

高二英语

2019.1

本试卷分第Ⅰ卷和第Ⅱ卷两部分,共12页。满分150分。考试限定用时120分钟。考试结束后,将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

注意事项:

1. 答题前,考生务必用0.5毫米黑色签字笔将自己的姓名、座号、考生号、县区和科类填写在答题卡和试卷规定的位置上。
2. 第Ⅰ卷每小题选出答案后,用2B铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑;如需改动,用橡皮擦干净后,再选涂其他答案标号。
3. 第Ⅱ卷必须用0.5毫米黑色签字笔作答,答案必须写在答题卡各题目指定区域内相应的位置;如需改动,先划掉原来的答案,然后再写上新的答案;不能使用涂改液、胶带纸、修正带。不按以上要求作答的答案无效。

第Ⅰ卷

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分30分)

做题时,先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后,你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节 (共5小题;每小题1.5分,满分7.5分)

听下面5段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的A、B、C三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有10秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What did the woman do yesterday?
A. She finished her daily reports.
B. She typed an e-mail.
C. She had a meeting.
2. Where does the man plan to put the painting?
A. In the kitchen. B. In the living room. C. In the front hallway.
3. What happened to the man's son?
A. He had a car accident. B. He fell into water. C. He got lost.
4. When will the speakers probably go to the theater?
A. After 7:00 pm. B. After 8:00 pm. C. After 9:00 pm.

5. What does the woman mean?

- A. She is better than a repairman.
- B. She'll buy a new refrigerator.
- C. She wants to save money.

第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. When will the speakers visit the national lab?

- A. At 10:00 am.
- B. At 3:00 pm.
- C. At 7:00 pm.

7. What will the woman do on Saturday?

- A. Watch a game.
- B. Do some paperwork.
- C. Have a business dinner.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8、9 题。

8. What are the speakers mainly talking about?

- A. The environment.
- B. The apartment.
- C. The weather.

9. What is the woman going to do?

- A. Keep a cat.
- B. Sit in the sun.
- C. Buy an air conditioner.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. How will the man go to Colorado?

- A. By car.
- B. By train.
- C. By plane.

11. When will the man be back?

- A. On August 13.
- B. On August 15.
- C. On August 17.

12. Why will the woman go to San Francisco?

- A. To go sightseeing.
- B. To see her parents.
- C. To visit her friend.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. Why does the man call the woman?

- A. To buy a used computer.
- B. To have his computer cleaned.
- C. To place an ad in the newspaper.

14. How much will the man pay in total?
 A. \$500. B. \$525. C. \$550.
15. When will the speakers meet?
 A. At 10:00 am, tomorrow.
 B. At 9:00 am, Wednesday.
 C. At 10:00 am, Wednesday.
16. What does the man ask for in the end?
 A. The school's address. B. The woman's address. C. The new phone number.

听第 10 段材料, 回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. What does the speaker mainly talk about?
 A. How children spend their free time.
 B. How Australians enjoy themselves.
 C. What old people like in Australia.
18. What do most children do after school?
 A. Read books. B. Read newspapers. C. Go out to play games.
19. When do old people stay at home and watch TV?
 A. In the evening. B. In the afternoon. C. In the morning.
20. How do young people probably feel when they go home on Sundays?
 A. Nervous. B. Anxious. C. Relaxed.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节, 满分 50 分)

第一节 (共 16 小题; 每小题 2.5 分, 满分 40 分)

阅读下列短文, 从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

A

Great science and tech books to give your kids as presents

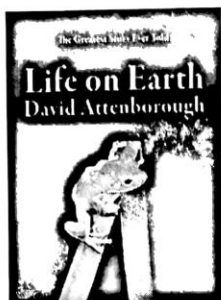


New from Carlo Rovelli

The Order of Time

Carlo Rovelli is the man who can spin hard physics into pure gold. *The Order of Time* is his third book. Like his first book, it has been an instant bestseller. This book advocating for a particular view of time is written for a lay audience with almost no math in it.

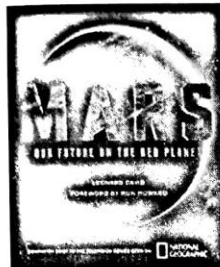
BEST FOR: precocious kids; lovers of lit-science



Life on Earth

First published in 1978, this natural history masterpiece was written by David Attenborough to accompany his TV series. In his second edition, he added new pictures and updated texts. *Life On Earth* offers a spectacular snapshot of a once-wild planet, where new species are still being discovered.

BEST FOR: all kids from 1978; all kids in 2018



Mars

After the news of a massive lake of water beneath Mars's south pole, the planet is definitely in the spotlight(聚光灯) this year. It is a must-have for all who are after deep details of how, for example, the Viking lander's biology lab actually worked.

