

# 高二年级 2018-2019 学年上学期期中测试题

## 英语

第一部分 听力 (共两节, 满分 30 分) (1-20 略)

第二部分 阅读理解 (共两节, 满分 40 分)

第一节 (共 15 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 30 分)

### A

A recent study on parents who beat their children indicated that physical punishment still occurs far more frequently than previously thought but that physical punishment was ineffective. Given that 73 percent of the children who were hit waited less than 10 minutes before acting out again.

So, what is?

Many parents deal with their children's mistakes by taking away toys and separating them from their playmates. But for strong-willed kids like I was, none of these methods were effective.

Like many kids, I wasn't bad; I was bored. Fortunately, my father realized this fairly early on and developed a new form of "discipline" that produced immediate results and long-term positive effects. Looking back as an adult, my father's method of making me read the encyclopedia (百科全书) whenever I did something wrong was the best thing he could have done.

He would tell me a topic and say, "Learn about the aardvark and I'm going to quiz you shortly after." It was punishment in the sense that I was forced to stop whatever I was doing, but it also had a purpose in that it kept my mind occupied and presented the type of mental challenge I clearly lacked.

Although unwillingly, I went to learn absolutely everything there was to know about aardvarks because I was going to figure out every question he could throw at me. If it weren't for my driving need to prove him wrong, it may not have worked as well as it did.

So that's just it: It was effective. It helped me change my behavior in that moment and it conditioned me to seek out books when I was bored. Obviously, that happened frequently and apparently and it worked. I grew up to become a successful lawyer and a famous writer as well.

To this day, Dad's the only one who can beat me.

21. What is the probable main idea of Paragraph 1?

- A. It reports the result of a recent study about the encyclopedia.
- B. Physical punishment is useless to deal with children.
- C. Physical punishment only occurred previously.
- D. 73 percent of the children love physical punishment.

22. Why do many kids frequently do what they're not allowed to do according to the author?

- A. Because they produce immediate results and long-term positive effects.
- B. Because they prefer to break the "discipline" set by their parents.
- C. Because they are always regarded as bad kids at home.

D. Because they often find it's dull in their everyday life.

23. What was the author's father's method of punishing him for his mistakes?

- A. His father angrily took away his favourite toys.
- B. His father separated him from his playmates.
- C. His father forced him to do some reading and tested him later.
- D. His father ordered him to learn about the aardvark and quizzed him shortly after.

## B

I have been consistently opposed to feeding a baby regularly. As a doctor, mother and scientist in child development, I believe there is nothing to recommend it, from the baby's point of view.

Mothers, doctors and nurses alike have no idea of where a baby's blood sugar level lies. All we know is that a low level is harmful to brain development and makes a baby easily annoyed. In this state, the baby is difficult to calm down and sleep is impossible. The baby asks for attention by crying and searching for food with its mouth.

It is not just unkind but also dangerous to say that a four-hourly feeding schedule will make a baby satisfied. The first of the experts to advocate (提倡) a strict clock-watching schedule was Dr Frederic Truby King, who was against feeding in the night. I've never heard anything so silly. Baby feeding shouldn't follow a timetable set by the mum. What is important is feeding a baby in the best way, though it may cause some inconvenience in the first few weeks.

Well, at last we have copper-bottomed research that supports demand feeding and points out the weaknesses of strictly timed feeding. The research finds out that babies who are fed on demand do better at school at age 5, 7, 11 and 14, than babies fed according to the clock. By the age of 8, their IQ (智商) scores are four to five percent higher than babies fed by a strict timetable. This Research comes from Oxford and Essex University using a sample (样本) of 10,419 children born in the early 1990s, taking account of parental education, family income, a child's sex and age, the mother's health and feeling style. These results don't surprise me. Feeding according to schedule runs the risk of harming the rapidly growing brain by taking no account of sinking blood sugar levels. I hope this research will put an end to advocating strictly timed baby feeding practices.

24. The underlined word "copper-bottomed" in Paragraph 4 is closest in meaning to \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. basic
- B. reliable
- C. surprising
- D. interesting

25. What does the research tell us about feeding a baby on demand?

- A. The baby will sleep well.
- B. The baby will have its brain harmed.
- C. The baby will have a low blood sugar level.
- D. The baby will grow to be wiser by the age of 8.

