

英 语

(一)

听力: 1—5 BABAC 6—10 CACAB
11—15 ABCBA 16—20 BAABC

阅读理解

A 【文章大意】文章主要介绍了公益旅行。通过旅行帮助贫困地区的孩子们,改变他们的生活。

【答案】21. C 22. A 23. D 24. D

21. C 细节理解题 根据第一段 Foreign destinations are attracting American citizens who want to sightsee, while at the same time engage in community service. 可知公益旅行是指在旅行的同时提供某种社区服务,故选 C。

22. A 细节理解题 根据第二段可知 Jim Inners 是通过 Miracle Foundation 去印度一所孤儿院的,所以说 Miracle Foundation 是为了帮助贫困地区,故选 A。

23. D 句意理解题 “You’re their life line to a new life.” 的意思是“你是他们新生活的命脉”,所以说你对他们未来的生活有很大的影响,故选 D。

24. D 目的意图题 文章主要介绍了公益旅行,在旅行的同时帮助贫困地区的孩子,所以文章的目的是给读者介绍公益旅行,故选 D。

B 【文章大意】这是一篇应用文,文章主要向我们介绍了世界上不同寻常的 4 家酒吧。

【答案】25. D 26. C 27. D

25. 细节理解题。根据文章第一节中的 What to order: cocktail “Blue Lagoon” and white wine. 可知游客在 Lagoon Bar 可点白酒,所以 D 正确。

26. 推理判断题。根据文章第三节中的 Most visitors of this building are the amateurs of racing. They come to this village for the September competition. 可知每年九月份 the Birdsville Hotel and Pub 酒吧会很忙碌。

27. 推理判断题。根据第四节 It appears that these huge palm leaves and trunks fell into the ocean long time ago. They floated on the waves and then piled up year by year, sticking out of the ocean. 可知大量的树叶和树干落到海里,多年累积后露出海面,再根据第四节中 That’s probably how the Pelican Bar, located about a mile from the southwest coast of Jamaica, is built on. 可知 Floyd’s Pelican Bar 就建在堆积的树叶和树干上,所以 D 正确。

C 【文章大意】本文是一篇说明文。文章主要讲述的是慢速艺术是为了鼓励人们更多地关注艺术作品。

【答案】28. A 29. B 30. D 31. D

28. A 推理判断题。根据第一段中 the philosopher—artist Jonathon Keats’ “century cameras”—cameras with a 100-year-long exposure (曝光) time—will be brought back from hiding places around the city to have their results developed and exhibited. 可知,在 2117 年“一架百年前生产的照相

机将会展出”是不会发生的。故 A 项切题。

29. B 推理判断题。根据第三段中 visitors are encouraged to stare at five works of art for 10 minutes at a time—a tough task for the average museum visitor, who typically spends less than 30 seconds on each piece of art. 可知,我们能从今天的人们对艺术作品的态度中了解到“他们很少花时间在作品上。”故 B 项切题。

30. D 推理判断题。根据第二段中 These projects, more than a century in the making, are part of a new wave of slow art intended to push viewers and participants to think beyond their own lifetimes. They aim to challenge today’s short-term thinking and the brief attention spans of modern consumers, forcing people into considering works more deliberately. 可知,慢速艺术的目的是鼓励人们更多地关注艺术作品。故 D 项切题。

31. D 推理判断题。根据最后一段中 Like the Future Library, the century cameras are very much a project for cities, since it’s in cities that time runs fastest and the pace of life is fastest. “Since I started living in a city, I’ve somehow been quite disconnected,” 可知,安妮感觉城市生活是忙碌的。故 D 项切题。

D 【文章大意】你知道别人打呵欠你也跟着打呵欠,在众多正在大笑的人群中而你很难不笑吗? 这是你的神经元起作用,本文主要讲述神经元对于人类的行为和人类互动的作用。

【答案】32. C 33. A 34. A 35. D

32. C 细节理解题。根据第二段第一句话 the existence of mirror neurons suggests that every time we see someone else do something, our brains imitate (模仿) it, whether or not we actually perform the same action. 可知答案为 C 项。