BEST FOR: kids for space; Mars Society members



Unthinkable

Thinking you are a tiger, being lost in your own house and remembering every day of your life. We knew other people's brains were strange, but how strange is the subject of Helen Thomson's *Unthinkable*. She meets the real people whose brains create these odd experiences.

BEST FOR: kids; lovers of human oddness

21. What can we know about *The Order of Time*?

- A. It helps kids with math.
- B. It doubles the sales of the first book.
- C. It provides a special view of time.
- D. It is written by Helen Thomson.

22. Which book is republished?

- A. *Mars*.
- B. *Life on Earth*.
- C. *Unthinkable*.
- D. *The Order of Time*.

23. What makes the planet Mars the focus of this year?

- A. A new finding.
- B. A biology lab.
- C. The Viking lander.
- D. The South Pole.

24. Who are the books above intended for?

- A. Kids.
- B. Teachers.
- C. Parents.
- D. Scientists.

B

A month ago, I was travelling for work or taking care of our 40-acre horse farm in Texas. And for fun, my wife, Stephanie, and I took our horses on narrow paths every day. Stephanie and I had been in Colorado Springs with friends when I woke up at the middle of the night with discomfort in my chest. Stephanie and I drove to the emergency room. My 10-day vacation turned into a 10-day hospital stay. My souvenir was a scar from my chest to my belly.

Stephanie had to go to work so she encouraged me to try to take some steps. Minutes later, Stephanie came rushing back, carrying a puppy. "Where did you get that?" I asked. "In our mailbox. What a miracle!" Stephanie replied. "Aren't I enough of a burden? Do we really need a puppy? We're no strangers to the homeless. And I can't take care of myself. How could I babysit this puppy?" I said unhappily.

However, the puppy finally became one of our family members. Wherever I went, he would always follow. I tried to open the door to the yard. It was hard for me and I was a little afraid. Then the puppy ran ahead, looked back, and repeated the behaviour. He seemed to say "Come on", encouraging me to go ahead. I took a deep breath, and then a few steps, the puppy right at my side. I succeeded at last. Then we walked.

We named him Cheyenne. Before long, I was walking with Cheyenne every day. Pretty soon, I was strong enough to work on the farm again. I always wondered who put a puppy in a mailbox. Finally, it turned out that Cheyenne was what the doctor ordered for me.

25. What happened to the author during his vacation?

- A. He fell off a horse.
- B. He had a scar from burns.
- C. He met with a car accident.
- D. He had something wrong with the chest.

26. What is the author's attitude to the puppy at first?

- A. He believed it was a babysitter.
- B. He thought it a miracle to have it.
- C. He thought it troublesome to keep it.
- D. He would like to take care of it himself.

27. Which of the following can best describe the puppy?

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| A. Homeless and lonely. | B. Brave and aggressive. |
| C. Considerate and helpful. | D. Encouraging and energetic. |

28. What can be the best title of the text?

- A. A clever dog.
- B. A special treatment.
- C. A surprising gift.
- D. A family member.

C



Whether you do the robot, shake your tail feather or go full ballroom, dancing has benefits that go way beyond having a good time.

Not all of us have what it takes to be a dancing queen. But whether you are a politician with two left feet or a Strictly Come Dancing wannabe, if you like to dance you are in luck. Ballet, ballroom or break dancing, it doesn't matter; getting into the rhythm does wonders for you. And it's not just the joy of moving to music. Dancing is good for the brain too. It can change the way you think and even keep your mind sharp as you age.

"People are born to move. They are born to move rhythmically," says dance psychologist Peter Lovatt. Admittedly, we are not all blessed with the same degree of talent for it, but dancing is in human nature. People across almost all cultures have done it for as long as we know. Indeed, a sense of rhythm seems to be inborn. Brain activity in newborn babies shows that even they can spot when a drummer skips a beat.

Humans are not the only species with rhythm. The list is not long, but animals include elephants, sea lions and bonobos. One thing most of them have in common is a complex social life, leading to the idea that a sense of rhythm might have developed as part of a group's need to coordinate (协调) its actions. Indeed, studies show that when people move in synchrony (同时行动) they experience a stronger sense of community and are more selfless.

29. How can dancing make you in luck?

- A. It promises you a dancing queen.
- B. It makes you a good politician.
- C. It sharpens your mind.
- D. It unlocks your puzzles.

30. Why does the author mention "newborn babies" in paragraph 3?

- A. To show newborn babies can dance.
- B. To prove the sense of dancing is inborn.
- C. To stress the importance of earlier dancing.
- D. To encourage parents to help their babies to dance.

31. Which of the following is closely related to “a sense of rhythm”?

- A. Cooperation. B. Independence. C. Efficiency. D. Freedom.