26. The author supports feeding the baby \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. in the night
- B. every four hours
- C. whenever it wants food
- D. according to its blood sugar level

27. Which of the following sentences is TRUE according to the passage?

- A. Dr King advocated feeding in the night.
- B. Dr King was against a strict clock-watching schedule.
- C. The author thinks Dr King's idea is wrong.
- D. The author thinks Dr King's idea is right.

There is no better way to enjoy Scottish traditions than going fishing and tasting a little bit of whisky(威士忌)at a quiet place like the Inverlochy Castle. When Queen Victoria visited the castle in 1873, she wrote in her diary, "I never saw a lovelier spot," and she didn't even go fishing.

Scotland is not easily defined. In certain moments, this quiet land of lakes and grasses and mountains changes before your very eyes. When evening gently sweeps the hillside into orange light, the rivers, filling with fish, can turn into streams of gold. As you settle down with just a fishing pole and a basket on the bank of River Orchy, near the Inverlochy castle, any frustration (烦恼) will float away as gently as the circling water. It's just you and purple, pink, white flowers, seeking a perfect harmony. If you are a new comer to fishing, learning the basics from a fishing guide may leave you with a lifetime's fun. For many, fishing is more than a sport; it is an art.

Scotland offers interesting place where you can rest after a long day's fishing. Set against a wild mountain and hidden behind woodland, the beautiful Inverlochy Castle Hotel below the Nevis is a perfect place to see the beauty of Scotland's mountains. Ben Nevis is the highest of all British mountains, and reaching its 1342-metre top is a challenge. But it's not just what goes up that matters; what comes down is unique. More than 900 metres high, on the mountain's north face, lies an all-important source of pure water. Its name comes from the Gaelic (盖尔特) language "usqueb" or "water of life"; And it is the single most important ingredient(原料) in Scotland's best-known drink: whisky.

28. How is Paragraph 2 mainly developed?

- A. By giving descriptions.
- B. By following time order.
- C. By analyzing causes.
- D. By making comparisons.

29. What is Ben Nevis special for?

- A. The Inverlochy Castle Hotel.
- B. The beauty of its surroundings.

- C. The water from the mountain.  
 D. The challenge up to its top.
30. What is the main purpose of the passage?  
 A. To introduce Scottish traditions to tourists.  
 B. To show the attractions of Scotland to readers.  
 C. To explore geographical characteristics of Scotland.  
 D. To describe the pleasures of life in Scotland.
31. The story of Queen Victoria is to show that \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. the Queen is rich in tour experience  
 B. the Castle is a good place to go in Scotland  
 C. tasting whisky is better than going fishing  
 D. 1873 is a special year for the Queen

D

#### **Wanted, Someone for a Kiss**

We're looking for producers to join us in the second of London 100FM. You'll work on the station's music programmes. Music production experience in radio is necessary, along with rich knowledge of modern dance music. Please apply in writing to Producer Vacancies, Kiss100.

#### **Father Christmas**

We're looking for a very special person preferably over 40, to fill our Father Christmas suit.  
 Working days: Every Saturday from November 24 to December 15 and every day from December 17 to December 24 except Sunday, 10:30—16:00

Excellent pay.

Please contact (联系) the Enterprise Shopping Center, Station Parade, Eastbourne.

#### **Accountants Assistant**

When you join the team in our Revenue Administration Unit, you will be providing assistance within all parts of the Revenue Division, dealing with post and other general duties. If you are educated to GCSE grade C level we would like to talk to you. This position is equally suitable for a school leaver or for somebody who has office experience.

Wealden District Council

#### **Software Trainer**

If you are aged 24-45 and have experience in teaching and training, you could be the person we are looking for. You should be good at the computer and have some experience in programme writing. You will be allowed to make your own decision, and to design courses as well as present them. Pay upwards of £15,000 for the right person. Please apply by sending your CV (简历) to Mrs R. Oglivie, Palmace Limited.

32. which position is open to recent school graduates?

- A. Producer, London Kiss.
- B. Father Christmas.
- C. Accountants Assistant
- D. Software Trainer

33. Who should you get in touch with if you hope to work in a radio station?

- A. Producer Vacancies, Kiss 100.
- B. Mrs R. Oglivie, Palmace Limited.
- C. The Enterprise Shopping Centre
- D. Wealden District Council.

