

英 语 试 卷

2017.1

考生注意:

1. 本试卷分第Ⅰ卷(选择题)和第Ⅱ卷(非选择题)两部分。满分 150 分,考试时间 120 分钟。
2. 考生作答时,请将答案答在答题卡上。第Ⅰ卷每小题选出答案后,用 2B 铅笔把答题卡上对应题目的答案标号涂黑;第Ⅱ卷请用直径 0.5 毫米黑色墨水签字笔在答题卡上各题的答题区域内作答,超出答题区域书写的答案无效,在试题卷、草稿纸上作答无效。
3. 本卷命题范围:高考范围。

第Ⅰ卷(共 100 分)

第一部分 听力(共两节,满分 30 分)

第一节 (共 5 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 7.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话。每段对话后有一个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听完每段对话后,你都有 10 秒钟的时间来回答有关小题和阅读下一小题。每段对话仅读一遍。

1. Where are the two speakers going?
A. To a zoo. B. To a shop. C. To a restaurant.
2. How much does the woman weigh now?
A. 153 pounds. B. 160 pounds. C. 163 pounds.
3. Who will probably join the speakers for the trip?
A. Nancy. B. Linda. C. Mary.
4. How old is the woman?
A. 18 years old. B. 26 years old. C. 44 years old.
5. What's the relationship between the speakers?
A. Husband and wife. B. Father and daughter. C. Brother and sister.

第二节 (共 15 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 22.5 分)

听下面 5 段对话或独白。每段对话或独白后有几个小题,从题中所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出最佳选项,并标在试卷的相应位置。听每段对话或独白前,你将有时间阅读各个小题,每小题 5 秒钟;听完后,各小题将给出 5 秒钟的做答时间。每段对话或独白读两遍。

听第 6 段材料,回答第 6、7 题。

6. What did the man do yesterday?
A. He wrote a letter. B. He had an interview. C. He took an exam.
7. When will the man get the result from the director?
A. This Monday. B. This Sunday. C. By this Friday.

听第 7 段材料,回答第 8、9 题。

8. Where did the man and the woman first meet?
A. At a party. B. On campus. C. In a friend's house.
9. What field does the woman major in?

A. Computer.

B. Education.

C. Tourism.

听第 8 段材料,回答第 10 至 12 题。

10. What is Lily doing?

A. Acting as a hostess at a dinner party.

B. Acting as a guest at a dinner party.

C. Talking with a foreigner on an issue.

11. How is Mr. Green feeling?

A. Frightened.

B. Worried.

C. Curious.

12. What is Mr. Green likely to be?

A. A businessman.

B. A teacher.

C. A scientist.

听第 9 段材料,回答第 13 至 16 题。

13. Which country does Mary probably travel to?

A. Canada.

B. France.

C. Japan.

14. How many people will travel together?

A. Two.

B. Three.

C. Four.

15. Where do Mary and her friends plan to stay?

A. Her friend's home.

B. Expensive hotels.

C. Youth Hostels.

16. How long will Mary and her friends stay there?

A. Two or three days.

B. Two or three weeks.

C. One week.

听第 10 段材料,回答第 17 至 20 题。

17. Why do Americans often travel?

A. In order to enjoy themselves.

B. In order to improve their driving skill.

C. Because they don't like their own homes.

18. What is the advantage of job-hopping(跳槽)?

A. Helping businessmen get new ideas.

B. Helping students enter business.

C. Helping people have holidays abroad.

19. What has happened in some states?

A. Only one-fifth people travel from place to place.

B. In one-fifth areas houses have been built.

C. Only one-fifth houses have been occupied for over five years.

20. Which of the following statements is True according to the passage?

A. Americans like job-hopping.

B. Every American finishes their middle school in two or three cities.

C. Most Americans live in their hometown until they enter into business.

第二部分 阅读理解(共两节,满分 40 分)

第一节(共 15 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 30 分)

阅读下列短文,从每题所给的四个选项(A、B、C 和 D)中,选出最佳选项。

A

Here are four wonderful festivals around the world that happen in spring. If you want to know more about them, please click here or visit <http://www.buddhanet.net/festival.htm/>.