32. Where does the text probably come from?

- A. A science fiction. B. A science report. C. A physics textbook. D. A travel brochure.

D

I used to run away in fear when I heard the buzzing of a bee. But after getting up close and personal with these insects at SeaWorld in Florida, bees seem less intimidating to me. SeaWorld is on a mission to help bees, where they are used to help heal injured animals such as turtles and manatees.

After I arrived at the theme park, Mark Russell, the animal park's director, had me suit up in a special suit to protect me from any stings(蜇). I was a bit nervous. “They are defensive in certain situations,” he said. “They will defend their colony(领地) and brood, but it's not aggression and they won't actively go after somebody.”

SeaWorld has a special location where they extract(汲取) honey from the comb. The honey is extracted using an extracting machine. After bottling up some honey, we met with Dr. Lara Croft to learn about how this honey is helping heal injured marine animals at the park.

Dr. Croft is a senior vet at SeaWorld. According to Dr. Croft, honey is used regularly to treat injured animals. “Honey has an antibacterial agent that works really well on wounds,” she said. She offered a first hand look at one of her current patients, an injured sea turtle with a crushed shell. She used the honey to coat the wounds and said that after a month or so this sea turtle would heal and be ready to head back out into the ocean.

Contrary to what many may believe, I found out from my trip to SeaWorld that honeybees are not simply waiting around to sting people. They perform a task that is vital to our ecosystem and survival. They help keep plants and crops alive and the honey produced has many healing qualities. No wonder bees are always busy working!

33. What does the underlined word “intimidating” in paragraph 1 probably mean?

- A. Busy. B. Friendly. C. Active. D. Scary.

34. What can we know from the park director?
- A. Bees sting just to defend. B. Bees attack actively.
C. Bees never go after anybody. D. Bees can help heal injured animals.
35. How does Dr. Croft help the injured sea turtle?
- A. By feeding honey. B. By dressing the wound.
C. By bathing the wound with honey. D. By covering the wound with honey.
36. What does the last paragraph mainly talk about?
- A. Bees' living habits. B. Bees' attitude to people.
C. Bees' working strategies. D. Bees' benefits to the world.

第二节 (共5小题;每小题2分,满分10分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

What makes a poem “good”?

The answer lies with the reader of the poem, but there is a certain agreement as to what makes a poem “good” or “bad.” The critic Coleridge made a comparison between prose (散文) and poetry. 37, while poetry is “the best words in their best order.”

38. The novelist can get away with less than precise (准确的) expression from time to time because the story will pull the reader along. The job of the poet is to create a picture in the mind and an emotion in the heart. Every single word counts. The wrong choice – a word with the wrong meaning or the wrong number of syllables or an unlovely combination of sounds – spoils all.

The underlying thought of the poem is also important. 39, but the most memorable poems also convey a universal truth. For me, a “good” poem leaves me with goosebumps along my arms. I think a poem is “bad” when it lacks a clear point and sounds like prose.

People are led to write a poem because they have been strongly moved by some event. 40. Only a few, however, succeed in turning the experience into a poem.

A successful poem doesn't have to rhyme or scan or have a certain pattern of lines. It does need to paint a picture with carefully chosen words. 41.

Fortunately, poets can study a wide variety of poetry – good and bad – in order to learn what works and what doesn't.

- A. Poetry demands precision
- B. Prose is “words in their best order”
- C. They wish to describe the experience in words
- D. Some poems are written to create a picture only
- E. It should have a point that a reader can respond to
- F. Prose and poetry differ both in terms of content and structure
- G. Writing a novel is a rewarding experience for the creative person

第三部分 语言运用(共三节,满分30分)

第一节 (共15小题;每小题1分,满分15分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的A、B、C和D四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

The Dad Club

Christmas Eve is unique in its power to create an experience shared by so many dads at the same time. Since the dawn of time, dads have been waiting for the kids to 42 so they can open boxes of toys, spread out their 43, and read directions in dim light. This is how it goes every year.

I remember I joined the 44 several years ago. I had 45 that first night from the other members of the club, the heroes who came 46 me: my dad and grandpa and uncles. The men I loved and admired most helped me.

I finally 47 things about my own dad I had never known before. I am 48 I understand now. My life would be 49 without appreciating his sacrifice and efforts to bring a 50 to my face on Christmas morning. So, this Christmas Eve I will renew my membership in the club. I will say, “No, thanks” when my wife asks if I 51 any help. This will be my 52 to be a good dad.

In the morning, when my seven-year-old daughter asks 53 I have Band-Aids (创可贴)

on three fingers, I will say a beautiful little 54. And when she 55 with, "Does it hurt?" I will reply, "Not much, sweetheart." And this won't be a lie. I'll be too happy to 56.

