

2018-2019 学年第一学期高二期末考试

英语试题

分值 150 分 时长 120 分钟

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本试卷第 I 卷和第 II 卷两部分，共 12 页。满分 150 分。考试限定用时 120 分钟，考试结束后，将本试卷和答题卡一并交回。

注意事项：

1. 答题前，考生务必用 0.5 毫米黑色签字笔将自己的姓名、座号、考生和、区县和科类填写在答题卡和试卷规定的位置上。

2. 第 I 卷每小题选出答案后，用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑；如需改动，用橡皮擦干净后，再选涂其他答案标号。

3. 第 II 卷必须用 0.5 毫米黑色签字笔作答，答案必须写作答题卡各题目指定区域内相应的位置；如需改动，先划掉原来的答案，然后再写上新的答案；不能使用涂改液、胶带纸、修正带。不按以上要求作答的答案无效。

第 I 卷

第一部分 听力(共两节，满分 30 分)

做题时，先将答案标在试卷上。录音内容结束后，你将有两分钟的时间将试卷上的答案转涂到答题卡上。

第一节(共 5 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后，你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. What does the woman probably want to do?

A. Write a paper.

B. Get some sleep.

C. Attend a class.

2. When will the man see his parents?

A. At 11:00.

B. At 10:00.

C. At 9:00.

3. Why didn't the man see the woman at breakfast time?

A. She didn't go to the dining hall.

B. She finished her breakfast early.

C. She went for a long walk.

4. What does the woman think of the new art museum?

A. It has no attraction for her.

B. It looks attractive outside.

C. It is nice inside.

5. What did the woman do with the report?

A. She made suggestions on it.

B. She asked the man to rewrite it.

C. She got someone else to read it.

第二节(共 15 小题；每小题 1.5 分，满分 22.5 分)



听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题，从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项，并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前，你将有时间阅读各个小题，每小题 5 秒钟；听完后，各小题将给出 5 秒钟的作答时间，每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料，回答第 6、7 题。

6. Where are the speakers?

A. In a classroom.

B. On the street.

C. In a studio.

7. When did the Brooklyn Bridge start to be built?

A. In 1869.

B. In 1883.

C. In 1898.

听下面一段对话，回答第 8 和第 9 两个小题。

8. What is Michael doing?

A. Watching TV.

B. Preparing dinner.

C. Doing his homework.

9. What is the woman's advice?

A. Recording the program.

B. Asking Jane for help.

C. Taking a shower now.

听下面一段对话，回答第 10 至第 12 三个小题。

10. Where does the conversation take place?

A. In a restaurant.

B. In a car.

C. On a plane.

11. What will the man have?

A. Bean salad and beer.

B. Bean salad and water.

C. Baked chicken and coffee.

12. Why doesn't the man have a diet soda?

A. It is expensive.

B. It is unhealthy.

C. It is not available.

听下面一段对话，回答第 13 至第 16 四个小题。

13. What is the relationship between Stefan and the man?

A. Workmates.

B. Former schoolmates.

C. Teacher and student.

14. Where did Stefan and the man go first?

A. A restaurant.

B. The riverside.

C. A shopping mall.

15. What was by the river in the past?

A. Factories.

B. Gardens.

C. A sports center.

16. What do we know about the road bridge?

A. It isn't busy at all.

B. It started about 7 years ago.

C. It will be finished soon.

听下面一段独白，回答第 17 至第 20 四个小题。

17. When will the swim classes begin?

A. On May 1st.

B. On April 30th.

C. On April 29th.

18. How many swim classes are being offered?

A. 10.

B. 15.

C. 20.

19. Why must some students come to the swim skill show?

A. They have no Level 3 certificate.

B. They want to pass the skill level test quickly.

C. They have never attended Community Pool classes.

20. Who will rate the students' skill level?

A. The speaker.

B. The instructors.

C. The local community.

第二部分阅读理解(共两节，满分 40 分)

第一节(共 15 小题；每小题 2 分，满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。



A

Washington, D.C. Bicycle Tours

Cherry Blossom Bike Tour in Washington, D.C.

Duration: 3 hours

This small group bike tour is a fantastic way to see the world-famous cherry trees with beautiful flowers of Washington, D.C. Your guide will provide a history lesson about the trees and the famous monuments where they blossom. Reserve your spot before availability – and the cherry blossoms – disappear!

Washington Capital Monuments Bicycle Tour

Duration: 3 hours (4 miles)

Join a guided bike tour and view some of the most popular monuments in Washington, D.C. Explore the monuments and memorials on the National Mall as your guide shares unique facts and history at each stop. Guided tour includes bike, helmet, cookies and bottled water.

Capital City Bike Tour in Washington, D.C.