SongKran—Thailand

Dates: 13th—15th, April

In Thailand, people celebrate a festival called Songkran, when people head out to the

streets with water guns to spray(喷,洒) everyone who walks past.

Naghol—Vanuatu

Dates: Every Saturday from April to May

Every year, villagers come together to celebrate the harvest of yams, an important part in the people's diet in Vanuatu. The festival is most famous for its“land diving ceremony”. During the ceremony men and boys jump the ground from high wooden towers with only two thin ropes attached to their ankles.

Cherry Blossom Viewing—Japan

Dates: The cherry blossom season is different from year to year depending on the weather forecast.

The festival is well-known. Japanese celebrate the days when the flowers finally blossom. Only a few days later, the petals(花瓣) fall to the ground, like pink snowflakes. That means the traditional festival only lasts for several days. In Japan, almost everyone has picnics in the parks to view the flowers.

Sinhalese New Year—Sri Lanka

Dates: 13th or 14th, April

Just like in many other countries in South or South East Asia, this is the time when the Sinhalese celebrate the traditional New Year, an ancient celebration which marks the end of the harvest season and is one of two times of the year when the sun is straight above Sri Lanka. There are a lot of delicious foods during the celebration.

21. What will happen to a tourist walking in the street during the festival in Thailand?
A. He will get wet. B. He will hurt your ankles.
C. He will enjoy delicious foods. D. He will see some petals falling.
22. Where can you go to enjoy dangerous performances during the festival?
A. Thailand. B. Vanuatu.
C. Japan. D. Sri Lanka.
23. How is Cherry Blossom Viewing different from the other festivals?
A. It is a traditional festival.
B. It is a very famous festival.
C. It varies with weather conditions every year.
D. It makes visitors eat foods during the festival.
24. Where are you most likely to find the text?
A. On TV. B. In a report.
C. On the Internet. D. In the newspaper.

B

Bobby White works as a police officer in Gainesville, Florida. On January 15, he was told to investigate a noise complaint. A group of young men were playing basketball in the street. Instead of lecturing the boys or sending them home, White joined in on the game.

He said: “Can you believe someone's calling to complain about kids playing basketball in the street—can you believe that?”

White started shooting baskets with the kids. And a few minutes later, some more boys joined the game. Later, the police officer and the kids lowered the basketball hoop(篮筐) and were having a “slam-dunk” contest. The camera on White's police car recorded the event. The police department posted the video on Facebook. It was seen over 15 million times.

Before he left the boys, White said he would come back again “with back-up.” That generally is what police officers say when they are requesting help from other officers.

As the video spread, a former basketball star became interested in what happened in Gainesville. That player was Shaquille O'Neal. He was a member of the Los Angeles Lakers

when they won the National Basketball Association championship. He also played for the Orlando Magic, a team not too far from Gainesville.

The other day, O'Neal visited the Gainesville police and spoke with White. And then they went out to "the scene". That is what police officers call the area where a crime happened. But of course, there was no crime. This time, White told the boys, "Did I tell you I was going to bring some back-up, right? You guys ready?" And O'Neal appeared from a nearby SUV.

O'Neal played basketball with the boys and other officers as a crowd gathered. O'Neal eventually gathered the boys together and offered this wisdom: "Be a leader, not a follower;" "Respect your peers and your elders;" and "You can be whatever you want to be." In addition, he passed out \$100 to each boy—as long as he made one free throw shot.

25. Why didn't Bobby White send the kids home?

A. He was also a basketball fan.

B. The kids didn't play in the street.

C. He didn't think it was a problem.

D. Nobody actually complained of it.

26. We can infer that the department officials most probably _____.

A. built a basketball court for the kids

B. also went to play basketball with the kids

C. told White to be careful to deal with such things

D. praised White for his reaction to the complaint

27. Why did O'Neal come to "the scene"?

A. To teach the kids a lesson.

B. To encourage and help the kids.

C. To teach the kids to play basketball.

D. To help the police look into the crime.

C

LOS ANGELES (AP) — Two rare one-cent coins from the earliest days of the U. S. Mint have sold for a pretty penny.