33. A 词义猜测题。根据下文的 perform 和本句的含义可知“如果他们给人们一些句子来听,那么他们就会发出同样的神经元和进行一些行为动作一样。所以划线部分单词意为“发出”和 set off 近义。

34. A 推理判断题。根据最后一段第一句 Research into mirror neurons seems to provide us with ever more information concerning how humans behave and interact (互动) 可知答案。

35. D 主旨大意题。根据第一段的疑问句引出神经元和下文解释神经元对于人类行为和互动提供更多的信息可以知道本文主要告诉我们 mirror neurons 的作用, D 项能概括文章大意。

七选五

【文章大意】本文作者描述了几个中国文化的有趣的事实。

36. F **【解析】**根据下文对中国文化的不同方面的描

述,可知本句中“*It was originated thousands of years ago.*”照应上文。

37. A 【解析】根据本段“*Religion, philosophy, visual arts, martial arts, architecture, and literature are included as some elements of Chinese culture.*”,可知此处标题表示中国文化包含的元素。

38. E 【解析】根据本段的标题“*The features in the Chinese architecture*”和下一句“*Besides emphasizing on the width, the Chinese architecture also focuses on the symmetry (对称).*”,可知本句是强调设计关注宽度。

39. C 【解析】根据前一句“*Originally tea was used as a medicine instead of a drink.*”和后一句“*It was tea that helped him get rid of the poisoning effect.*”,可知答案。

40. G 【解析】根据本段的标题“*The tea culture*”和前一句“*The tea culture in China is not similar with the tea culture in Japan or even Britain.*”,可知,中国茶文化具有不同点。

完形填空

【文章大意】本文是一篇记叙文。本文主要讲了 kiddo 想买一个玩具,于是向姐姐借钱,姐姐说需要收利息。结果,十美元的贷款很快变成了原来的两倍,kiddo 立刻以艰难的方法学会了借钱是“双重麻烦”。

【答案】41. B 42. C 43. A 44. D 45. B 46. D

47. A 48. C 49. C 50. D 51. A 52. D

53. B 54. C 55. A 56. B 57. C 58. D

59. A 60. B

41. 考查动词。由 *I decided to ask my 11-year-old sister, Kathleen, for a loan.* 可知我向她乞求现金。A. blaming 责备;B. begging 乞求;C. searching 搜索;D. preparing 准备,故选 B。

42. 考查动词。由 *but added, “I will charge you 10 percent compound interest every 43 until you pay me back.* 可知她同意借给我这钱。A. pay 支付;B. give 给;C. lend 借给;D. hand 手,故选 C。

43. 考查名词。由 *To repay the loan, you will need to give me MYM11 after one month.* 可知每个月我收 10% 的利息,直到你偿还这些钱。A. month 月;B. year 年;C. week 星期;D. day 日子,故选 A。

44. 考查形容词。利息就是借款人在偿还借款时,不得不额外支付的钱。A. little 小的;B. same 相同的;C. enough 充足的;D. extra 额外的,故选 D。

45. 考查比较级。她解释说:“复利意思是还款时间越长,利息支付就越来越大。”A. less 更少;B. longer 更长;C. more 更多;D. shorter 更多,故选 B。

46. 考查名词。如果你等两个月再还款,你的债务将从十美元变成十一美元。A. cash 现金; B. saving 储蓄; C. note 笔记;D. debt 债务,故选 D。

47. 考查形容词。总共需要偿还的款数是 12.10 美元。A. total 全部的;B. cost 花费;C. number 数字;D. bill 账单,故选 A。

48. 考查形容词。尽管如此,我很困惑。A. encouraged 鼓励;B. shocked 震惊;C. confused 困惑;D. satisfied 满意,

故选 C。

49. 考查副词。不幸地是,那正是我极度地想买另外一个玩具的钱数。A. Gradually 逐渐地;B. Obviously 明显地;C. Unfortunately 不幸地;D. Hopefully 有希望地,故选 C。

50. 考查副词。不幸地是,那正是我极度地想买另外一个玩具的钱数。A. seriously 认真地;B. anxiously 不安地;C. secretly 秘密地;D. desperately 极度地,故选 D。