Duration: 3 hours

Morning or Afternoon, this bike tour is the perfect tour for D.C. newcomers and locals looking to experience Washington, D.C. in a healthy way with minimum effort. Knowledgeable guides will entertain you with the most interesting stories about Presidents, Congress, memorials, and parks. Comfortable bikes and a smooth tour route (路线) make cycling between the sites fun and relaxing.

Washington Capital Sites at Night Bicycle Tour

Duration: 3 hours (7 miles)

Join a small group bike tour for an evening of exploration in the heart of Washington, D.C.. Get up close to the monuments and memorials as you bike the sites of Capitol Hill and the National Mall. Frequent stops are made for photo taking as your guide offers unique facts and history. Tour includes bike, helmet, and bottled water. All riders are equipped with reflective vests and safety lights.

21. Which tour do you need to book in advance?

- A. Cherry Blossom Bike Tour in Washington, D.C.
- B. Washington Capital Monuments Bicycle Tour.
- C. Capital City Bike Tour in Washington, D.C.
- D. Washington Capital Sites at Night Bicycle Tour.

22. What will you do on the Capital City Bike Tour?

- A. Meet famous people.
- B. Go to a national park.
- C. Visit well-known museums.
- D. Enjoy interesting stories.

23. Which of the following does the bicycle tour at night provide?

- A. City maps.
- B. Cameras.
- C. Safety lights.
- D. Meals.

B

Electronic devices(设备) can seem like a "third party" in some relationships because some partners spend more time on them than with each other.

When Amanda Gao, a 26-year-old white-collar worker in Beijing, went to a hotpot restaurant with her boyfriend on Friday night several weeks ago, she expected that they would have a good time together. To her disappointment, however, it did not turn out that way later. As soon as they were led to their seats and she began to order dishes, he buried himself in his mobile phone.

"It seemed that his phone was making its way between us. A date that should have belonged to us turned into one where my boyfriend dated a third party and I felt left out." Gao said. Some people, like her, have found that



electronics have been sabotaging(破坏) their romantic relationships.

A study, published in the journal Psychology of Popular Media Culture in April 2017, questioned nearly 200 college aged adults who were in committed relationships to report on their and their partner's smartphone dependency. The results showed people who were more dependent on their phones were less sure about their relationships, and people who considered their partners excessively (过度地) dependent on their devices were less satisfied in their relationship.

Lin Yuan, a relationship adviser in Beijing, noted that as more and more electronics come out and spice up people's lives, they are at the same time becoming a third party in relationships, especially for young people.

Lin said she knew of some people who suggest that electronics should be kept out of bedrooms, which she considered challenging and hard to be put into practice for most couples. She recommended that if people are feeling neglected in their relationship, they need to respectfully let their partners know their feeling. "Communication is always the best and the most efficient way," she said.

24. What is Gao's feeling when entering the restaurant with her boyfriend?

- A. Disappointed. B. Excited. C. Annoyed. D. Uneasy.

25. Which of the following may Lin Yuan agree with?

- A. Gao's boyfriend is addicted to playing games.
B. Most couples can keep electronics out of bedrooms.
C. Partners should communicate more to understand each other better.
D. Couples should stop using electronics to avoid the problem mentioned above.

26. Why was the case of Amanda Gao mentioned?

- A. To introduce the phenomenon of excessively depending on electronics.
B. To stress the importance of electronic devices.
C. To encourage advisors to talk about the case.
D. To explain who the "third party" is.

27. Which of the following can be the best title for the text?

- A. Are devices killing romance? B. How to beat smartphone
C. The romantic story of Miss Gao D. The relationship between man and smart phone

C

The morning had been a disaster. My tooth was aching, and I'd been in an argument with a friend. Her words still hurt: "The trouble with you is that you won't put yourself in my place. Can't you see things from my point of view?" I shook my head stubbornly—and felt the ache in my tooth. I'd thought I could hold out till my dentist came back from holiday, but the pain was really unbearable. I started calling the dentists in the phone book, but no one could see me immediately. Finally, at about lunchtime, I got lucky.

"If you come by right now," the receptionist said, "the dentist will fit you in."

I took my purse and keys and rushed to my car. But suddenly I began to doubt about the dentist. What kind of dentist would be so eager to treat someone at such short notice? Why wasn't he as busy as the others?

In the dentist's office, I sat down and looked around. I saw nothing but the bare walls and I became even more worried. The assistant noticed my nervousness and placed her warm hand over my ice-cold one.

When I told her my fears, she laughed and said, "Don't worry. The dentist is very good."

"How long do I have to wait for him?" I asked impatiently.

"Come on, he is coming. Just lie down and relax. And enjoy the artwork," the assistant said.

"The artwork?" I was puzzled.

The chair went back. Suddenly I smiled. There was a beautiful picture, right where I could enjoy it: on the ceiling. How considerate the dentist was! At that moment, I began to understand what my friend meant by her



words.

What a relief!