The copper coins, both dating to 1792, went for a combined total of \$869,500 at the auction(拍卖) held Wednesday in Anaheim, California. One of them, known as the "Birch Cent," sold for \$517,000. The other, known as the "Silver Center Cent," went for \$352,500.



Eric Bradley, spokesman for Heritage Auctions, said that while the sales fell somewhat short of the combined \$1 million the auction house projected they would go for, organizers are still pleased with the result.

It wasn't clear why one coin proved more valuable than the other, the market just responded differently to the two, Bradley said.

The coins have historical significance that goes beyond their collectible value, representing "the transition in American history from the colonies to a new republic," Bradley said, "these are coins that were developed and thought up by the Founding Fathers who were trying to differentiate themselves from British coinage and British rule."

The words "Liberty Parent of Science & Industry," which are engraved(雕刻) on both coins, also show how the United States was trying to distance itself from the religious persecution and monarchy it associated with Britain, Bradley said.

The origin of the Silver Center Cent was also referenced in a letter from Thomas Jefferson to George Washington, and it is among the very first coins ever struck by the U. S. Mint in Philadelphia, Bradley added.

According to the auction house, the coin went missing before eventually being discovered in an English pub in the 1960s. The man who discovered it, Nigel Willmott, kept hold of it until 1997, when he eventually auctioned it off for 28,750 British pounds, Bradley said.

The penny's name derives from the fact that it was produced with a small insertion of sil-

ver at its center, a feature which made its intrinsic(固有的) value equal to its face value. It is one of about a dozen surviving coins known to exist with this insertion, Bradley said.

28. How much did the auction house want to sell the two coins for?

- A. \$ 352,500. B. \$ 517,000. C. \$ 869,500. D. \$ 1 million.

29. What words are impressed on both coins?

- A. The United States. B. Thomas Jefferson.
C. George Washington. D. Liberty Parent of Science & Industry.

30. Which phrase can replace the underlined part“derives from”in the last paragraph?

- A. contributes to B. results in
C. comes from D. reminds of

31. What can be inferred from the passage?

- A. Two coins sold for more than 43 million times their face value.
B. Nigel Willmott discovered the coin of the Silver Center Cent in 1997.
C. One coin proved more valuable than the other because of its silver insertion.
D. There are only two coins known to exist with a small insertion of silver at its center.

D

In an attempt to fight with the nation's food wastage problem, Denmark has opened the world's first supermarket that sells expired(过期的) or damaged products. Ever since the grand opening in Copenhagen last Monday, people have been lining up outside WeFood for a chance to purchase discounted items that would otherwise have ended up in the trash because of damaged packaging or very short use—by dates. Food, cosmetics, and other household items at WeFood are priced at least 30 to 50 percent lower than at regular stores.

“WeFood is the first supermarket of its kind in Denmark and perhaps the world, as it is not just aimed at low-income shoppers but anyone who is concerned about the amount of food wastage produced in the country,” said project head Per Bjerre. “Many people see this as a positive and correct way to approach the issue.”

While Denmark alone is estimated to waste about 700,000 tons of food every year, the United Nations has stated that globally, food waste amounts to 1.3 billion tons. About 795 million people in the world are undernourished. Denmark, however, has adopted several measures to clean up its act, wasting 25% less food than it did five years ago.

The WeFood project is a collaboration(合作) between The Food Bank and charity DanChurch Aid. Together they raised nearly \$ 150,000 over the past year through crowdfunding. They also had to face many obstacles while convincing the government to permit the sale of expired food. They were finally allowed to carry out the project, and the store is now run only by volunteers. Profits are used to fund DanChurch Aid's other projects in developing nations like South Sudan and Bangladesh.