51. 考查动词。由 *Then I remembered the loan.* 可知我忘记了借款。A. forgot 忘记;B. knew 知道;C. talked 谈话;D. cared 关心,故选 A。

52. 考查连词。我刚想把它放在我的口袋里,就在那时,Kathleen 用手拍着我的肩膀。A. after 在……之后;B. until 直到;C. while 然而;D. when 当……时,故选 D。

53. 考查动词。“抱歉,kiddo,那是我的,我在收债。”A. carrying 搬运;B. collecting 收;C. relying 依赖;D. focusing 集中,故选 B。

54. 考查副词。怎么会那么多,我只借了你十美元。A. normally 正常地;B. nearly 几乎;C. only 仅仅;D. really 事实上,故选 C。

55. 考查动词。由 *but interest has been compounding for eight months.* 可知现在,你欠我 21.43 美元。A. owe 欠;B. offer 提供;C. take 拿;D. give 给,故选 A。

56. 考查动词。我拒绝相信十美元的贷款很快会变成原来的两倍。A. decided 决定;B. refused 拒绝;C. pretended 假装;D. managed 设法完成,故选 B。

57. 考查名词。令我生气的是,我的姐姐居然拿出她的铅笔和纸板为我计算这个债务是如何增加的。A. relief 安慰;B. delight 高兴;C. annoyance 生气;D. regret 后悔,故选 C。

58. 考查动词。当我试图明白 Kathleen 的计算,我的头很疼。A. turned 扭头;B. nodded 点头;C. stuck 卡住;D. hurt 疼痛,故选 D。

59. 考查名词。当我试图明白 Kathleen 的计算,我的头很疼。A. calculations 计算;B. excuses 借口;C. directions 方向;D. discoveries 发现,故选 A。

60. 考查动词。我立刻以艰难的方法学会了借钱是“双重麻烦”。A. explored 开发;B. learned 学会;C. explained 解释;D. questioned 询问,故选 B。

语法填空

【文章大意】本文是对英国节日的简要介绍。

61. celebrated 62. was supposed 63. Wealthy

64. remains 65. widely 66. an 67. on

68. to hide 69. caged 70. but

短文改错

Today I'm sending some letters to people who are to receive love from the ones who are registered at a project calling “love it forward list”. This is what it works: The called how volunteers receive weekly requests \wedge send letters to at least to two people who are facing rough situation (e. g. loss of a situations close person, a severe disease, etc.). The envelopes can be

filled with whatever the volunteer thinks are going to cheer is that person up. It could be an inspired message, a beautiful inspiring drawing... It has been about two months since I join it joined and it feels so good to realize that it doesn't take much to be kind and helpful to others. I feel blessed by the fact that I'm able to participate in week after week. Now I believe that being kind means we're also receiving kind kindness from life. Life is kind when it gives us opportunities to express unconditionally love towards others. unconditional

书面表达

参考范文

Dear Daniel,

I'm so delighted to have received your letter. These days, I spend almost all of my time studying for the College Entrance Exam. I study from morning until midnight, taking many practice exams. I really look forward to the upcoming summer after the exam, when I plan to travel with my friends, enjoying ourselves without worrying about the exam any longer.

It's a pity that I can't come to America this summer, as I must prepare for university. Instead I would like to invite you to come to China to visit me! You can taste delicious Chinese food, visit many interesting places, and meet my friends and family. I hope you will consider travelling to China. Please let me know what you think about this plan and your earliest reply will be much appreciated.

Yours,

Li Hua

(二)

听力: 1-5 ABBAC 6-10 BCAAC

11-15 BCABA 16-20 BCBCA

阅读理解

A 【文章大意】此文主要介绍了拉格泰姆音乐家 Scott Joplin 的音乐创作生涯。

【答案】21. A 22. B 23. D 24. B

21. 细节理解题。根据文章第一段第三句话 Ragtime music was an early form of jazz. 可知拉格泰姆音乐是爵士乐的一种形式。

22. 推理判断题。根据文章第二段第五句话 Still, Joplin's father did not want him to be a musician. 可知他的爸爸不想让他当音乐家,所以他从事音乐事业是违背父亲意愿的。

