances for my future. I want to take a job that will 56 me to help people and after being a volunteer at a hospital, I’m now certain that I want

to go into the 57 field.

Put everything we have into everything we do—this is my 58. Learning how to keep up with after-class activities has helped me realize my own potential and realize keeping my 59 to myself is only going to hold me back. The activities have helped me realize what it means to set a goal for myself and 60 it.

- | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| 41. A. depend on | B. believe in | C. care about | D. listen to |
| 42. A. poster | B. note | C. motto | D. phrase |
| 43. A. excellent | B. proud | C. sweet | D. brave |
| 44. A. teacher | B. companion | C. crowd | D. manager |
| 45. A. possibly | B. certainly | C. strangely | D. similarly |
| 46. A. because | B. though | C. if | D. while |
| 47. A. teach | B. represent | C. build | D. enter |
| 48. A. lacks | B. creates | C. analyzes | D. requires |
| 49. A. inviting | B. forming | C. joining | D. leading |
| 50. A. style | B. campaign | C. role | D. election |
| 51. A. decorate | B. open | C. visit | D. find |
| 52. A. customers | B. neighbors | C. relatives | D. waiters |
| 53. A. Owning | B. Running | C. Growing | D. Leaving |
| 54. A. admit | B. learn | C. share | D. explain |
| 55. A. research | B. practice | C. performance | D. education |
| 56. A. force | B. request | C. allow | D. forbid |
| 57. A. medical | B. industrial | C. educational | D. commercial |
| 58. A. order | B. imagination | C. warning | D. theory |
| 59. A. experience | B. voice | C. talents | D. reports |
| 60. A. stick to | B. think of | C. look for | D. talk about |

第二节(共10小题;每小题1.5分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

The next time your brain refuses 61 (recall) a simple fact or a name, be thankful. That's because according to University of Toronto researchers Richards and Frankland, it could 62 (possible) be a sign that your brain is getting rid of unnecessary information so that it can function more efficiently, and help you make better 63 (decide).

The researchers say there are many studies 64 (conduct) on how the brain stores information. However, it is only lately 65 scientists have begun paying attention 66 forgetting. Richards and Frankland, who 67 (publish) their findings in the journal Neuron in April, 2017, have a theory about why the brain spends so much energy erasing memories.

In addition, the team believes that keeping too much detail could prevent us 68 (make) good decisions. "We all admire the person 69 can win a quiz competition, but the fact is that our memory is shaped not to win a trivia game (知识问答游戏), but to make intelligent decisions," says Richards. "And when you look at what's needed to make intelligent decisions, we would argue that it's 70 (health) to forget some things."

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分35分)

第一节 短文改错(共10小题;每小题1分,满分10分)

假如英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文,请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有10处语言错误,每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除、或修改。

增加:在缺词处加一个漏字符号(Λ),并在其下面写上该加的词。

删除:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改:在错的词下划一横线,并在该词下面写上修改后的词。

注意:1. 每次错误以及修改仅限一词;

只允许修改10处,多者(从第11处起)不计分。

Our school is holding an activity to help a school in the poor area, which not only help the students there enrich their lives but also enables us to feel the joy of sharing and appreciate it what we have by helping others.

Here is that we can do. First, we can donate our using books, clothes, basketballs, electronic products and so on to them. Second, we can write letters to them regular to share opinions and make friend with them. In addition, invite them to our homes to spend holidays is a good way, where may give them some unforgettable experiences.

You all are welcome to join in the activity do what you can to make the better world for us all!

第二节 书面表达(满分25分)

2019年中英中学生国际文化交流冬令营(Winter Camp)将在英国爱丁堡(Edinburgh)举办,该活动组委会正在其官方网站上招募参与者。假设你是新华中学(Xinhua High School)的学生李华,对该活动很感兴趣。请你用英文填写网上申请表(仅需填写“申请陈述”部分),内容应包括:

1. 有意参加;2. 简述自身条件(如性格、兴趣、特长等);3. 说明你在此活动中能起到的作用。

注意:1. 词数100左右;2. 开头已给出,不计入总词数;

3. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

Application Form

Name	Li Hua	Gender	Female	Age	18
Email address	Lihua@Xinghuahighschool.edu.cn				
Statement of Application					
I am a student from Xinhua High School.					