28. Which of the following best describes the author's feeling that morning?

- A. Cheerful. B. Nervous. C. Satisfied. D. Upset.

29. What made the author begin to doubt about the dentist?

- A. The laughing assistant of the dentist.
B. The dentist's being as busy as the other dentists.
C. The surroundings of the dentist's office.
D. The dentist's agreeing to treat her at very short notice.

30. Why did the author suddenly smile?

- A. Because the dentist came at last.
B. Because she saw a picture on the ceiling.
C. Because she could relax in the chair.
D. Because the assistant kept comforting her.

31. What did the author most probably learn from her experience?

- A. Strike while the iron is hot. B. Have a good word for one's friend.
C. Put oneself in other's shoes. D. A friend in need is a friend indeed.

D

Running is often tiring and a lot of hard work, but nothing beats the feeling you get after finishing a long workout around the track.

But while it's long been believed that endorphins(脑内啡) —chemicals in the body that cause happiness—are behind the so-called “runner's high”, a study suggested that there may be more to this phenomenon than we previously knew.

According to a recent study published by a group of scientists from several German universities, a group of chemicals called endocannabinoids(内源性大麻素) may actually be responsible for this familiar great feeling.

To test this theory, the scientists turned to mice.

Both mice and humans release high levels of endorphins and endocannabinoids after exercise, along with many other chemicals. After exercising on running wheels, the mice seemed happy and relaxed and displayed no signs of anxiety.

But after being given a drug to block their endorphins they changed. However, when their endocannabinoids were blocked with a different drug, their runner's high symptoms seemed to fade.

“The long-held notion of endorphins being responsible for the runner's high is false. Endorphins are effective pain relievers, but only when it comes to the pain in your body and muscles you feel after working out,” Patrick Lucas Austin wrote on science blog Lifehacker.

Similar studies are yet to be carried out on humans, but it's already well known that exercise is a highly effective way to get rid of stress or anxiety.

The UK's National Health Service even prescribes(开药方) exercise to patients who are suffering from depression.

“Being depressed can leave you feeling low in energy, which might put you off being more active. Regular exercise can boost your mood if you have depression, and it's especially useful for people with mild to moderate (中等的) depression,” it wrote on its website.

It seems like nothing can beat that feeling we get after a good workout, even if we don't fully understand where it comes from. At least if we're feeling down, we know that all we have to do is put on our running shoes.

32. What did scientists from German universities recently discover?



- A. Working out is a highly effective way to treat depression.
B. The runner's high could be caused by endocannabinoids.
C. Endorphins may contribute to one's high spirits after running.
D. The level of endorphins and endocannabinoids could affect one's mood.
33. The scientists gave mice drugs in their experiment to _____.

- A. find what reduces the runner's high symptoms
B. see the specific symptoms of the runner's high
C. identify what is responsible for the runner's high
D. test what influences the level of endocannabinoids released

34. The underlined word "notion" in Paragraph 7 has the closest meaning to _____.
- A. effect B. goal C. question D. belief

35. According to the UK's National Health Service, regular workouts _____.

- A. are the best way to treat depression
B. can help ease depression symptoms
C. only work for those with serious depression
D. can help people completely recover from depression

第二节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Planning before buying something is a good idea. For example, you are going to buy a pet dog, you still have to consider a few things and plan them well before you welcome it in the house. 36 You will also have to train it well so that it does not misbehave in front of people. You should realize that it is a big responsibility.

37 Think about whether your pocket can manage the purchase, as well as different items for keeping the dog. If something goes wrong with the health of your pet, you will have to spend some extra money on it.

The next thing you need to consider is your home, 38 You will also have to consider the family members. If your living place is already too crowded with people, getting a dog as an additional member of the house will not be a good idea.

39 Make sure nobody is allergic(过敏的) to the fur of the dog. Also make sure that you can easily find time to train the dog. Ensure that your family is welcoming to this idea.

40 When you are bringing this best friend into your house you must make sure everything is right for it. You should make life easier for it, as well as others who are living in your house.

- A. Looking after your dog doesn't only mean taking it for a walk or playing with it.
B. A dog is supposed to be man's best friend.
C. Before you think about getting a dog, think about the affordability (经济承受力).
D. The training should start as soon as the dog is in your care.
E. Once the dog has learned how to sit, you may teach him to shake hands.
F. You will also have to think about any health problems related to your family.
G. A small apartment will not be fit to house a large dog.

第三部分 语言知识运用(共两节, 满分 45 分)

第一节 完形填空(共 20 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

阅读下面的短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

As we all know, helping others is a great service, and it's easy to see how to help some people, but what about those people whose needs are not so obvious? This story may have happened a while back—it was a lesson which



has 41 with me and helped me ever since.