23. 细节理解题。根据第二段 In 1899, Joplin wrote Maple Leaf Rag, a ragtime song that became a big hit and earned Joplin the title of The King of Ragtime. 可知他的这首曲子使他一举成名,为他赢得了拉格泰姆音乐之王的称号,所以 D 正确。

24. 推理判断题。根据文章第二段他的成长经历可知虽然父亲反对他从事音乐,他仍坚持,可以证明他 determined, 再根据文章第二段 In all, he wrote more than 500 songs. 可知,他一生作品很多,所以可以称之为 productive。

B 【文章大意】本文为说明文。文章主要介绍了在英国野营时可以做的事情和不能做的事情。

【答案】25. A 26. B 27. D

25. 细节理解题。根据第二段最后一句 but in England you must ask the landowner's permission, except in national parks. 可知,在英格兰的大部分地区野营要得到地主的许可才行,只有国家公园不需要,故选 A。

26. 细节理解题。根据最后一段中的 Try to use an area where people have obviously camped before rather than creating a new spot. 可知,作者认为一个好的野营地最好以前被别人使用过,故选 B。

27. 主旨大意题。通读全文可知,全文围绕 wild camping 人们可以做的事情和不能做的事情,故选 D。

C 【文章大意】本文是一篇科普文章。科学家们一直在研究人们如何长期使用金钱。现在他们发现一些理论可能适用于一群猴子。本文通过实验来说明,“猴子的商业意识:聪明还是愚蠢?”

【答案】28. A 29. B 30. C 31. B

28. A 推理判断题。根据第四段最后一句 The monkeys chose to trade more with Allison. 可知,专家们从第一个实验中得出的结论是“猴子表现出一定的商业意识。”故 A 项切题。

29. B 推理判断题。根据第四段中 half the time, Jake gave the one apple piece he was showing, and half the time he added a bonus. 可知,a bonus 指代的是“一块苹果”,故 B 项正确。

30. C 细节理解题。根据最后一段中 The monkeys preferred trading with Jake because they'd rather take a chance of seeming to win than seeming to lose. 可知,猴子在第二个实验中会选择与杰克进行更多的交易是因为他们不喜欢失去的感觉。故 C 项正确。

31. B 主旨大意题。根据第二段中 Researchers recently taught six monkeys how to use money. The monkeys soon figured out that if they gave one of the disks to a scientist, they'd receive a piece of apple in return. 和最后一段中 We also sometimes make silly business decisions just to avoid the feeling that we're getting less, even when we're not. Would you have made the same choices? 可知,本文说的是猴子的商业意识:聪明还是愚蠢? 故 B 项切题。

D 【文章大意】本文介绍了现任美国总统唐纳德·特朗普的早期生活。

【答案】32. B 33. D 34. B 35. C

32. 细节理解题。由倒数第二段可知 And Trump is unusual in how he communicates with the public. As president, he continues to use Twitter to communicate his thoughts directly to anyone who wants to follow him. 特朗普在同公众沟通方面也是不寻常的。作为总统,他继续使用推特直接向任何关注他的人传达他的想法,故选 B。

33. 细节理解题。由第二段 He was also already investing in real estate. 可知当时他已经开始投资房地产。由第三段 As its president, Trump developed and put his name on luxury buildings, casinos, hotels, and golf courses around the world. Later, he became linked to the entertainment industry, too. He became a part owner of beauty pageants, hosted a television show, and wrote a book about how to succeed in business. 作为总裁,特朗普开发了豪华建筑、赌场、酒店以及世界各地的高尔夫球场并以特朗普这一名字命名,后来他还跟娱乐业联系到了一起。他成为了选美大赛的股东,主持了电视节目,并撰写了一本如何在生意上取得成功的书籍。由此可知特朗普的商业涉及电视、选美和地产行业,故选 D。

34. 细节理解题。由第六段 Trump is unusual among past presidents because he had never worked in the government before. Nor has Trump served in the military. 可知特朗普与以往的总统不同,因为他此前从未在政府任职,也没有在军队中服过役,故选 B。

35. 词义猜测题。最后一段 While the long-term effects of Trump's presidency are not yet known, he will likely be remembered in part for his direct and unscripted style of communication. 的意思是虽然特朗普总统任期的长远影响尚不得而知,但他可能会被记住,部分原因就是 he 直接和没有底稿的交流方式,所以 unscripted 的意思是没有准备的,故选 C。