Provided WeFood's remains popular in the long term and if it is able to maintain its food deliveries, DanChurch Aid plans to open multiple branches across Denmark.

32. Since WeFood was opened last Monday, _____.

- A. people have started to doubt
B. people have been strongly against it
C. it has been well received
D. discounted items have been on sale online

33. What word can describe exactly the food waste in the world?

- A. Amazing. B. Doubtful. C. Less. D. Unclear.

34. What can we learn from paragraph 4?

- A. The WeFood project has got enough funds.
B. Cooperation plays a key role in raising money.

- C. Denmark is eager to import more expired food.
D. Denmark is trying to do business with South Sudan.

35. What might be the best title for the passage?

- A. Waste food and the safety of food
B. Food wastage problem and Hunger
C. Expired food supermarket in Denmark and its future
D. World's first expired food supermarket opens in Denmark.

第二节(共 5 小题;每小题 2 分,满分 10 分)

根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

How to Become More Confident

Our confidence plays an important role in ability to achieve success and happiness. It affects our mental thought patterns, the way we speak and act, and the decisions we make in all areas of our lives. Confident people take more action, perform better, and are more likely to attain their goals. 36 Lucky for us, confidence can be built and strengthened until it becomes natural, just as any other habit. It simply takes a little time, some effort, and a bit of attention.

Fail more often. The more challenges you take on, the more failures you'll have, but learning that you can recover, get up and push forward builds confidence.

37 Keep a list of successes, big and small. It'll help you to see your abilities in a more positive and realistic light.

Start a conversation. When you find yourself in a social situation, don't always turn to those people you're comfortable with. 38 Eventually getting to know new people will become easier.

Don't compare. Stop measuring yourself against others. 39 Making comparisons is a damaging and an inaccurate measure of success anyway.

Confidence helps you to be more secure in your abilities and more positive in your attitude. It also encourages you to be more assertive(坚定自信的) to take on more challenges, and to improve your skills. 40 The end result is a better outlook, more success, and a higher quality of life in all areas.

- A. List your super abilities.
B. It may only do harm to them.
C. Track your accomplishments.
D. The result you get isn't always real.
E. Talk to someone you don't know very well.
F. As an added benefit, you'll attract like-minded people.
G. What's more, confident people can take more joy from their accomplishments.

第三部分 英语知识运用(共两节,满分 45 分)

第一节 完形填空(共 20 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 30 分)

阅读下面短文,从短文后各题所给的四个选项(A、B、C 和 D)中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Last month I went to visit my 92-year-old grandmother. Before leaving, a friend of mine encouraged me to ask her to tell me some of her life stories. I thought this was a 41 idea. I wanted to learn from her about my father's childhood. 42, what happened while I listened to my grandmother was 43. I began to see her as a different person. She 44 before my eyes from the elderly woman, who had almost always been waited upon (my aunt took this 45 over from my grandfather after he passed away nineteen years ago), into a young mother with her first 46, whose husband was away 47 in the Second World War.

I have read a large number of life stories and novels, and listened to many interviews in which individuals told their own war-time 48. Yet none of these experiences came close to the emotions (情感) I 49 when I pictured my own grandmother as a young mother giving birth to her first child while my grandfather was far away. It brought to life the horrible 50 that was true for so many at that time; neither of my grandparents 51 if my grandfather would ever meet their baby girl. 52, my grandfather survived the war. When he returned he was 53 to his daughter. Upon telling the story, my grandmother cried as she remembered 54 her husband their daughter for the first time. She recalled, “Rose cried in his arms because to her, he was a 55.”

This was the most interesting story that my grandmother told, because it 56 me greatly. It forced me to 57 the realities of war during the 20th century, within the context of my own family. No matter how 58 stories you’ve read about life for women during the war, hearing about the experience from your own family is quite 59. It made me realize, yet again, that life stories and oral histories have the 60 to interest individuals in history in the most unusual ways.