34. We learn from the ads that the Enterprise Shopping Centre needs a person who \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. is aged between 24 and 40
- B. may do some training work
- C. should deal with general duties
- D. can work for about a month

35. What kind of person would probably apply to Palmace Limited?

- A. One with GCSE grade C level.
- B. One with some office experience.
- C. One having good computer knowledge
- D. One trained in producing music programmes.

第二节 (共 5 小题; 每小题 2 分, 满分 10 分)

根据短文内容, 从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项, 选项中有两项为多余选项。

When your pet is sick, you know it needs medication. But pets, like babies, don't know the pill you want them to take will help them. 36 Here are some tips to help get your pet to take liquid medicine.

37 If the answer is yes, then your easiest path is to mix it with canned food. First give your hungry pet a small amount of canned food without the medication. It's important that the pet nibbles (一点一点地吃) at the food and sees that there's nothing wrong. Next, while the pet is still hungry, mix the medication in a small amount food and present it. Repeat as necessary to get the entire dose (剂量) down. 38 If the pet decides not to finish the meal, the dose will be wasted.

If the chemist says the medication cannot be taken with food, you need a syringe (注射器) or a dropper (滴管) to get the liquid down your pet's throat. 39 Keep a cheerful tone in your voice so the pet doesn't sense your stress or hesitation. Position your pet where it cannot run away, perhaps having a dog sit with his back against a wall or chair—or a cat on your lap. 40 Use your other hand to insert the syringe or dropper between the cheek and back teeth. Slowly squeeze the medication so the pet won't choke. Try to keep your pet's mouth closed for approximately 30 seconds until you see it has

swallowed. If your pet is being obstinate (倔强的), stroke (抚摸) its throat gently or blow on the face.

Be sure you end the session with praise and perhaps a treat so your pet will not associate medication with a bad experience.

- A. Before you call your pet in, be sure to have the medication and any other materials you'll need ready.
- B. Once the pet is in position, use one hand to gently open the pet's mouth from above, tilting back the head slightly.
- C. Ask the vet if the liquid medication can be given with food.
- D. You should know the reason why the pet refuses to take medicine.
- E. Never mix the medication with the full meal.
- F. They just know it smells funny and they don't want it.
- G. Don't force your pet to swallow all the medicine.

### 第三部分：语言知识运用 (共 45 分)

#### 第一节 完形填空 (共 20 小题, 每题 1.5 分, 满分 30 分)

My friend John always has something to tell me. He knows so much that 41 men have to have older and more worldly wise men to tell them, 42, who to trust, how to care for others and how to live life 43 the fullest.

Recently, John lost his 44 Janet. For eight years she fought against cancer, but in the end her sickness had the last 45. One day John took out a folded piece of 46 from his wallet. He had found it, as he told me, when he 47 up some drawers at home.

It was a 48 love letter Janet had written. The note could look like a school girl's scrawls(潦草地写, 乱涂) about her dream guy. 49 the letter was written by a woman who had had seven children, a woman who fought for her life and who 50 only had a few months left to live.

It was 51 a beautiful recipe for how to keep a marriage together. Janet's 52 of her husband begins like this, "Loved me. Took care of me. Worried about me."

"Helped me when I was ill," the next 53 reads. After that she turned 54 the paper and added: "Warmth. Humor. Kindness. Thoughtfulness." And then she writes about the husband she has 55 with and loved most in her life. "56 there when I needed you." The last words she wrote 57 all the others. I can see her for me when she added thoughtfully "Good friend."

I stand beside John now, and cannot pretend to know how it feels to lose someone who is as close to 58 as Janet was to him. I need to 59 what he has to say much more than he needs to talk. "John," I ask, "how do you stick together with someone through 38 years—not to mention the sickness? How do I know 60 I can bear to stand by my wife's side if she becomes sick one day?"

"You can," he says quietly. "If you love her enough, you can."