七选五

【文章大意】本文主要关于如何控制自己的怒火的说明。

36. G 37. D 38. C 39. E 40. B

完形填空

【文章大意】作者讲述了自己发火的一次经历,父亲的反应给作者很好的上了一课,从父亲那里学会了控制自己的情绪,也明白了宽恕是解决问题的最好方式。

【答案】41. B 42. C 43. A 44. A 45. D 46. B 47. A 48. C 49. B 50. A 51. D 52. A 53. D 54. C 55. C 56. D 57. B 58. D 59. C 60. A

41. B 考查名词辨析 pressure 压力;anger 愤怒;story 故事;tear 眼泪。第一句话中的 don't know enough to keep cool, 不知道如何保持冷静,以及下文多次提到 anger, 此处应该是“生气”。句意:作为一个孩子,我有太多的怒火被压抑,不能释放。故选 B。

42. C 考查动词辨析 listen 听;debate 辩论;communicate 交流;work 工作。句意:更糟糕的是,我不擅长交流。前一句话作者提到自己的怒火无处释放,使得怒火更无处释放的是我不擅长交流,故选 C。

43. A 考查动词辨析 hand 递;send 送,寄出;deliver 给……接生;carry 扛,携带。句意:曾经,我准备去学校时,母亲把父亲的背心递给了我。根据下文 I was so upset when she had handed me the wrong vest, 可知此处是母亲把父亲的背心递给我,让我穿上,故选 A。

44. A 考查名词辨析 size 尺寸;weight 重量;height 高度;mind 理智。句意:那个时候,我的衣服的尺码比父亲的大,所以我穿上背心时,我感觉我被紧紧地裹在里面。

根据下文 I felt like I was being choked in it(我感觉我被紧紧地裹在里面),可知衣服的尺码小,作者的尺码比父亲的大,故选 A。

45. D 考查动词辨析 expect 期望;discover 发现;suspect 怀疑;realize 意识到。句意:我意识到是母亲疏忽了,但是不知怎么地窒息的感觉淹没了我,我非常生气。由下文“a small oversight on my mother's part”,作者意识到母亲递错背心是因为母亲疏忽了,故选 D。

46. B 考查副词辨析 anyway 无论如何;somehow 莫名其妙地;somewhat 稍微;however 然而。句意:我意识到是母亲疏忽了,但是不知怎么地窒息的感觉淹没了我,我非常生气。根据句意可知选 B。

47. A 考查介词辨析 without 没有;beyond 超过;besides 除……之外;despite 尽管,不顾。句意:作者不假思索的就对母亲发火。此处作者没有多想就开始发火,故选 A。

48. C 考查动词辨析 perform 执行;agree 同意;react 反应;decline 下降。句意:当母亲递给我父亲的背心时我很生气,我粗暴地把背心从身上扯下来。此处母亲递错了背心,作者的反应是粗暴地把背心从身上扯下来。故选 C。

49. B 考查名词辨析 excitement 兴奋;frustration 挫折;enthusiasm 热情;failure 失败。句意:后来,母亲给父亲诉说她的挫折:“看你儿子做了什么”。此处是母亲告诉了父亲她的遭遇,才有了后来父亲的反应。故选 B。

50. A 考查副词辨析 calmly 平静地;politely 有礼貌地;attentively 聚精会神地;anxiously 焦急地。句意:没有指责或者辱骂我,父亲平静地让母亲把背心缝合起来。这里父亲的反应是平静的,与作者粗暴的反应形成对比,作者也从中学到了很多东西,故选 A。

51. D 考查动词词组 save up 储蓄;give away 泄露;hold back 退却;sew up 缝合。句意:句意:没有指责或者辱骂我,父亲平静地让母亲把背心缝合起来。从下一句话可知父亲第二天穿着这件背心去上班了,可知此处母亲把背心又缝合好了,故选 D。