It was Thanksgiving and I was volunteering with my parents at a 42 for the needy. We stood behind the counter 43 out hot food to whoever came in. Most of our diners looked like they had been having 44 times: their clothes were old and dirty. 45 short, they looked needy!

Then, a man came in, who looked anything 46 needy. He was well dressed; he wore a/an 47 suit. I wondered what he was doing there and my jaw dropped in amazement when he 48 the line for food. The closer he came to my service station, the more I 49. What was this man doing? I wanted to know. Surely he was not going to take food meant for those who were really in 50!

Then my 51 quietly took me to one side. She said, "You 52 that the needs of the people who come here must be purely 53: hunger, inadequate shelter, clothing, etc. And this gentleman doesn't seem to have any of those problems. 54 what if he needs emotional help? What if he needs 55, or just to be among other human beings?" Her words 56 me like a ton of bricks! I felt like I should apologize to the man—but I didn't.

About a week later, the shelter 57 a large donation from an anonymous(匿名的) person. I can't help but 58 if it came from that man.

Now, whenever I meet someone I remember my mother's 59 and try to send kindness and blessings their way, regardless of how they look. Needs aren't always 60. But kindness always makes a difference.

- | | | | |
|------------------|--------------|---------------|------------------|
| 41. A. caught | B. left | C. dealt | D. stayed |
| 42. A. shelter | B. relief | C. restaurant | D. peace |
| 43. A. selling | B. handing | C. buying | D. bringing |
| 44. A. hard | B. happy | C. painful | D. unforgettable |
| 45. A. At | B. Of | C. In | D. For |
| 46. A. or | B. and | C. besides | D. but |
| 47. A. cheap | B. old | C. expensive | D. poor |
| 48. A. attended | B. jumped | C. crossed | D. joined |
| 49. A. doubted | B. believed | C. thought | D. remembered |
| 50. A. line | B. danger | C. need | D. fact |
| 51. A. mother | B. friend | C. colleague | D. father |
| 52. A. consumed | B. consulted | C. assumed | D. decided |
| 53. A. emotional | B. physical | C. mental | D. natural |
| 54. A. Yet | B. And | C. So | D. Or |
| 55. A. release | B. complaint | C. comfort | D. apology |
| 56. A. stuck | B. hit | C. touched | D. defeated |
| 57. A. gave | B. sent | C. borrowed | D. received |
| 58. A. ask | B. wonder | C. answer | D. wander |
| 59. A. lesson | B. words | C. reason | D. truth |
| 60. A. important | B. necessary | C. available | D. visible |

第Ⅱ卷

第三部分 语言知识运用(共两节, 满分 45 分)

第二节 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1.5 分, 满分 15 分)

阅读下面短文, 在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Beijing's Forbidden City is a place full 61 wonder. From its thousands of rooms to its many beautiful artifacts(工艺品), it's one of China's most popular tourist 62 (destination). But even more than 600 years after



it was built, it's still managing to serve up surprises. Since 63 Ming Dynasty, it's estimated that the Forbidden City 64 (survive) more than 200 earthquakes. And while most structures aren't made 65 (resist) natural disasters, it seems that the Forbidden City was built to stand up to anything. According to experts, the answer to the Forbidden City's strength 66 (lie) in Dougong—a centuries-old building method 67 (invent) in China. This is the name for special structures on buildings that are perfect at 68 (keep) structures together 69 the weather gets rough. The Forbidden City draws visitors because of its rich history and 70 (culture) significance, but perhaps it should add one more thing to its list of attractions: earthquake shelter.

第四部分 写作 (共两节, 满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错(共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文, 请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误, 每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加: 在缺词处加一个漏字符号(Λ), 并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除: 把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改: 在错的词下画一横线, 并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意:

1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;
2. 只允许修改 10 处, 多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

I learned the meaning of been trusted when I was in junior school. At that time, I was the very shy girl and no one ever take notice of me. One day, we were asked for to recite a text. Mr. Liu, our English teacher, saying that only after we recited to him could we go home. My classmate left the classroom one after another. At last, I gathered the courage to stand in front of him. But before I started, he said in a low and clear voice, "I trust you." You can't imagine that much his words meant to me. Thanks to Mr. Liu, I am confidently in both life and study now.

第二节 书面表达(满分 25 分)

假定你是李华, 自从升高二以后, 你感觉学习压力更大了。请你根据以下要点给你校英文报 Solving Problems 栏目写一封电子邮件, 介绍你的现状, 并请求帮助。内容包括:

1. 每天在校约 9 小时, 几乎没有课外活动时间;
2. 每晚写作业到 12 点左右, 睡眠严重不足;
3. 父母期望高。

注意:

1. 词数 100 左右;
2. 可适当增加细节, 以使行文连贯;
3. 开头和结尾已为你写好, 不计入总词数。

Dear editor,

I'm a Senior Two student _____

Yours sincerely,
Li Hua