41. A. old

B. wise

C. young

D. foolish

- |                          |                |                 |                        |
|--------------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| 42. A. for instance      | B. at no time  | C. in that case | D. as a matter of fact |
| 43. A. in                | B. to          | C. at           | D. for                 |
| 44. A. friend            | B. colleague   | C. wife         | D. sister              |
| 45. A. possibility       | B. chance      | C. hope         | D. word                |
| 46. A. handkerchief      | B. cloth       | C. leather      | D. paper               |
| 47. A. fixed             | B. looked      | C. tidied       | D. put                 |
| 48. A. small             | B. long        | C. descriptive  | D. talkative           |
| 49. A. So                | B. But         | C. And          | D. While               |
| 50. A. probably          | B. surely      | C. certainly    | D. definitely          |
| 51. A. only              | B. firstly     | C. lastly       | D. also                |
| 52. A. imagination       | B. description | C. dream        | D. expectation         |
| 53. A. letter            | B. note        | C. line         | D. passage             |
| 54. A. away              | B. down        | C. off          | D. over                |
| 55. A. lived             | B. dealt       | C. quarreled    | D. argued              |
| 56. A. Constantly        | B. Always      | C. Never        | D. Seldom              |
| 57. A. take the place of | B. get rid of  | C. take away    | D. sum up              |
| 58. A. me                | B. Janet       | C. John         | D. you                 |
| 59. A. speak up          | B. repeat      | C. discuss      | D. hear                |
| 60. A. why               | B. where       | C. if           | D. when                |

第二节：单句语法填空（共 15 小题：每小题 1 分，满分 15 分）

- By nine o' clock last night, we \_\_\_\_\_ (get) 200 pictures from the space.
- Some officials take \_\_\_\_\_ for granted that they should accept money if others ask them for help.
- To our \_\_\_\_\_ (astonish), there was a light in one of the cabins.
- Like Huck, Mark Twain led an \_\_\_\_\_ (adventure) life.
- Jackie looks happy. He must \_\_\_\_\_ (increase) his salary.
- The sense of failure made him \_\_\_\_\_ (determine) to succeed in his new life.
- It has been over 100 years \_\_\_\_\_ Qinghua University was founded.
- \_\_\_\_\_ number of young people with money to spend was on the increase.
- I will not go to the party unless \_\_\_\_\_ (invite).
- Weather can vary \_\_\_\_\_ (dramatic) and change at the drop of a hat.
- The little girl showed no anxiety before the competition. She seemed \_\_\_\_\_ (prepare) for it pretty well.
- LiNing' s designs were attractive, and they had a major advantage \_\_\_\_\_ their better-known rival.

13. The prizes will be given to those \_\_\_\_\_ articles are the most interesting.

14. According to a survey \_\_\_\_\_ (publish) by an American University, the ten fastest growing jobs will be related to computers and health.

15. The business is completely \_\_\_\_\_ (legal), so there has been a ban on the trade.

#### 第四部分 写作 (共两节, 满分 35 分)

##### 第一节 短文改错 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

How an unbelievable scene! A modern young couple were eating fruit in public and had thrown a plenty of waste on the ground. When an old cleaner came to clean up, the man was very angry. He points at the cleaner, saying in a loud voice, "How impolite! They haven't finished eating!" "How could people behave such badly?" I thought. Obvious, in their eyes, they could do all that they liked and ignore other's feelings. In my opinion, we should pay attention our behavior, obey public rules and respect other people's work. We should know that civilized people are those who has good manners but a beautiful mind all the time.

##### 第二节 书面表达 (满分 25 分)

实现有效的沟通, 建立良好的人际关系, 不仅要善于言表, 更要学会倾听。请你根据下表中所提供的信息, 写一篇题为 "Being a Good Listener" 的英文演讲稿。

为何倾听	表示尊重, 增进理解, 建立良好的人际关系	
谁来倾听	家长倾听孩子	理解孩子, 消除代沟
	老师倾听学生	了解学生, 满足需求
	同学相互倾听	增进友谊, 互帮互学
怎样倾听	(请考生联系自己拟定内容, 列举一至两点)	

要求: 1. 不要逐词翻译, 可适当拓展, 以使行文连贯、流畅;

2. 开头已为你写好, 不计入总词数。

3. 词数: 100 词左右。

提示: 代沟 generation gap

#### Being a Good Listener

Good afternoon, everyone! The topic of my speech today is "Being a Good Listener".

参考答案

阅读

BDCBD CCACB BCADC

FCEAB

完形

CABCD DCABA DBCDA BDADC

语法填空

1 had got 2 it 3 astonishment 4 adventurous 5 be increased 6 determined 7 since 8 The 9 invited  
10 dramatically 11 to have prepared 12 over 13 whose 14 published 15 illegal

改错

How- What , points- pointed, They- We, such- so, obvious- obviously, that- what,  
other`s- others`, our 前加 to, has- have, but- and