- | | | | |
|---------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 42. A. cheer up | B. fall asleep | C. go shopping | D. have supper |
| 43. A. news | B. arms | C. parts | D. dreams |
| 44. A. family | B. film | C. party | D. club |
| 45. A. help | B. quarrels | C. fight | D. talks |
| 46. A. beside | B. before | C. after | D. with |
| 47. A. collected | B. kept | C. understood | D. heard |
| 48. A. disappointed | B. panicked | C. afraid | D. glad |
| 49. A. less | B. more | C. ridiculous | D. superb |
| 50. A. toy | B. smile | C. gift | D. garment |
| 51. A. offer | B. refuse | C. need | D. miss |
| 52. A. potential | B. duty | C. faith | D. time |
| 53. A. why | B. when | C. where | D. whether |
| 54. A. story | B. lie | C. word | D. name |
| 55. A. follows up | B. feeds up | C. puts up | D. takes up |
| 56. A. complain | B. feel | C. hurt | D. say |

第 II 卷

注意事项:

用 0.5 毫米黑色签字笔将答案写在答题卡上,写在本试卷上无效。

第三部分 语言运用 (共三节,满分 30 分)

第二节 (共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

阅读下面材料,在空白处填入 1 个单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

As a young boy, I started smoking. When I knew more about the harmful 57 (effect) of smoking, I 58 (attempt) to quit smoking. However, I found 59 hard to stop smoking. I had become 60 (addict) to cigarettes. I decided 61 a day to quit. I chose a relaxing day and threw away my last packet of cigarettes. Ever time I felt like 62 (smoke) a cigarette, I always reminded myself I was a non-smoker. When I felt stressed, I would do something to keep me busy, going for a walk or 63 (drink) some water. Step by step, I managed to get rid of smoking 64 (eventual).

From my experience, I believe we should keep trying. We have to try several times 65 we finally stop smoking. Of course, the best way to deal with smoking 66 (be) not to get into the habit in the first place!

第三节 单词拼写 (共 5 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 5 分)

根据汉语及首字母提示写出单词的正确形式,每空限填一词。

67. Together, i _____ (个人) can make a difference.
68. I never expected that he a _____ (滥用) the trust I placed in him.
69. When we looked around the school, we got a very good i _____ (印象).
70. The airline is legally r _____ (负责的) for the safety of its passengers.
71. Sally was a _____ (收养) when she was four.

第四部分 写作 (共两节,满分 40 分)

第一节 应用文写作 (满分 15 分)

假定你是李华,想邀请你的英国朋友 John 担任你校举行的“中国故事”英语演讲比赛的评委,请给他写一封邮件,内容包括:

1. 发出邀请;
2. 时间、地点;
3. 演讲主题。

注意:1. 词数 80 左右;

2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。

第二节 读后续写(满分 25 分)

阅读下面短文,根据所给情节进行续写,使之构成一个完整的故事。

It was the last day of January 2011 and Nicole Moore, a 39-year-old nurse, was enjoying the vacation at a beach in Cancun, Mexico.

Nicole went to the waist-deep water alone after finishing playing beach volleyball while the other colleagues headed back up to the hotel for lunch. She enjoyed the warm water and splashed sand from her body. When she looked up, she noticed two swimmers in the distance waving at her and yelling in Spanish. They were trying to get her out of the water and to scare two approaching sharks back into the deep. Not realizing the dangerous situation and thinking that they were just trying to say hello, Nicole waved back, smiling.

One shark did leave but the other proved more stubborn. Instead of being scared back to the boundless ocean, it actually got nearer. More swimmers joined to yell to Nicole. Only then did Nicole realize something might be wrong. She was turning toward the beach when she felt a bump with her left leg. Before she could react, the big mouth bit into her flesh of the left leg. Instantly the water turned bright red blood.

Though Nicole felt no pain, she knew how much trouble she was in. She needed to get out of the water. But the shark had destroyed her left leg, leaving it useless. Worse still, the shark circled her, taking her left arm in its jaws.

Is this the end? Is this the way my children will lose their mother? That's what flashed through Nicole's mind. Gathering whatever strength she had left, she raised her right fist and struck it down heavily on the shark's nose to force it away. She made it. The shark let go and swam away. Nicole was left in a sea of blood and lost her consciousness. Her left arm was hanging there. Her left leg wouldn't move.

注意:

1. 所续写短文的词数应为 150 左右;
2. 至少使用 5 个短文中标有下划线的关键词语;
3. 续写部分分为两段,每段的开头语已为你写好;
4. 续写完成后,请用下划线标出你所使用的关键词语。

Paragraph 1:

The two swimmers accelerated toward Nicole, shouting for help. _____

Paragraph 2:

When she woke up in the hospital, Nicole found her left arm gone. _____