52. A 考查动词辨析 recover 恢复,弥补;change 改变;develop 发展;benefit 受益。句意:后来,当母亲告诉我父亲的反应时,我已经从冲动中恢复过来,我为自己的暴躁行为感到很愧疚,想象着父亲一整天穿着被撕破的背心工作的情形。当母亲告诉我父亲的反应时,作者已经从冲动中回复过来,才会对自己的行为感到后悔,故选 A。

53. D 考查名词辨析 disappointment 失望;sympathy 同情;panic 恐慌;shame 羞耻。句意:后来,当母亲告诉我父亲的反应时,我已经从冲动中恢复过来,我为自己的暴躁行为感到很愧疚,想象着父亲一整天穿着被撕破的背心工作的情形。此处应该是作者为自己暴躁的行为感到羞耻,故选 D。

54. C 考查动词辨析 hope 希望;joke 开玩笑;imagine 想象;suppose 假设,认为。句意:后来,当母亲告诉我父亲的反应时,我已经从冲动中恢复过来,我为自己的暴躁行为感到很愧疚,想象着父亲一整天穿着被撕破的背心工作的情形。此处父亲穿着被撕破的背心工作的情形是作者想象出来的,故选 C。

55. C 考查形容词辨析 old 旧的;broken 坏掉的;torn

被撕碎的;shabby 破旧的。句意:后来,当母亲告诉我父亲的反应时,我已经从冲动中恢复过来,我为自己的暴躁行为感到很愧疚,想象着父亲一整天穿着被撕破的背心工作的情形。根据上文可知父亲穿的是被撕坏的背心。故选 C。

56. D 考查名词辨析 curiosity 好奇心;pride 骄傲,自豪;envy 嫉妒;admiration 钦佩。父亲的反应给作者上了一课,作者内心对父亲充满了钦佩。句意:那一刻,我内心充满了对父亲的钦佩,他的慈爱善良给我上了一节课,我将永远视为珍宝。故选 D。

57. B 考查名词辨析 choice 选择;decision 决定;requirement 要求;compromise 妥协。此处作者因为父亲的表现而备受感动,痛下决心。句意:那天,我决定绝不再让怒火战胜自己。故选 B。

58. D 考查动词辨析 respect 尊重;assist 帮助;appreciate 欣赏,感激;forgive 原谅。下半句 forgiveness is a tool to turn anger off. 解释了为什么要原谅别人,可知此处讲的是原谅别人。句意:当别人有不公平、粗暴或者不可接受的行为时,我学会了去宽恕他们,因为宽恕是排除怒火的工具。故选 D。

59. C 考查连词辩词 句意:当别人有不公平、粗暴或者不可接受的行为时,我学会了去宽恕他们,因为宽恕是排除怒火的工具。此处对上半句为什么要原谅别人做出了解释,故用 for, 选 C。

60. A 考查动词辩词 control 控制;express 表达;treasure 珍爱,珍藏;monitor 监控。句意:无论什么时候有困难控制我的情绪时,我就会想起父亲的背心。此处当作者无法控制自己的情感时,他就会想起父亲的背心。故选 A。

语法填空

【文章大意】本文是对武当山的历史的简要介绍。

61. a 62. attractions 63. covering 64. traditional
65. was founded 66. its 67. who/that 68. born
69. as 70. are

短文改错

A friend of me thought of an acquaintance of his the
mine
other day which he knew had not been doing well re-
who/that
cently. He decides to send her a text message to wish her
decided may
have a nice day. In the evening, the lady's husband called
him and my friend first thought was "Oh no, he's going to
friend's
give me ^ hard time for texting his wife". Instead of the
a
guy thanked him for texting his wife. Apparent she's been
Apparently
struggling with depression and had been thought of killing
thinking
herself that day, but the text message gave her hope.

Never underestimate the important of a simple
importance
text message

书面表达

参考范文

Dear Henry,

Knowing that you show great interest in classical Chinese literature, I am delighted to recommend to you an online reading activity organized by Enjoy reading.

The participants are required to set aside at least half an hour every day to read the selected classic works online for 100 days continuously. Those who have fulfilled the task will be rewarded with some books free of charge.

In my view, this activity suits you fine. First readers will get access to a wide range of excellent works. Besides, challenging as it may be, it helps the readers form a good reading habit. I do hope you will give it a thought.