- | | | | |
|----------------------|------------------|----------------|---------------|
| 41. A. curious | B. puzzling | C. great | D. familiar |
| 42. A. However | B. Besides | C. Therefore | D. Instead |
| 43. A. uncomfortable | B. unsuitable | C. unfinished | D. unexpected |
| 44. A. ranged | B. transformed | C. existed | D. passed |
| 45. A. role | B. lesson | C. opportunity | D. invitation |
| 46. A. award | B. degree | C. child | D. challenge |
| 47. A. exploring | B. serving | C. recovering | D. trembling |
| 48. A. concerns | B. duties | C. regrets | D. stories |
| 49. A. felt | B. imagined | C. decided | D. ignored |
| 50. A. failure | B. dream | C. reality | D. future |
| 51. A. admitted | B. knew | C. explained | D. agreed |
| 52. A. Surprisingly | B. Interestingly | C. Hopefully | D. Thankfully |
| 53. A. introduced | B. compared | C. devoted | D. related |
| 54. A. mentioning | B. returning | C. handing | D. promising |
| 55. A. soldier | B. stranger | C. friend | D. father |
| 56. A. amused | B. encouraged | C. reminded | D. affected |
| 57. A. depend on | B. think about | C. look after | D. take up |
| 58. A. funny | B. complex | C. many | D. strange |
| 59. A. different | B. absurd | C. worthwhile | D. natural |
| 60. A. meaning | B. courage | C. right | D. power |

第Ⅱ卷(共 50 分)

第二节 (共 10 小题;每小题 1.5 分,满分 15 分)

阅读下列材料,在空白处填入适当的内容(1 个单词)或用括号内单词的正确形式。

A plane that crashed in the mountains of Colombia, 61 (kill) 71 people, including members of a Brazilian football team, may have run out of fuel.

Six people miraculously(奇迹地) survived the crash Monday night, 62 the disaster actually wiped out an up-and-coming Brazilian football team and 63 (send) shock waves through the world of football. Football legends Pele and Maradona as well as current 64 (superstar) Lionel Messi and Cristiano Ronaldo led tributes to(向……致敬) the players of Chapecoense Real, a team whose march to glory 65 (cut) suddenly short. Having risen only 66 (recent) from obscurity(默默无闻), the team was on its way to play in the finals of the Copa Sudamericana 67 disaster struck. The charter plane reported “electrical fail-

ures” around 10:00 pm Monday and crashed soon after near the city of Medellin, 68 (it) destination.

The plane’s black box recorders have been found, but there was no word on how long it would take 69 (analyze) them. The dead included most of the team and 20 Brazilian journalists traveling to cover 70 match. The six survivors are being treated in hospital.

第四部分 写作(共两节,满分 35 分)

第一节 短文改错(共 10 小题;每小题 1 分,满分 10 分)

假定英语课上老师要求同学们交换修改作文,请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有 10 处语言错误,每句中最多有两处。错误涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加:在缺词处加一个漏字符号(∧),并在其下面写上该加的词。

删除:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

修改:在错的词下划一横线,并在该词下面写上修改后的词。

注意:1. 每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处,多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

One afternoon, my father and I walk in the park near our home. We talked with some so-
cial problems. Sudden, my father saw a wallet on the ground. We picked it up and found
there was much money in. My father told me that the one which lost the wallet must be wor-
ried. So we stood there or waited for the owner of the wallet to come back. About ten minute
later, an old man walked by, he looked worrying and looked for things here and there. My fa-
ther asked if he had lost a wallet and at the last we made sure the wallet was his. All the old
man and we were very happy that afternoon.

第二节 书面表达(满分 25 分)

“受人滴水之恩,必当涌泉相报”。生活中,有很多值得我们感恩的人。请以“感恩”为主题写一篇英语短文。

内容包括:

- 1. 感恩对象(限 1 人);
- 2. 原因;
- 3. 你将如何表达自己的感激之情。

注意:

- 1. 词数 100 左右;
- 2. 可以适当增加细节,以使行文连贯。
